NEW CAR ASSESSMENT PROGRAM FORWARD COLLISION WARNING CONFIRMATION TEST NCAP-DRI-FCW-21-02

2021 Chevrolet Trailblazer FWD 4dr LT

DYNAMIC RESEARCH, INC.

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18 February 2021

Final Report

Prepared Under Contract No. DTNH22-14-D-00333

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION
National Highway Traffic Safety Administration
New Car Assessment Program
1200 New Jersey Avenue, SE
West Building, 4th Floor (NRM-110)
Washington, DC 20590

Prepared for the Department of Transportation, National Highway Traffic Safety Administration, under Contract No. DTNH22-14-D-00333.

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Date:	18 February 2021		

1. Report No.	Government Accession No.	3. I	Recipient's Catalog No.		
NCAP-DRI-FCW-21-02					
4. Title and Subtitle		5. I	Report Date		
Final Report of Forward Collision Warn Trailblazer FWD 4dr LT	ing Confirmation Test of a 2021 Chevrolet	18	18 February 2021		
		6. I	Performing Organization Code		
			DRI		
7. Author(s)		8. I	Performing Organization Report	No.	
J. Lenkeit, Program Manager			DRI-TM-20-164		
N. Watanabe, Test Engineer			DIW 1111 20 101		
9. Performing Organization Name and	Address	10.	Work Unit No.		
Dynamia Rasarah Ina					
Dynamic Research, Inc. 355 Van Ness Ave, STE 200		11.	Contract or Grant No.		
Torrance, CA 90501			DTNH22-14-D-00333		
12. Sponsoring Agency Name and Ad	Idress	13.	Type of Report and Period Cov	ered	
U.S. Department of Transportation National Highway Traffic Safety Administration New Car Assessment Program 1200 New Jersey Avenue, SE,			Final Test Report February 2021		
West Building, 4th Floor (NRM-11 Washington, DC 20590	10)				
		14.	Sponsoring Agency Code		
			NRM-110		
15. Supplementary Notes		•			
16. Abstract					
	bject 2021 Chevrolet Trailblazer FWD 4dr LT				
	current Test Procedure in docket NHTSA-200 passed the requirements of the test for all the			ance of a Forward	
17. Key Words	passed the requirements of the test for all the		Distribution Statement		
Tr. Ney Words		10.	Copies of this report are available	ole from the following:	
Forward Collision Warning,			NHTSA Technical Reference D	9	
FCW, New Car Assessment Program, NCAP			National Highway Traffic Safety 1200 New Jersey Avenue, SE Washington, DC 20590		
19. Security Classif. (of this report)	20. Security Classif. (of this page)	21.	No. of Pages	22. Price	
Unclassified	Unclassified		106		
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TABLE OF CONTENTS

<u>SEC</u>	TION	<u>1</u>		<u>PAGE</u>
I.	INT	RODU	CTION	. 1
II.	DAT	ΓA SHI	EETS	. 2
		Data	Sheet 1: Test Results Summary	. 3
		Data	Sheet 2: Vehicle Data	. 4
		Data	Sheet 3: Test Conditions	. 5
		Data	Sheet 4: Forward Collision Warning System Operation	. 7
III.	TES	ST PRO	OCEDURES	. 9
	A.	Test	Procedure Overview	. 9
	B.	Princ	ipal Other Vehicle	. 14
	C.	Autor	matic Braking System	. 14
	D.	Instru	ımentation	. 14
APF	PEND	OIX A	Photographs	. A-1
APF	PEND	OIX B	Excerpts from Owner's Manual	. B-1
APF	PEND	OIX C	Run Log	. C-1
APF	PEND	OIX D	Time Histories	D-1

Section I

INTRODUCTION

This test evaluates the ability of a Forward Collision Warning (FCW) system to detect and alert drivers to potential hazards in the path of the vehicle as specified in the New Car Assessment Program's "Forward Collision Warning Confirmation" test procedure, dated February 2013. Three driving scenarios are utilized to assess this technology. In the first test, a Subject Vehicle (SV) approaches a stopped Principal Other Vehicle (POV) in the same lane of travel. The second test begins with the SV initially following the POV at the same constant speed. After a short while, the POV stops suddenly. The third test consists of the SV, traveling at a constant speed, approaching a slower moving POV, which is also being driven at a constant speed.

Section II

DATA SHEETS

FORWARD COLLISION WARNING DATA SHEET 1: TEST RESULTS SUMMARY

(Page 1 of 1)

2021 Chevrolet Trailblazer FWD 4dr LT

VIN: KL79MPSL5MB06xxxx

Test Date: <u>2/8/2021</u>

Forward Collision Warning setting: Far

Test 1 – Subject Vehicle Encounters
Stopped Principal Other Vehicle: <u>Pass</u>

Test 2 – Subject Vehicle Encounters

Decelerating Principal Other Vehicle: Pass

Test 3 – Subject Vehicle Encounters

Slower Principal Other Vehicle: <u>Pass</u>

Overall: Pass

Notes:

FORWARD COLLISION WARNING

DATA SHEET 2: VEHICLE DATA

(Page 1 of 1)

2021 Chevrolet Trailblazer FWD 4dr LT

TEST VEHICLE INFORMATION

VIN: KL79MPSL5MB06xxxx

Body Style: <u>MPV</u> Color: <u>Dark Copper Metallic</u>

Date Received: 2/1/2021 Odometer Reading: 281 mi

DATA FROM VEHICLE'S CERTIFICATION LABEL

Vehicle manufactured by: GM Korea Company

Date of manufacture: 09/20

Vehicle Type: <u>MPV</u>

DATA FROM TIRE PLACARD

Tires size as stated on Tire Placard: Front: 225/60R17 H

Rear: <u>225/60R17 H</u>

Recommended cold tire pressure: Front: 240 kPa (35 psi)

Rear: <u>240 kPa (35 psi)</u>

TIRES

Tire manufacturer and model: Continental Procontact TX

Front tire specification: <u>225/60R17 99H</u>

Rear tire specification: <u>225/60R17 99H</u>

Front tire DOT prefix: <u>16Y0F98YW</u>

Rear tire DOT prefix: 16Y0F98YW

FORWARD COLLISION WARNING DATA SHEET 3: TEST CONDITIONS

(Page 1 of 2)

2021 Chevrolet Trailblazer FWD 4dr LT

GENERAL INFORMATION

Test date: <u>2/8/2021</u>

AMBIENT CONDITIONS

Air temperature: 12.8 C (55 F)

Wind speed: 0.0 m/s (0.0 mph)

- **X** Wind speed \leq 10 m/s (22 mph).
- X Tests were not performed during periods of inclement weather. This includes, but is not limited to, rain, snow, hail, fog, smoke, or ash.
- X Tests were conducted during daylight hours with good atmospheric visibility (defined as an absence of fog and the ability to see clearly for more than 5000 meters). The tests were not conducted with the vehicle oriented into the sun during very low sun angle conditions, where the sun is oriented 15 degrees or less from horizontal, and camera "washout" or system inoperability results.

VEHICLE PREPARATION

Verify the following:

All non-consumable fluids at 100% capacity:

Tire pressures are set to manufacturer's recommended cold tire pressure:

X

X

Front: <u>240 kPa (35 psi)</u>

Rear: <u>240 kPa (35 psi)</u>

FORWARD COLLISION WARNING DATA SHEET 3: TEST CONDITIONS

(Page 2 of 2)

2021 Chevrolet Trailblazer FWD 4dr LT

WEIGHT

Weight of vehicle as tested including driver and instrumentation:

Left Front: 483.1 kg (1065 lb) Right Front: 443.2 kg (977 lb)

Left Rear: 289.4 kg (638 lb) Right Rear: 292.1 kg (644 lb)

Total: <u>1507.8 kg (3324 lb)</u>

FORWARD COLLISION WARNING

DATA SHEET 4: FORWARD COLLISION WARNING SYSTEM OPERATION

(Page 1 of 2)

2021 Chevrolet Trailblazer FWD 4dr LT

2021 Glieviolet Italibiazei FV	VD 401 L1
Name of the FCW option, option package, etc.:	
Forward Collision Alert (FCA); included as stand	dard equipment.
Type and location of sensor(s) the system uses:	
Front Camera Module – Mono Camera	
Forward Collision Warning Setting used in test:	
Gap setting of "Far" corresponds to "Early".	
How is the Forward Collision Warning presented to the driver? - (Check all that apply) -	X Warning lightX Buzzer or audible alarm
(Shook all that apply)	Vibration
	Other
Describe the method by which the driver is alerted. Fight, where is it located, its color, size, words or symetc. If it is a sound, describe if it is a constant beep of vibration, describe where it is felt (e.g., pedals, steer frequency (and possibly magnitude), the type of ward or combination), etc. When approaching a vehicle ahead too quickly, alert on the windshield and rapidly beeps. FCA a alert if following another vehicle much too closed. The auditory alert is eight rapid high-pitched been	bol, does it flash on and off, or a repeated beep. If it is a sing wheel), the dominant ning (light, audible, vibration, FCA provides a red flashing also lights an amber visual by. See Appendix A, Figure 15.
Is the vehicle equipped with a switch whose purpose FCW inoperable?	e is to render X Yes No

FORWARD COLLISION WARNING

DATA SHEET 4: FORWARD COLLISION WARNING SYSTEM OPERATION

(Page 2 of 2)

2021 Chevrolet Trailblazer FWD 4dr LT

If yes, please provide a full description including the switch location and method of operation, any associated instrument panel indicator, etc.

System menus are used to interact with the settings. The menu hierarchy is:

Settings

Vehicle

Collision/Detection Systems

Forward Collision System

Select from: Off, Alert, Alert and Brake

See Appendix A, Figures A12 and A13.

Is the vehicle equipped with a control whose purpose is to adjust the range setting or otherwise influence the operation of FCW?	X	Yes
the range setting of otherwise inhaence the operation of Fow :		No
If yes, please provide a full description.		
The FCW range control is on the left side of the steering wheel. button to set the FCA timing to Far, Medium, or Near. The first is shows the current setting on the Driver Information Center. Add presses will change this setting. The chosen setting will remain changed. Refer to page 224 of the Owner's Manual shown in Appendix B and Appendix A, Figure A14	button litional until it	<u>press</u> <u>button</u> <u>is</u>
Are there other driving modes or conditions that render FCW noperable or reduce its effectiveness?	X	Yes - No
If yes, please provide a full description.		_
System limitations are described on page 223 of the Owner's Min Appendix B, page B-9.	<u>'anual,</u>	<u>shown</u>
Notes:		

Section III

TEST PROCEDURES

A. Test Procedure Overview

Three test procedures were used, as follows:

- Test 1. Subject Vehicle (SV) Encounters Stopped Principal Other Vehicle (POV)
- Test 2. Subject Vehicle Encounters Decelerating Principal Other Vehicle
- Test 3. Subject Vehicle Encounters Slower Principal Other Vehicle

With the exception of trials associated with Test 1, all trials were performed with SV and POV automatic transmissions in "Drive" or with manual transmissions in the highest gear capable of sustaining the desired test speed. Manual transmission clutches remained engaged during all maneuvers. Except for Test 2, the brake lights of the POV were not illuminated.

In order to pass the test, if the FCW system provides a warning timing adjustment for the driver, at least one setting must meet the criterion of the test procedure. Therefore, if the vehicle was equipped with a warning timing adjustment, only the most "conservative" (earliest warning) setting was tested.

An overview of each of the test procedures follows.

1. <u>TEST 1 – SUBJECT VEHICLE ENCOUNTERS STOPPED PRINCIPAL OTHER VEHICLE ON A STRAIGHT ROAD</u>

This test evaluates the ability of the FCW function to detect a stopped lead vehicle, as depicted in Figure 1.

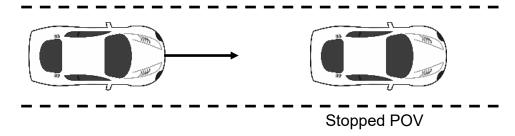


Figure 1. Depiction of Test 1

a. Alert Criteria

In order to pass the test, the FCW alert must be issued when the time-to-collision (TTC) is at least 2.1 seconds. The TTC for this test was calculated by considering the speeds of the SV and the POV at the time of the FCW alert (i.e., when the SV and POV speeds are nominally equal to 45 and 0 mph (72.4 and 0 km/h), respectively).

b. Procedure

The POV was parked in the center of a travel lane, with its longitudinal axis oriented parallel to the roadway edge and facing the same direction as the SV so that the SV approaches the rear of the POV.

The SV was driven at a nominal speed of 45 mph (72.4 km/h) in the center of the lane of travel, toward the parked POV. The test began when the SV was 492 ft (150 m) from the POV and ended when either of the following occurred:

- The required FCW alert occurred.
- The TTC to the POV fell to less than 90% of the minimum allowable range (i.e., TTC = 1.9 sec) for the onset of the required FCW alert.

The SV driver then steered and/or braked to keep the SV from striking the POV.

For an individual test trial to be valid, the following was required throughout the test:

- The SV vehicle speed could not deviate from the nominal speed by more than 1.0 mph (1.6 km/h) for a period of three seconds prior to (1) the required FCW alert or (2) before the range fell to less than 90% of the minimum allowable range for onset of the required FCW alert.
- The SV driver could not apply any force to the brake pedal before (1) the required FCW alert occurred or (2) the range fell to less than 90% of the minimum allowable range for onset of the required FCW alert.
- The lateral distance between the centerline of the SV, relative to the centerline of the POV, in road coordinates, could not exceed 2.0 ft (0.6 m).
- The yaw rate of the SV could not exceed ±1 deg/sec during the test.

Nominally, the Test 1 series was comprised of seven individual trials. The FCW system must satisfy the TTC alert criteria for at least five of the seven test trials.

2. <u>TEST 2 – SUBJECT VEHICLE ENCOUNTERS DECELERATING PRINCIPAL</u> OTHER VEHICLE

The SV in this test initially followed the POV at a constant time gap and then the POV suddenly decelerated, as depicted in Figure 2. The test evaluates the ability of the FCW to recognize a decelerating lead vehicle and to issue an alert to SV driver in a timely manner.

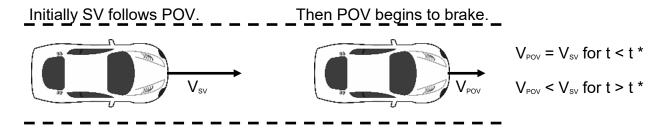


Figure 2. Depiction of Test 2

a. Alert Criteria

In order to pass the test, the FCW alert must be issued when TTC is at least 2.4 seconds. The TTC for this test, a prediction of the time it would take for the SV to collide with the POV, was calculated by considering three factors at the time of the FCW alert: (1) the speed of the SV, (2) the speed of the POV, and (3) the deceleration of the POV¹.

b. Procedure

Test 2 began with the SV and the POV traveling on a straight, flat road at a constant speed of 45.0 mph (72.4 km/h), in the center of the lane of travel. The headway from the SV to the POV was nominally maintained at 98.4 ft (30 m) until the POV braking was initiated.

The test began approximately 7 seconds before the driver of the POV started a braking maneuver in which the POV brakes were rapidly applied and modulated such that a constant deceleration of 0.3 g was achieved within 1.5 seconds after braking is initiated. The test ended when either of the following conditions was satisfied:

- The required FCW alert occurred.
- The TTC to the POV fell to less than 90% of the minimum allowable range (i.e., TTC = 2.2 sec) for the onset of the required FCW alert.

The SV driver then steered and/or braked to keep the SV from striking the POV.

¹To simplify calculation of the TTC for Test 2, the deceleration of the POV is assumed to remain constant from the time of the FCW alert until the POV comes to a stop (i.e., a "constant" rate of slowing is assumed).

For an individual test trial to be valid, the following was required throughout the test:

- The initial POV vehicle speed could not deviate from the nominal speed by more than 1.0 mph (1.6 km/h) for a period of 3 seconds prior to the initiation of POV braking.
- The speed of the SV could not deviate from the nominal speed by more than 1.0 mph (1.6 km/h) for a period of 3 seconds prior to (1) the required FCW alert or (2) before the range fell to less than 90% of the minimum allowable range for onset of the required FCW alert.
- The lateral distance between the centerline of the SV, relative to the centerline of the POV, in road coordinates, could not exceed 2.0 ft (0.6 m).
- The yaw rates of the SV and POV could not exceed ±1 deg/sec during the test.
- The POV deceleration level was nominally required to be 0.3 g within 1.5 seconds after initiation of POV braking. The acceptable error magnitude of the POV deceleration was ±0.03 g, measured at the time the FCW alert first occurred. An initial overshoot beyond the deceleration target was acceptable, however the first local deceleration peak observed during an individual trial could not exceed 0.375 g for more than 50 ms. Additionally, the deceleration could not exceed 0.33 g over a period defined from 500 ms after the first local deceleration peak occurs, to the time when the FCW alert first occurred.
- The tolerance for the headway from the SV to the POV was ±8.2 ft (±2.5 m), measured at two instants in time: (1) three seconds prior to the time the POV brake application was initiated and (2) at the time the POV brake application was initiated.
- SV driver could not apply any force to the brake pedal before (1) the required FCW alert occurred or (2) the range fell to less than 90% of the minimum allowable range for onset of the required FCW alert.

Nominally, the Test 2 series was comprised of seven individual trials. The FCW system must satisfy the TTC alert criteria for at least five of the seven test trials.

3. <u>TEST 3 – SUBJECT VEHICLE ENCOUNTERS SLOWER PRINCIPAL OTHER VEHICLE</u>

This test examines the ability of the FCW system to recognize a slower lead vehicle being driven with a constant speed and to issue a timely alert. As depicted in Figure 3, the scenario was conducted with a closing speed equal to 25.0 mph (40.2 km/h).

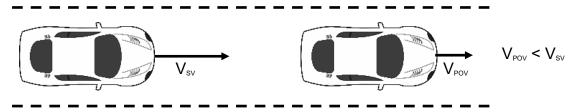


Figure 3. Depiction of Test 3

a. Alert Criteria

In order to pass the test, the FCW alert must be issued when TTC is at least 2.0 seconds. The TTC for this test, a prediction of the time it would take for the SV to collide with the POV, was calculated by considering the speeds of the SV and POV at the time of the FCW alert.

b. Procedure

Throughout the test, the POV was driven at a constant 20.0 mph (32.2 km/h) in the center of the lane of travel.

The SV was driven at 45.0 mph (72.4 km/h), in the center lane of travel, toward the slow-moving POV.

The test began when the headway from the SV to the POV was 329 ft (100 m) and ended when either of the following occurred:

- The required FCW alert occurred.
- The TTC to the POV fell to less than 90% of the minimum allowable range (i.e., TT = 1.8 sec) for the onset of the required FCW alert.

The SV driver then steered and/or braked to keep the SV from striking the POV.

For an individual test trial to be valid, the following was required throughout the test:

- The SV vehicle speed could not deviate from the nominal speed by more than 1.0 mph (1.6 km/h) for a period of 3 seconds prior to (1) the required FCW alert or (2) before the range fell to less than 90% of the minimum allowable range for onset of the required FCW alert.
- Speed of the POV could not deviate from the nominal speed by more than 1.0 mph (1.6 km/h) during the test.
- The lateral distance between the centerline of the SV, relative to the centerline of the POV, in road coordinates, could not exceed 2.0 ft (0.6 m).
- The yaw rates of the SV and POV could not exceed ±1 deg/sec during the test.
- SV driver could not apply any force to the brake pedal before (1) the required

FCW alert occurred or (2) before the range fell to less than 90% of the minimum allowable range for onset of the required FCW alert.

Nominally, the Test 3 series was comprised of seven individual trials. The FCW system must satisfy the TTC alert criteria for at least five of the seven test trials.

B. Principal Other Vehicle

The vehicle used as the Principal Other Vehicle (POV) was a 2006 Acura RL. This satisfied the test requirement that the POV be a mid-size sedan. The vehicle had a rear license plate in order to provide a suitable representative radar profile. Vehicle loading consisted of the driver plus equipment and instrumentation.

C. Automatic Braking System

The POV was equipped with an automatic braking system, which was used in Test 2. The braking system consisted of the following components:

- High pressure nitrogen bottle, strapped to the front passenger seat, with regulator and pressure gauges
- Pneumatic piston-type actuator, with solenoid valve
- "Pickle" switch to activate brakes

D. Instrumentation

Table 1 lists the sensors, signal conditioning, and data acquisition equipment used for these tests.

Table 1. Test Instrumentation and Equipment

Туре	Output	Range	Accuracy, Other Primary Specs	Mfr, Model	Serial Number	Calibration Dates Last Due
Tire Pressure Gauge	Vehicle Tire Pressure	0-100 psi 0-690 kPa	< 1% error between 20 and 100 psi	Omega DPG8001	17042707002	By: DRI Date: 8/18/2020 Due: 8/18/2021
Platform Scales	Vehicle Total, Wheel, and Axle Load	2200 lb/platform	0.1% of reading	Intercomp SW wireless	0410MN20001	By: DRI Date: 4/20/2020 Due: 4/20/2021
Differential Global Positioning System	Position, Velocity	Latitude: ±90 deg Longitude: ±180 deg Altitude: 0-18 km Velocity: 0-1000 knots	Horizontal Position: ±1 cm Vertical Position: ±2 cm Velocity: 0.05 km/h	Trimble GPS Receiver, 5700 (base station and in-vehicle)	00440100989	N/A
Multi-Axis Inertial Sensing System	Position; Longitudinal, Lateral, and Vertical Accels; Lateral, Longitudinal and Vertical Velocities; Roll, Pitch, Yaw Rates; Roll, Pitch, Yaw Angles Accels ± 10g, Angular Rate ±100 deg/s, Angle >45 deg, Velocity >200 km/h					By: Oxford Technical Solutions
		Angular Rate ±100 deg/s, Angle >45	Accels .01g, Angular Rate 0.05 deg/s, Angle 0.05 deg, Velocity 0.1	SV: Oxford Inertial +	2258	Date: 5/3/2019 Due: 5/3/2021
		km/h	POV:	2182	Date: 9/16/2019 Due: 9/16/2021	
Real-Time Calculation of Position and Velocity Relative to Lane Markings (LDW) and POV (FCW)	Distance and Velocity to lane markings (LDW) and POV (FCW)	Lateral Lane Dist: ±30 m Lateral Lane Velocity: ±20 m/sec Longitudinal Range to POV: ±200 m Longitudinal Range Rate: ±50 m/sec	Lateral Distance to Lane Marking: ±2 cm Lateral Velocity to Lane Marking: ±0.02m/sec Longitudinal Range: ±3 cm Longitudinal Range Rate: ±0.02 m/sec	Oxford Technical Solutions (OXTS), RT-Range	97	N/A

Table 1. Test Instrumentation and Equipment (continued)

Туре	Output	Range	Accuracy, Other Primary Specs	Mfr, Model	Serial Number	Calibration Dates Last Due
Microphone	Sound (to measure time at auditory alert)	Frequency Response: 80 Hz – 20 kHz	Signal-to-noise: 64 dB, 1 kHz at 1 Pa	Audio-Technica AT899	N/A	N/A
Light Sensor	Light intensity (to measure time at visual alert)	Spectral Bandwidth: 440-800 nm	Rise time < 10 msec	DRI designed and developed Light Sensor	N/A	N/A
Accelerometer	Acceleration (to measure time at haptic alert)	±5g	≤ 3% of full range	Silicon Designs, 2210-005	N/A	N/A
Coordinate Measurement Machine	Inertial Sensing System Coordinates	0-8 ft 0-2.4 m	±.0020 in. ±.051 mm (Single point articulation accuracy)	Faro Arm, Fusion	UO8-05-08- 06636	By: DRI Date: 1/6/2021 Due: 1/6/2022
Туре	Description			Mfr, Mo	del	Serial Number
Data Assumation	from the Oxford IMU, including Longitudinal, Lateral, and Vertical Acceleration, Roll, Yaw, and Pitch Rate, Forward and Lateral Velocity, Roll and Pitch Angle are sent over Ethernet to the MicroAutoBox. The Oxford IMUs are calibrated per the manufacturer's recommended			dSPACE Micro-Autobox II 1401/1513		
System				Base Board		549068
				I/O Board		588523

For systems that implement audible or haptic alerts, part of the pre-test instrumentation verification process is to determine the tonal frequency of the audible warning or the vibration frequency of the tactile warning through use of the PSD (Power Spectral Density) function in Matlab. This is accomplished in order to identify the center frequency around which a band-pass filter is applied to subsequent audible or tactile warning data so that the beginning of such warnings can be programmatically determined. The band-pass filter used for these warning signal types is a phaseless, forward-reverse pass, elliptical (Cauer) digital filter, with filter parameters as listed in Table 2.

Table 2. Audible and Tactile Warning Filter Parameters

Warning Type	Filter Order	Peak-to- Peak Ripple	Minimum Stop Band Attenuation	Passband Frequency Range
Audible	5 th	3 dB	60 dB	Identified Center Frequency ± 5%
Tactile	5 th	3 dB	60 dB	Identified Center Frequency ± 20%

APPENDIX A

Photographs

LIST OF FIGURES

		Page
Figure A1.	Front View of Subject Vehicle	A-3
Figure A2.	Rear View of Subject Vehicle	A-4
Figure A3.	Window Sticker (Monroney Label)	A-5
Figure A4.	Vehicle Certification Label	A-6
Figure A5.	Tire Placard	A-7
Figure A6.	Front View of Principal Other Vehicle	A-8
Figure A7.	Rear View of Principal Other Vehicle	A-9
Figure A8.	DGPS, Inertial Measurement Unit, and MicroAutoBox Installed in Subject Vehicle	A-10
Figure A9.	Sensors for Detecting Auditory and Visual Alerts	A-11
Figure A10.	Computer Installed in Subject Vehicle	A-12
Figure A11.	Brake Actuation System Installed in Principal Other Vehicle	A-13
Figure A12.	System Setup Menus (1 of 2)	A-14
Figure A13.	System Setup Menus (2 of 2)	A-15
Figure A14.	FCW System Range Setting Button	A-16
Figure A15.	FCW Visual Alert	A-17



Figure A1. Front View of Subject Vehicle



Figure A2. Rear View of Subject Vehicle





2021 Trailblazer FWD 4dr LT



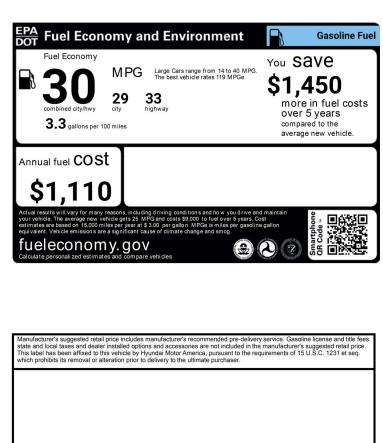


Figure A3. Window Sticker (Monroney Label)



Figure A4. Vehicle Certification Label



Figure A5. Tire Placard



Figure A6. Front View of Principal Other Vehicle

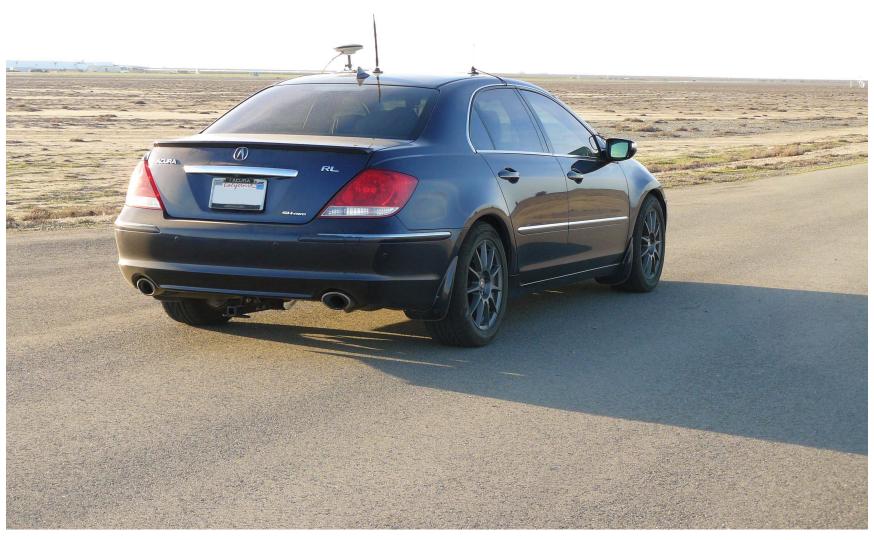


Figure A7. Rear View of Principal Other Vehicle

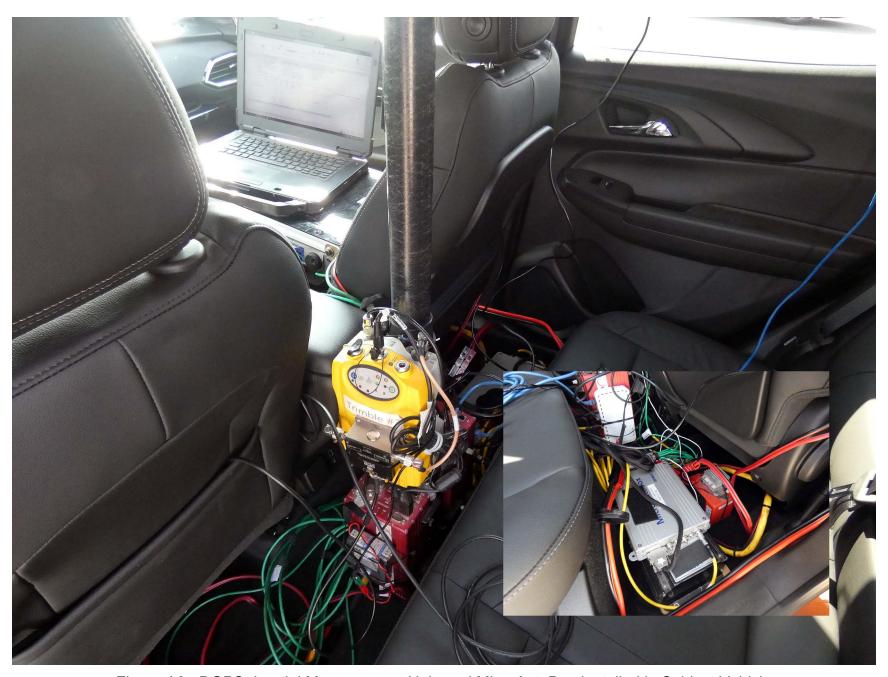


Figure A8. DGPS, Inertial Measurement Unit, and MicroAutoBox Installed in Subject Vehicle





Figure A9. Sensors for Detecting Auditory and Visual Alerts



Figure A10. Computer Installed in Subject Vehicle



Figure A11. Brake Actuation System Installed in Principal Other Vehicle





Figure A12. System Setup Menus (1 of 2)



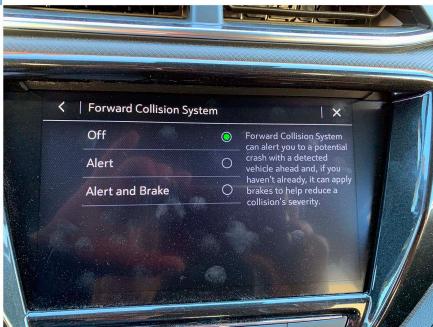


Figure A13. System Setup Menus (2 of 2)



Figure A14. FCW System Range Setting Button



Figure A15. FCW Visual Alert

APPENDIX B

Excerpts from Owner's Manual

2 Introduction

Using this Manual

To quickly locate information about the vehicle, use the Index in the back of the manual. It is an alphabetical list of what is in the manual and the page number where it can be found.

About Driving the Vehicle

As with other vehicles of this type, failure to operate this vehicle correctly may result in loss of control or a crash. Be sure to read the driving guidelines in this manual in the section called "Driving and Operating" and specifically *Driver Behavior* ⇔ 181, *Driving Environment* ⇔ 181, and *Vehicle Design* ⇔ 181.

Danger, Warning, and Caution

Warning messages found on vehicle labels and in this manual describe hazards and what to do to avoid or reduce them.

Danger indicates a hazard with a high level of risk which will result in serious injury or death.

⚠ Warning

Warning indicates a hazard that could result in injury or death.

Caution

Caution indicates a hazard that could result in property or vehicle damage.



A circle with a slash through it is a safety symbol which means "Do not," "Do not do this," or "Do not let this happen."

Symbols

The vehicle has components and labels that use symbols instead of text. Symbols are shown along with the text describing the operation or information relating to a specific component, control, message, gauge, or indicator.

: Shown when the owner's manual has additional instructions or information.

: Shown when the service manual has additional instructions or information.

 \Rightarrow : Shown when there is more information on another page — "see page."

Vehicle Symbol Chart

Here are some additional symbols that may be found on the vehicle and what they mean. See the features in this manual for information.

🌣 : Air Conditioning System

: Air Conditioning Refrigerant Oil

☆: Airbag Readiness Light

(ABS) : Antilock Brake System (ABS)

(I): Brake System Warning Light

ightharpoonup : Dispose of Used Components Properly

>> : Do Not Apply High Pressure Water

🕹 : Engine Coolant Temperature

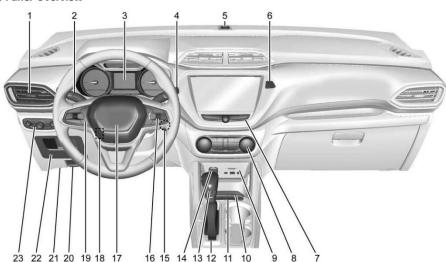
(W): Flame/Fire Prohibited

. Flammable

□ : Fuse Block Cover Lock Location

4 Introduction

Instrument Panel Overview



- 1. Air Vents ⇒ 178.
- 2. Turn Signal Lever. See *Turn and Lane-Change Signals ⇔ 117*.

 IntelliBeam System Button (If Equipped). See *Exterior Lamp Controls ⇔ 114*.
- Instrument Cluster

 ⇒ 89.
 Driver Information Center (DIC) Display.
 See Driver Information Center (DIC) (Base Level)

 ⇒ 104 or
 Driver Information Center (DIC) (Uplevel)
 ⇒ 107.
- 5. Light Sensor. See Automatic Headlamp System ⇒ 116.
- 7. Infotainment. See *Overview* ⇒ 122.
- 8. Climate Control Systems

 → 174.

 Automatic Climate Control System

 → 176.

 Heated Front Seats

 → 40. (If Equipped).
- USB Port ⇒ 130.
 Auxiliary Jack ⇒ 132.
- 10. Wireless Charging ⇒ 86 (If Equipped).
- 11. Stop/Start Disable Button. See *Stop/Start System* ⇒ 195 (If Equipped).

Lane Keep Assist (LKA) ⇒ 229 (If Equipped).

Sport Mode (If Equipped). See *Driver Mode Control* \$\dip 208

All-Wheel Drive ⇒ 203 (If Equipped).

- 13. Shift Lever. See Automatic Transmission

 ⇒ 201.
- 14. Power Outlets \$ 85.
- Engine START/STOP Button. See Ignition Positions (Key Access)

 191 or Ignition Positions (Keyless Access)

 192 (If Equipped).
- 17. Horn ⇒ 83.
- 18. Steering Wheel Adjustment ⇒ 83 (Out of View).

Forward Collision Alert (FCA) System

⇒ 223 (If Equipped).

20. Hood Release. See Hood ⇒ 245.



Uplevel English Metric Similar

Sport Mode Light



Lane Keep Assist (LKA) Light



After the vehicle is started, this light turns off and stays off if LKA has not been turned on or is unavailable.

If equipped, this light is white if LKA is turned on, but not ready to assist.

This light is green if LKA is turned on and is ready to assist.

LKA may assist by gently turning the steering wheel if the vehicle approaches a detected lane marking. The LKA light is amber when assisting.

This light flashes amber as a Lane Departure Warning (LDW) alert, to indicate that the lane marking has been crossed.

LKA will not assist or alert if the turn signal is active in the direction of lane departure, or if LKA detects that you are accelerating, braking or actively steering.

See Lane Keep Assist (LKA) ⇒ 229.

Vehicle Ahead Indicator



If equipped, this indicator will display green when a vehicle is detected ahead and amber when you are following a vehicle ahead much too closely.

See Forward Collision Alert (FCA) System

⇒ 223.

Pedestrian Ahead Indicator



If equipped, this indicator will display when a nearby pedestrian is detected directly in front of the vehicle.

See Front Pedestrian Braking (FPB) System

⇒ 226.

Traction Off Light



This light comes on briefly while starting the engine. If it does not, have the vehicle serviced by your dealer. If the system is working normally, the indicator light then turns off.

Auto Rear Defog

When on, this feature turns on the rear defogger at vehicle start when the interior temperature is cold and fog is likely. See "Rear Window Defogger" under Automatic Climate Control System

→ 176.

Touch Off or On.

Collision / Detection Systems

Touch and the following may display:

- Forward Collision System
- Front Pedestrian Detection
- Adaptive Cruise Go Notifier
- Lane Change Alert
- Rear Camera Park Assist Symbols
- Rear Cross Traffic Alert
- Rear Park Assist

Forward Collision System

This setting controls the vehicle response when detecting a vehicle ahead of you. The Off setting disables all FCA and AEB functions. With the Alert and Brake setting, both FCA and AEB are available. The Alert setting disables AEB. See Automatic Emergency Braking (AEB) \Rightarrow 224.

Touch Off, Alert, or Alert and Brake.

Front Pedestrian Detection

This feature may help avoid or reduce the harm caused by front-end crashes with nearby pedestrians. See Front Pedestrian Braking (FPB) System

⇒ 226.

Touch Off, Alert, or Alert and Brake.

Adaptive Cruise Go Notifier

This setting determines if an alert will appear when Adaptive Cruise Control brings the vehicle to a complete stop and the vehicle ahead of you starts moving again. See Adaptive Cruise Control (Camera)

⇒ 211.

Touch Off or On.

Lane Change Alert

When Lane Change Alert is disabled, Side Blind Zone Alert is also disabled.

Touch Off or On.

Rear Camera Park Assist Symbols

This setting enables the Rear Camera Park Assist Symbols. See Assistance Systems for Parking or Backing ⇒ 221.

Touch Off or On.

Rear Cross Traffic Alert

Touch Off or On.

Rear Park Assist

This setting specifies if you have alerts when a object is detected at parking or backing when in R (Reverse). See Assistance Systems for Parking or Backing

⇒ 221.

Touch Off or On.

Comfort and Convenience

Touch and the following may display:

- Chime Volume
- Handsfree Liftgate/Trunk Control
- Auto Wipe in Reverse Gear
- Extended Hill Start Assist

Chime Volume

This allows the selection of the chime volume level.

Touch + or - to adjust the volume

⚠ Warning

ACC has limited braking ability and may not have time to slow the vehicle down enough to avoid a collision with another vehicle you are following. This can occur when vehicles suddenly slow or stop ahead, or enter your lane. Also see "Alerting the Driver" later in this section. Complete attention is always required while driving and you should be ready to take action and apply the brakes. See Defensive Driving \$\triangle\$ 182

⚠ Warning

ACC will not detect or brake for children, pedestrians, animals, or other objects.

Do not use ACC when:

- On winding and hilly roads or when the camera sensor is blocked by snow, ice, or dirt. The system may not detect a vehicle ahead. Keep the windshield and headlamps clean.
- When visibility is poor due to rain, snow, fog, dirt, insect residue, or dust; when other foreign objects obscure (Continued)

Warning (Continued)

the camera's view; or when the vehicle in front or oncoming traffic causes additional environmental obstructions, such as road spray. ACC performance is limited under these conditions.

- On slippery roads where fast changes in tire traction can cause excessive wheel slip.
- With extremely heavy cargo loaded in the cargo area or rear seat.
- When towing a trailer.



🐑: Press to turn the system on or off. The indicator turns white on the instrument cluster when ACC is turned on.

RES+: Press briefly to resume the previous set speed or to increase vehicle speed if ACC is already activated. To increase speed by about 1 km/h (1 mph), press RES+ briefly. To increase speed to the next 5 km/h (5 mph) mark on the speedometer, hold RES+.

SET-: Press briefly to set the speed and activate ACC or to decrease vehicle speed if ACC is already activated. To decrease speed by about 1 km/h (1 mph), press SET- briefly. To decrease speed to the next 5 km/h (5 mph) mark on the speedometer, hold SET-.

: Press to select a following gap setting for ACC of Far, Medium, or Near.

The speedometer reading can be displayed in either English or metric units. See *Instrument Cluster* ▷ 89. The increment value used depends on the units displayed.

Forward Collision Alert (FCA) System

If equipped, the FCA system may help to avoid or reduce the harm caused by front-end crashes. When approaching a vehicle ahead too quickly, FCA provides a red flashing alert on the windshield and rapidly beeps. FCA also lights an amber visual alert if following another vehicle much too closely.

FCA detects vehicles within a distance of approximately 60 m (197 ft) and operates at speeds above 8 km/h (5 mph).

⚠ Warning

FCA is a warning system and does not apply the brakes. When approaching a slower-moving or stopped vehicle ahead too rapidly, or when following a vehicle too closely, FCA may not provide a warning with enough time to help avoid a crash. It also may not provide any warning at all. FCA does not warn of pedestrians, animals, signs, guardrails, bridges, construction barrels, or other (Continued)

Warning (Continued)

objects. Be ready to take action and apply the brakes. See *Defensive Driving*

⇒ 187.

FCA can be disabled through vehicle personalization. See "Collision/Detection Systems" under Vehicle Personalization

Detecting the Vehicle Ahead



FCA warnings will not occur unless the FCA system detects a vehicle ahead. When a vehicle is detected, the vehicle ahead indicator will display green. Vehicles may not be detected on curves, highway exit ramps, or hills, due to poor visibility; or if a vehicle ahead is partially blocked by pedestrians or other objects. FCA will not detect another vehicle ahead until it is completely in the driving lane.

⚠ Warning

FCA does not provide a warning to help avoid a crash, unless it detects a vehicle. FCA may not detect a vehicle ahead if the FCA sensor is blocked by dirt, snow, or ice, or if the windshield is damaged. It may also not detect a vehicle on winding or hilly roads, or in conditions that can limit visibility such as fog, rain, or snow, or if the headlamps or windshield are not cleaned or in proper condition. Keep the windshield, headlamps, and FCA sensors clean and in good repair.

Collision Alert



When your vehicle approaches another detected vehicle too rapidly, the red FCA display will flash on the windshield.

224 Driving and Operating

Also, eight rapid high-pitched beeps will sound from the front. When this Collision Alert occurs, the brake system may prepare for driver braking to occur more rapidly which can cause a brief, mild deceleration. Continue to apply the brake pedal as needed. Cruise control may be disengaged when the Collision Alert occurs.

Tailgating Alert



The vehicle ahead indicator will display amber when you are following a vehicle ahead too closely.

Selecting the Alert Timing

The Collision Alert control is on the steering wheel. Press to set the FCA timing to Far, Medium, or Near. The first button press shows the current setting on the DIC. Additional button presses will change this setting. The chosen setting will remain until it is changed and will affect the timing of both the Collision Alert and the Tailgating Alert features. The timing of both alerts will

vary based on vehicle speed. The faster the vehicle speed, the farther away the alert will occur. Consider traffic and weather conditions when selecting the alert timing. The range of selectable alert timings may not be appropriate for all drivers and driving conditions.

If your vehicle is equipped with Adaptive Cruise Control (ACC), changing the FCA timing setting automatically changes the following gap setting (Far, Medium, or Near).

Following Distance Indicator

The following distance to a moving vehicle ahead in your path is indicated in following time in seconds on the Driver Information Center (DIC). See Driver Information Center (DIC) (Base Level) ⇒ 104 or Driver Information Center (DIC) (Uplevel) ⇒ 107. The minimum following time is 0.5 seconds away. If there is no vehicle detected ahead, or the vehicle ahead is out of sensor range, dashes will be displayed.

Unnecessary Alerts

FCA may provide unnecessary alerts for turning vehicles, vehicles in other lanes, objects that are not vehicles, or shadows. These alerts are normal operation and the vehicle does not need service.

Cleaning the System

If the FCA system does not seem to operate properly, this may correct the issue:

- Clean the outside of the windshield in front of the rearview mirror.
- Clean the entire front of the vehicle.
- · Clean the headlamps.

Automatic Emergency Braking (AEB)

If the vehicle has Forward Collision Alert (FCA), it also has AEB, which includes Intelligent Brake Assist (IBA). When the system detects a vehicle ahead in your path that is traveling in the same direction that you may be about to crash into, it can provide a boost to braking or automatically brake the vehicle. This can help avoid or lessen the severity of crashes when driving in a forward gear. Depending on the situation, the vehicle may automatically

APPENDIX C

Run Log

Subject Vehicle: 2021 Chevrolet Trailblazer FWD 4dr LT Test Date: 2/8/2021

Principal Other Vehicle: 2006 Acura RL

Run	Test Type	Valid Run?	TTCW Sound (sec)	TTCW Light (sec)	TTCW Margin (sec)	Pass/Fail	Notes
1	Stopped POV	Υ	3.17	3.08	1.07	Pass	
2		Υ	2.99	2.90	0.89	Pass	
3		Y	3.32	3.21	1.22	Pass	
4		Y	3.16	3.07	1.06	Pass	
5		Y	3.22	3.15	1.12	Pass	
6		Y	3.27	3.20	1.17	Pass	
7		Y	3.41	3.31	1.31	Pass	
17		Υ	2.68	2.62	0.28	Pass	
18		Y	3.16	3.09	0.76	Pass	
19		Y	3.13	3.04	0.73	Pass	
20	Decelerating	N					SV speed
21	POV	Y	3.10	3.00	0.70	Pass	
22		Y	2.87	2.76	0.47	Pass	
23		Y	2.89	2.80	0.49	Pass	
24		Υ	2.80	2.71	0.40	Pass	

Run	Test Type	Valid Run?	TTCW Sound (sec)	TTCW Light (sec)	TTCW Margin (sec)	Pass/Fail	Notes
8		Υ	3.26	3.18	1.26	Pass	
9		Y	3.28	3.18	1.28	Pass	
10		N					Post error
11		N					Lateral error
12	Slower POV	Υ	3.25	3.16	1.25	Pass	
13		Y	3.39	3.30	1.39	Pass	
14		Y	3.11	3.03	1.11	Pass	
15		Y	3.17	3.04	1.17	Pass	
16		Y	3.30	3.20	1.30	Pass	

APPENDIX D

Time History Plots

LIST OF FIGURES

	Page
Figure D1. Example Time History for Test Type 1, Passing	D-8
Figure D2. Example Time History for Test Type 1, Failing	D-9
Figure D3. Example Time History for Test Type 2, Passing	D-10
Figure D4. Example Time History for Test Type 2, Failing	D-11
Figure D5. Example Time History for Test Type 3, Passing	D-12
Figure D6. Example Time History Showing Invalid Lateral Offset Criteria	D-13
Figure D7. Time History for Run 1, FCW Test 1, Audible Warning	D-14
Figure D8. Time History for Run 1, FCW Test 1, Visual Warning	D-15
Figure D9. Time History for Run 2, FCW Test 1, Audible Warning	D-16
Figure D10. Time History for Run 2, FCW Test 1, Visual Warning	D-17
Figure D11. Time History for Run 3, FCW Test 1, Audible Warning	D-18
Figure D12. Time History for Run 3, FCW Test 1, Visual Warning	D-19
Figure D13. Time History for Run 4, FCW Test 1, Audible Warning	D-20
Figure D14. Time History for Run 4, FCW Test 1, Visual Warning	D-21
Figure D15. Time History for Run 5, FCW Test 1, Audible Warning	D-22
Figure D16. Time History for Run 5, FCW Test 1, Visual Warning	D-23
Figure D17. Time History for Run 6, FCW Test 1, Audible Warning	D-24
Figure D18. Time History for Run 6, FCW Test 1, Visual Warning	D-25
Figure D19. Time History for Run 7, FCW Test 1, Audible Warning	D-26
Figure D20. Time History for Run 7, FCW Test 1, Visual Warning	D-27
Figure D21. Time History for Run 17, FCW Test 2, Audible Warning	D-28
Figure D22. Time History for Run 17, FCW Test 2, Visual Warning	D-29
Figure D23. Time History for Run 18, FCW Test 2, Audible Warning	D-30
Figure D24. Time History for Run 18, FCW Test 2, Visual Warning	D-31
Figure D25. Time History for Run 19, FCW Test 2, Audible Warning	D-32
Figure D26. Time History for Run 19, FCW Test 2, Visual Warning	D-33
Figure D27. Time History for Run 21, FCW Test 2, Audible Warning	D-34
Figure D28. Time History for Run 21, FCW Test 2, Visual Warning	D-35
Figure D29. Time History for Run 22, FCW Test 2, Audible Warning	D-36
Figure D30. Time History for Run 22, FCW Test 2, Visual Warning	D-37
Figure D31. Time History for Run 23, FCW Test 2, Audible Warning	D-38
Figure D32. Time History for Run 23, FCW Test 2, Visual Warning	D-39
Figure D33. Time History for Run 24, FCW Test 2, Audible Warning	D-40
Figure D34. Time History for Run 24, FCW Test 2, Visual Warning	D-41
Figure D35. Time History for Run 8, FCW Test 3, Audible Warning	D-42
Figure D36. Time History for Run 8, FCW Test 3, Visual Warning	D-43
Figure D37. Time History for Run 9, FCW Test 3, Audible Warning	D-44
Figure D38. Time History for Run 9, FCW Test 3, Visual Warning	D-45
Figure D39. Time History for Run 12, FCW Test 3, Audible Warning	D-46
Figure D40. Time History for Run 12, FCW Test 3, Visual Warning	D-47
Figure D41. Time History for Run 13, FCW Test 3, Audible Warning	D-48

Figure D42.	Time History for Run 13, FCW Test 3, Visual War	ning D-49
Figure D43.	Time History for Run 14, FCW Test 3, Audible Wa	arning D-50
Figure D44.	Time History for Run 14, FCW Test 3, Visual War	ning D-5′
Figure D45.	Time History for Run 15, FCW Test 3, Audible Wa	arning D-52
Figure D46.	Time History for Run 15, FCW Test 3, Visual War	ning D-53
Figure D47.	Time History for Run 16, FCW Test 3, Audible Wa	arning D-54
Figure D48.	Time History for Run 16, FCW Test 3, Visual War	ning D-55

Description of Time History Plots

A set of time history plots is provided for each valid run in the test series. Each set of plots comprises time varying data from both the Subject Vehicle (SV) and the Principal Other Vehicle (POV), as well as pass/fail envelopes and thresholds. The following is a description of data types shown in the time history plots, as well as a description of the color code indicating to which vehicle the data pertain.

Each time history plot consists of data pertinent to the test type under consideration, and therefore the data channels plotted vary according to test type. The test types (shown in the plot titles) include:

- FCW Test 1 Stopped POV (SV at 45 mph)
- FCW Test 2 Decelerating POV (Both vehicles at 45 mph with a 30 m gap, POV brakes at 0.3 g)
- FCW Test 3 Slower Moving POV (SV at 45 mph, POV at 20 mph)

Time history figures include the following sub-plots:

- Warning Displays the Forward Collision Warning Alert (which can be audible, visual, or haptic). Depending on the type of FCW alert or instrumentation used to measure the alert, this can be any of the following:
 - o Filtered, rectified, and normalized sound signal. The vertical scale is 0 to 1.
 - Filtered, rectified, and normalized acceleration (e.g., haptic alert, such as steering wheel vibration). The vertical scale is 0 to 1.
 - Light sensor signal.
- TTC (sec) Indicates the Time to Collision as calculated up to the point of FCW alert issuance. The value of TTCW (Time to Collision at Warning) is given numerically on the right side of the figure. A passing value is indicated in green, while a failing value is indicated in red.
- SV Speed (mph) Speed of the Subject Vehicle
- POV Speed (mph) Speed of the Principal Other Vehicle
- Yaw Rate (deg/sec) Yaw rate of both the Subject Vehicle and Principal Other Vehicle

- Lateral Offset (ft) Lateral offset within the lane from the Subject Vehicle to the Principal Other Vehicle
- Ax (g) Longitudinal acceleration of both the Subject Vehicle and Principal Other Vehicle
- Headway (ft) Longitudinal separation between front of Subject Vehicle to rear of Principal Other Vehicle (Exclusive to test type 2)

Envelopes and Thresholds

Each of the time history plot figures can contain either green or yellow envelopes and/or black threshold lines. These envelopes and thresholds are used to programmatically and visually determine the validity of a given test run. Envelope and threshold exceedances are indicated with either red shading or red asterisks, and red text is placed to the right side of the plot indicating the type of exceedance.

Green envelopes indicate that the time-varying data should not exceed the envelope boundaries at any time within the envelope. Exceedances of a green envelope are indicated by red shading in the area between the measured time-varying data and the envelope boundaries.

Yellow envelopes indicate that the time-varying data should not exceed the envelope only at the left and/or right ends. Exceedances at the left or right extent of a yellow envelope are indicated by red asterisks.

For the warning plot, a dashed black threshold line indicates the threshold used to determine the onset of the FCW alert. The alert is considered on the first time the alert signal crosses this threshold line.

For the TTC plot, a dashed black threshold line indicates the minimum allowable TTC for the given test scenario. If the FCW alert occurs before this minimum allowable TTC, a green dot appears. However, if there is no alert or the alert occurs after the minimum allowable TTC, a red asterisk is shown on the plot.

For the Ax plot, a dashed black threshold line is given for at a value of -0.05 g. For a test run to be valid, the longitudinal acceleration of the Subject Vehicle must not fall below this threshold (i.e. the driver cannot apply any brakes). Additionally, for test type 2, the plot indicating the longitudinal acceleration of the Principal Other Vehicle includes a yellow envelope indicating the deceleration (0.3 g \pm 0.03 g) allowed while braking. Exceedance of this threshold is indicated with red asterisks at the beginning and/or end of the threshold boundary.

Color Codes

Color codes have been adopted to easily identify which data correspond to which vehicle, as well as to indicate the types of envelopes and thresholds used in the plots.

Color codes can be broken into four categories:

- 1. Time-varying data
- 2. Validation envelopes and thresholds
- 3. Instantaneous samplings
- 4. Text
- 1. Time-varying data color codes:
 - Blue = Subject Vehicle data
 - Magenta = Principal Other Vehicle data
 - Brown = Relative data between SV and POV (i.e., TTC, lateral offset and headway distance)
- 2. Validation envelope and threshold color codes:
 - Green envelope = time varying data must be within the envelope at all times in order to be valid
 - Yellow envelope = time varying data must be within limits at left and/or right ends
 - Black threshold (Solid) = time varying data must not exceed this threshold in order to be valid
 - Black threshold (Dashed) = for reference only this can include warning level thresholds, TTC thresholds, and acceleration thresholds
- 3. Instantaneous sampling color codes:
 - Green circle = passing or valid value at a given moment in time
 - Red asterisk = failing or invalid value at a given moment in time
- 4. Text color codes:
 - Green = passing or valid value
 - Red = failing or invalid value

Other Notations

- ENV For Ax plots only, indicates that the envelope for the POV braking was exceeded.
- NG Indicates that the value for that variable was outside of bounds and therefore "No Good".
- No Wng No warning was detected.
- POV Indicates that the value for the Principal Other Vehicle was out of bounds.
- SV Indicates that the value for the Subject Vehicle was out of bounds.
- SR Shows the speed reduction value.
- Thr Indicates that the requirements for the throttle were not met.

The minimum (worst) GPS fix type is displayed in the lower right corner of each page. The only valid fix type is RTK fixed (displayed in green). If the fix type during any portion of the test was anything other than RTK fixed, then "RTK Fixed OR LESS!" is displayed in red.

Examples of time history plots for each test type (including passing, failing and invalid runs) are shown in Figure D1 through Figure D6. Actual time history data plots for the vehicle under consideration are provided subsequently.

Notes

When vehicles provide more than one type of alert, and when it is possible to measure the timing of these alerts, plots will be shown of each alert for each run. Because alert timing nearly always differs between alert types, a plot may indicate a valid run for one of the alerts and invalid for another. Test run validity is based on the validity window of the earliest alert, but validity determination for each individual alert is based on the timing of that alert alone. As an example, a vehicle has both visual and audible alerts. For a particular run, the audible alert occurs first followed by the visual alert. The validity period for the run ends when the audible alert occurs, at which time the driver steers and/or brakes to avoid the POV. Since the visual alert occurs after the audible alert, the run is essentially already over by the time the visual alert occurs. Depending on the relative timing gap between alerts, it may be expected that the validity criteria (yaw rate, speed, etc.) based on the timing of the visual alert could indicate an invalid run.

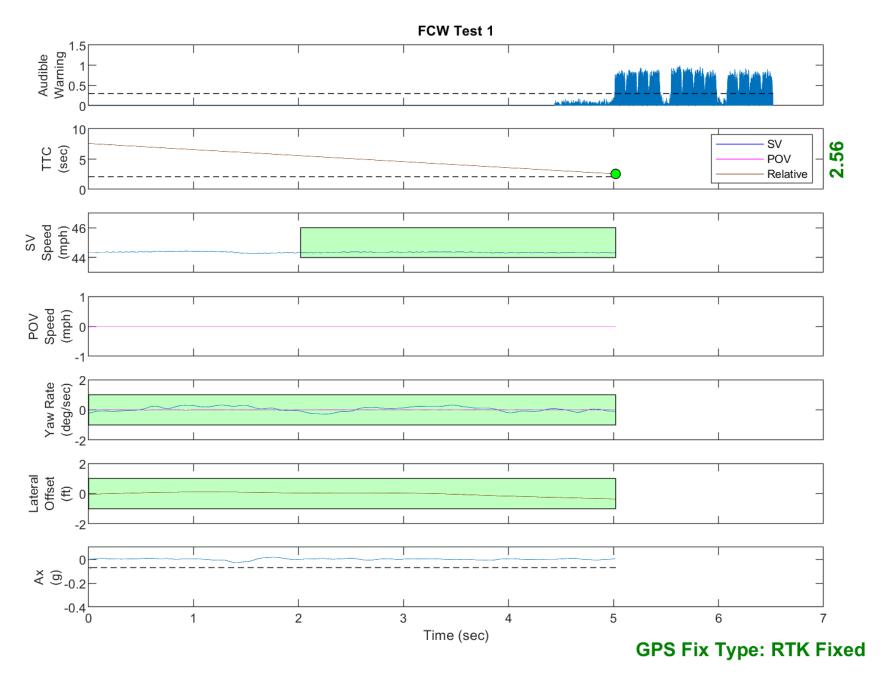


Figure D1. Example Time History for Test Type 1, Passing

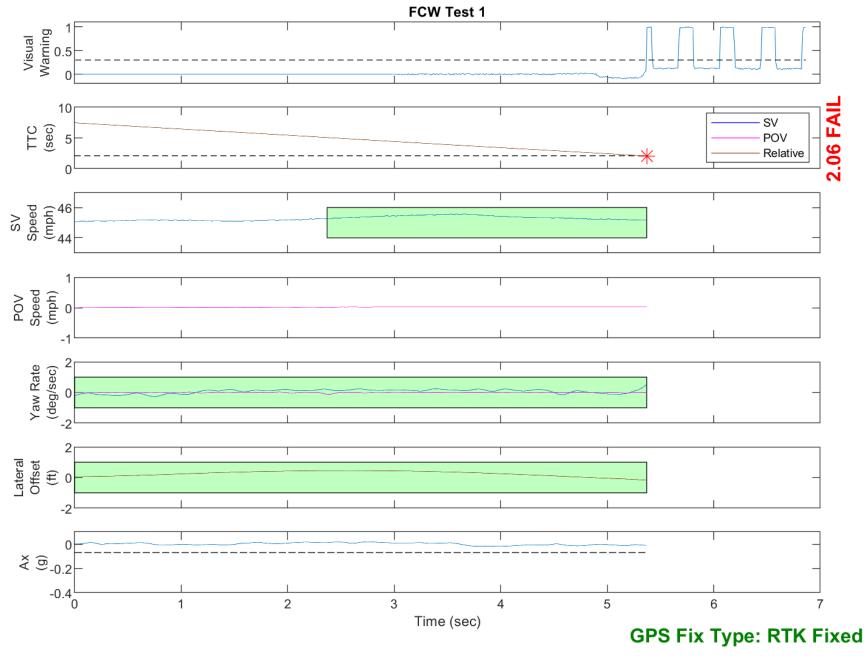


Figure D2. Example Time History for Test Type 1, Failing

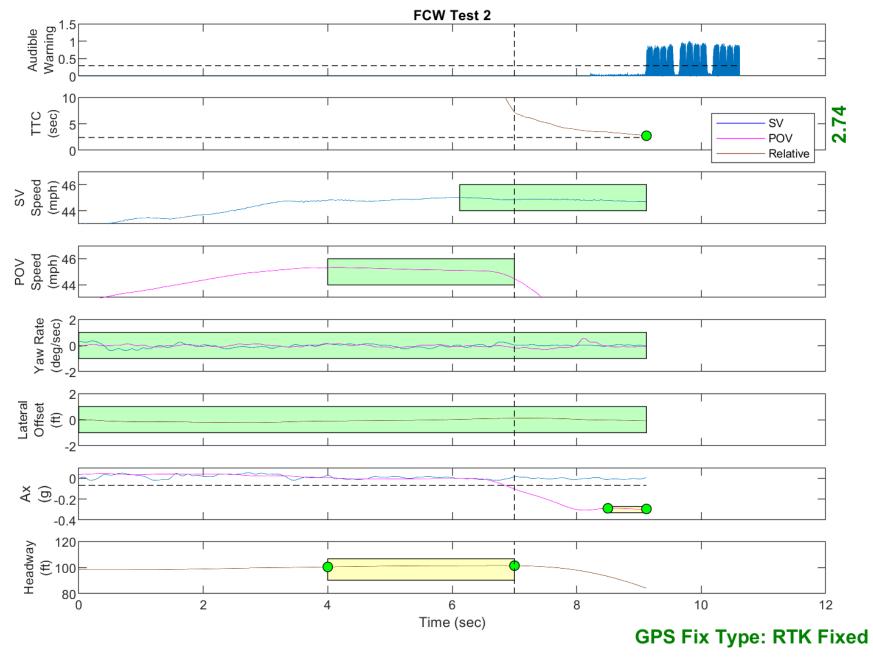


Figure D3. Example Time History for Test Type 2, Passing

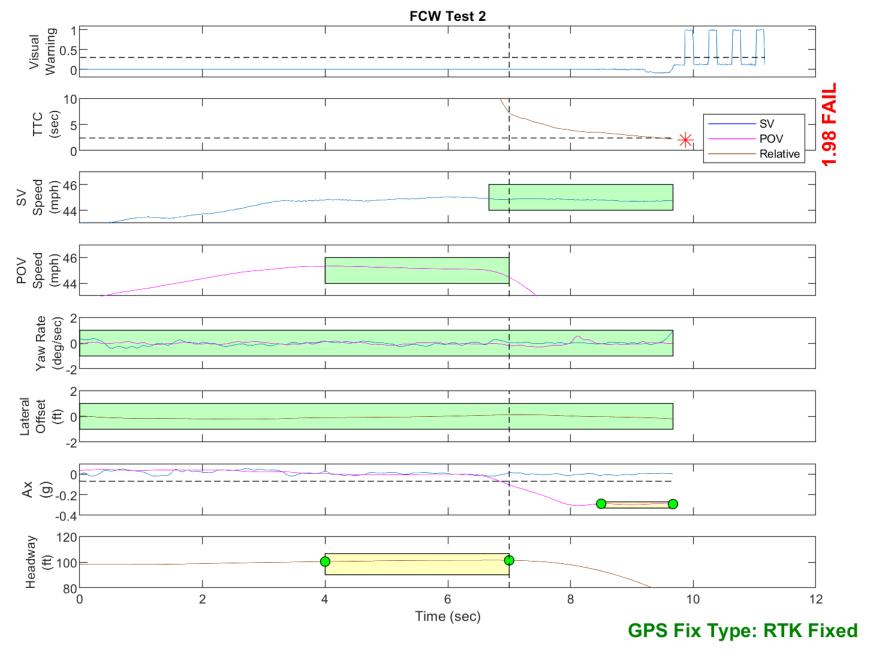


Figure D4. Example Time History for Test Type 2, Failing

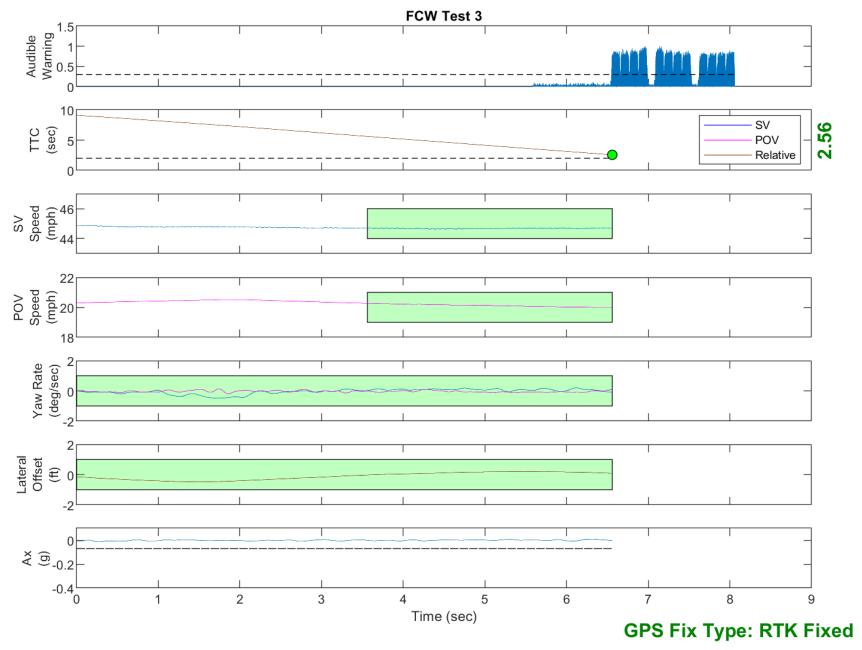


Figure D5. Example Time History for Test Type 3, Passing

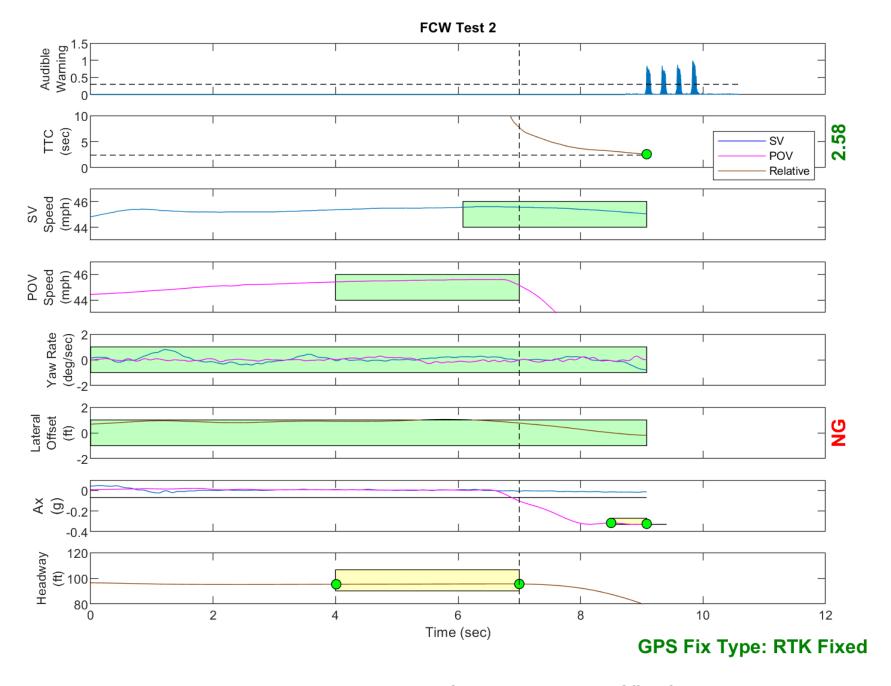


Figure D6. Example Time History Showing Invalid Lateral Offset Criteria

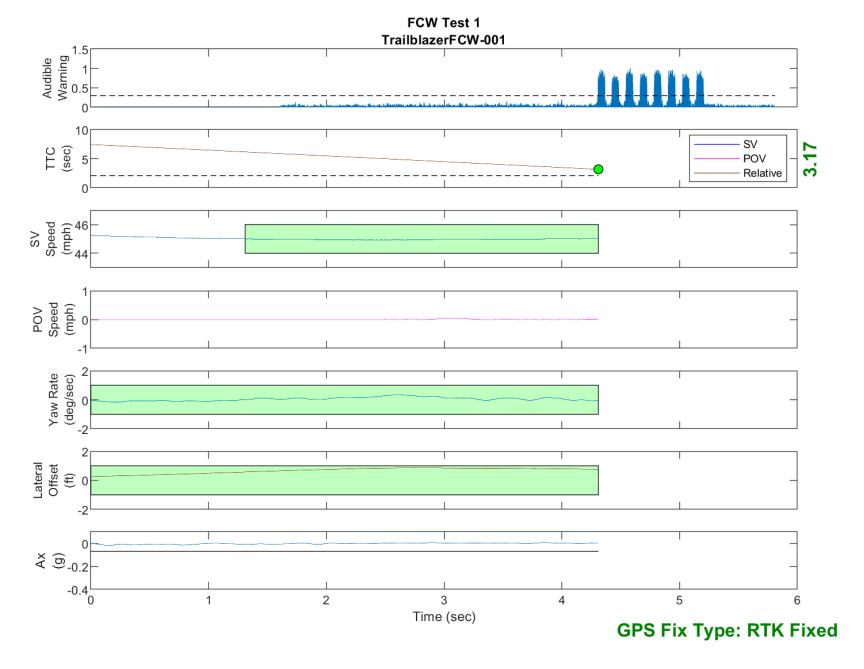


Figure D7. Time History for Run 1, FCW Test 1, Audible Warning

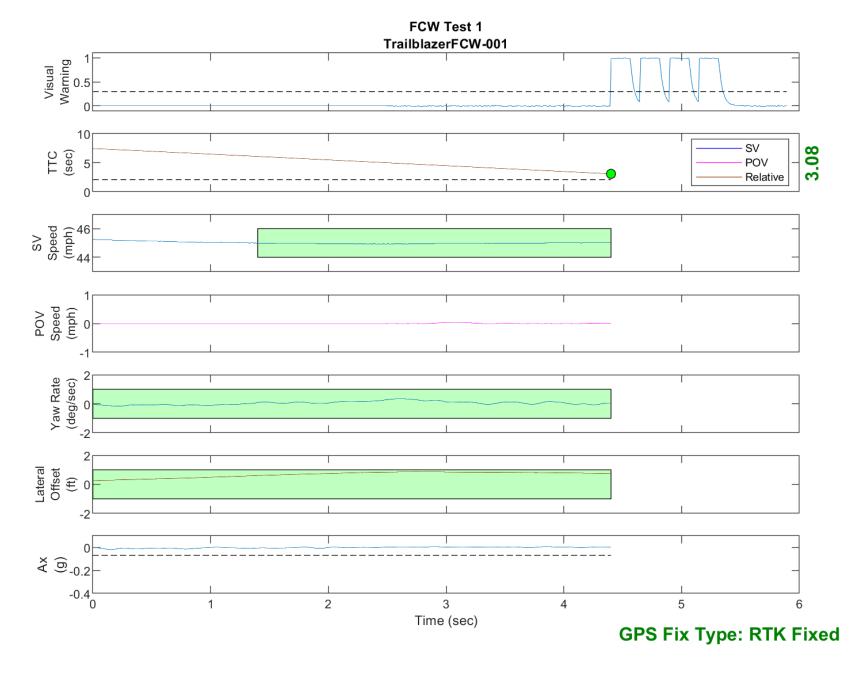


Figure D8. Time History for Run 1, FCW Test 1, Visual Warning

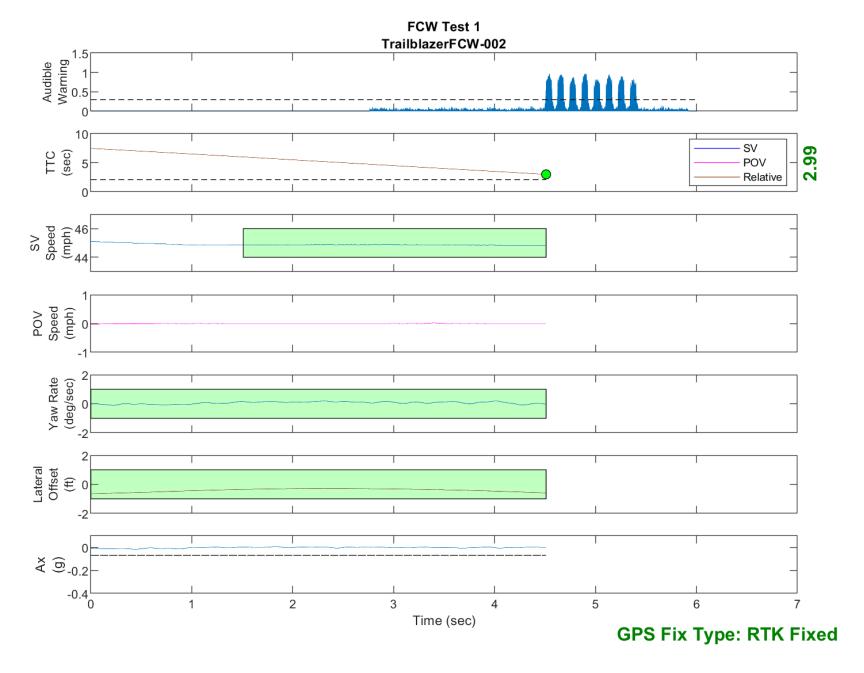


Figure D9. Time History for Run 2, FCW Test 1, Audible Warning

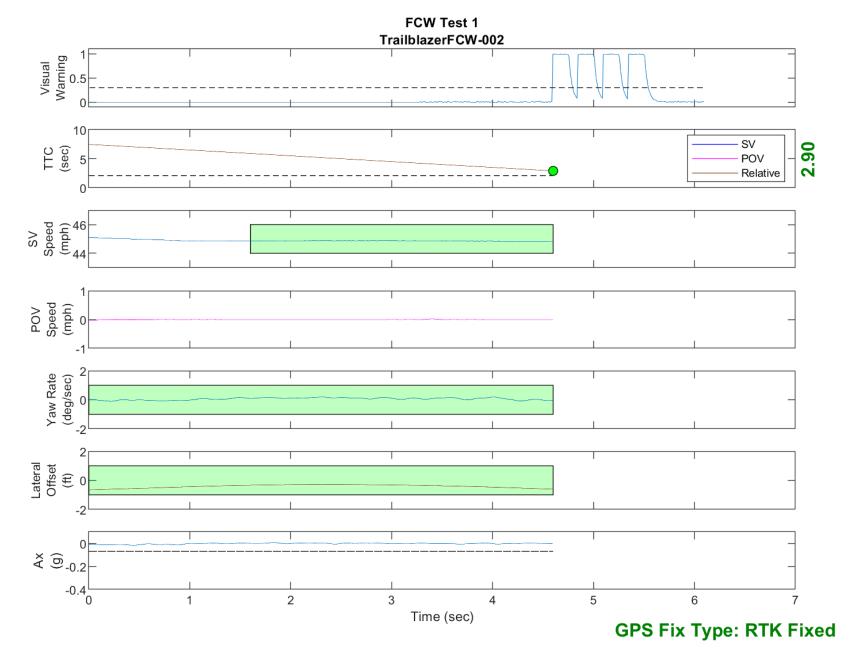


Figure D10. Time History for Run 2, FCW Test 1, Visual Warning

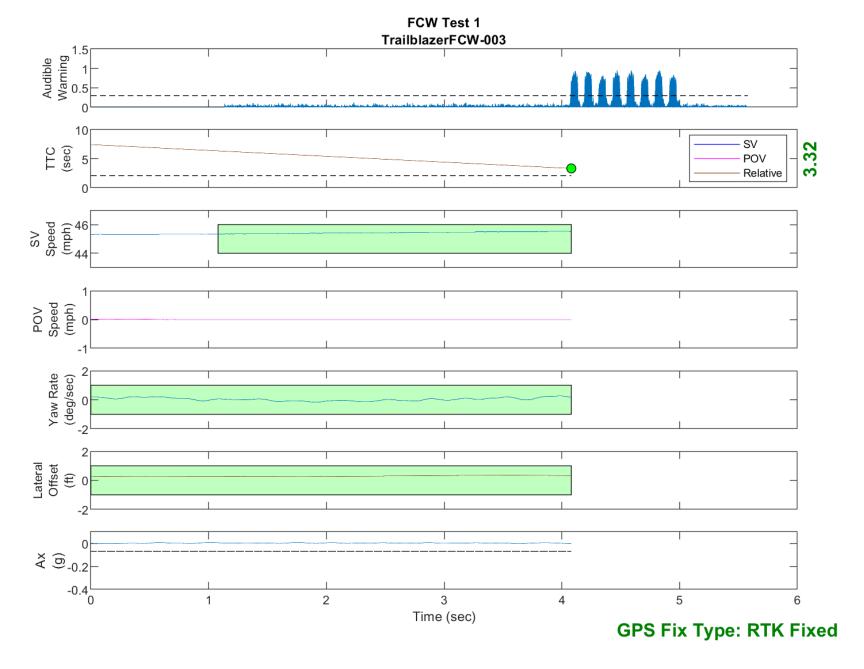


Figure D11. Time History for Run 3, FCW Test 1, Audible Warning

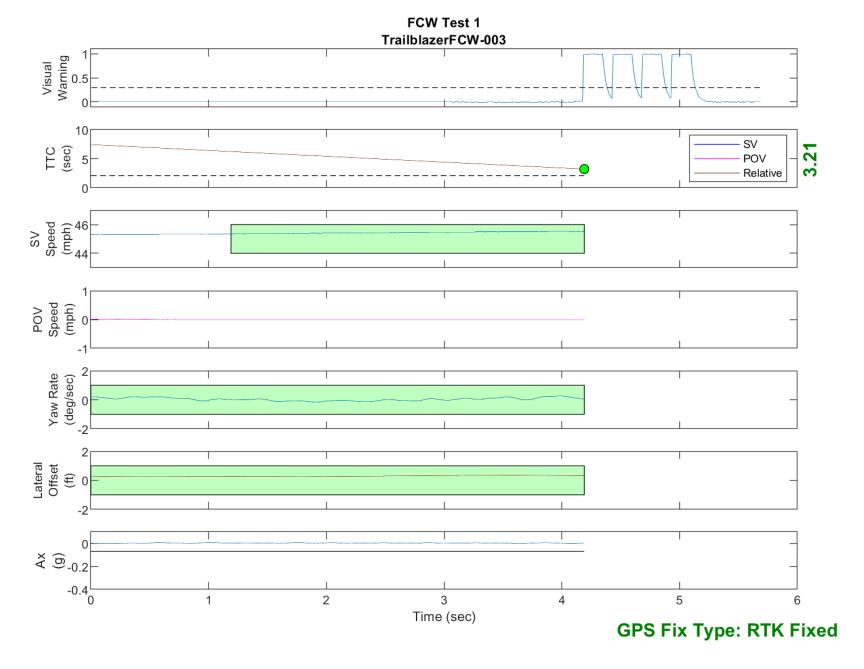


Figure D12. Time History for Run 3, FCW Test 1, Visual Warning

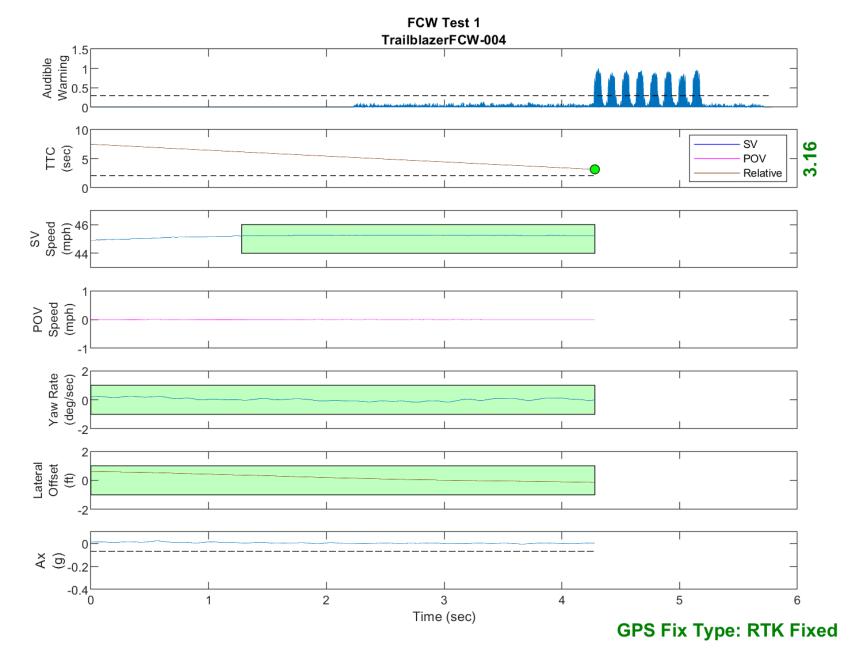


Figure D13. Time History for Run 4, FCW Test 1, Audible Warning

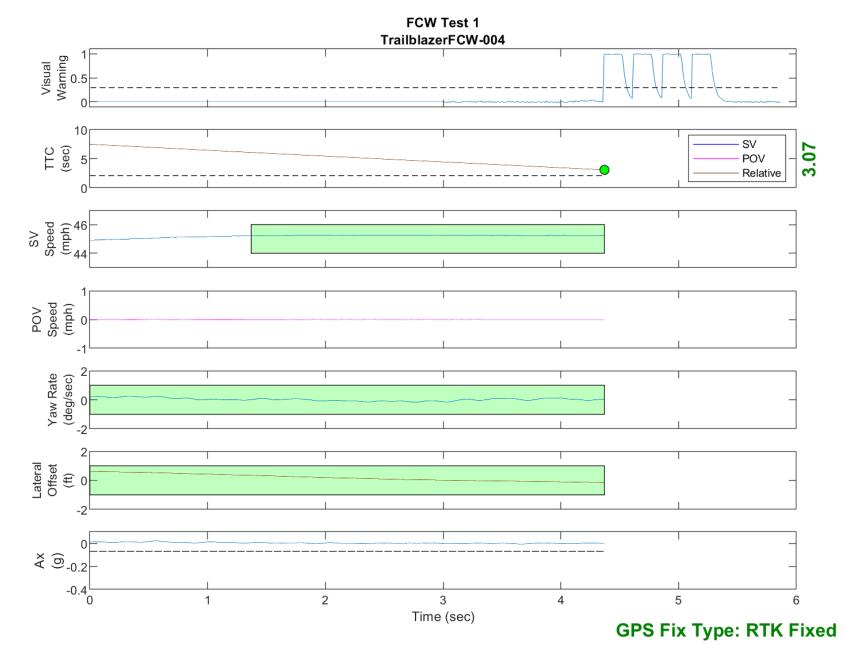


Figure D14. Time History for Run 4, FCW Test 1, Visual Warning

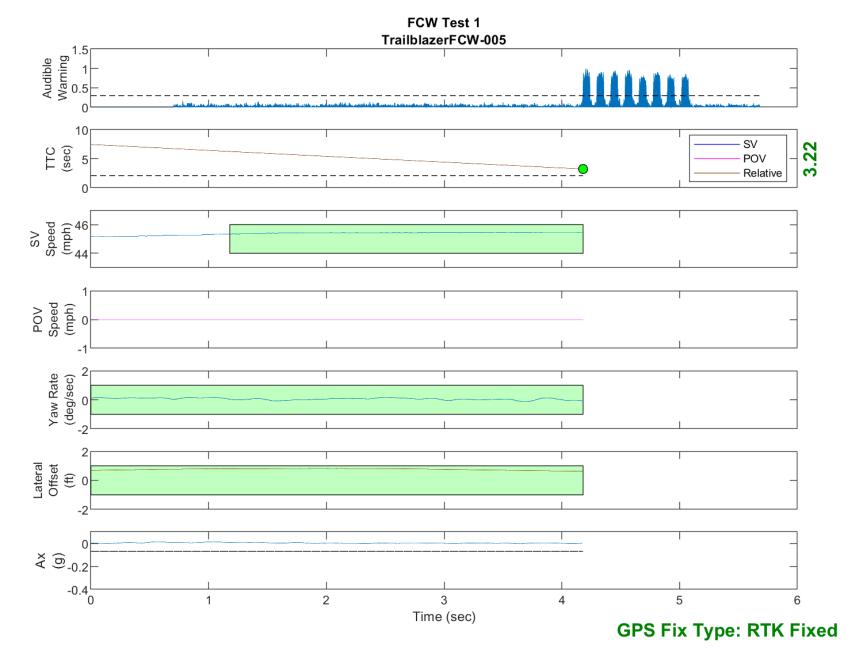


Figure D15. Time History for Run 5, FCW Test 1, Audible Warning

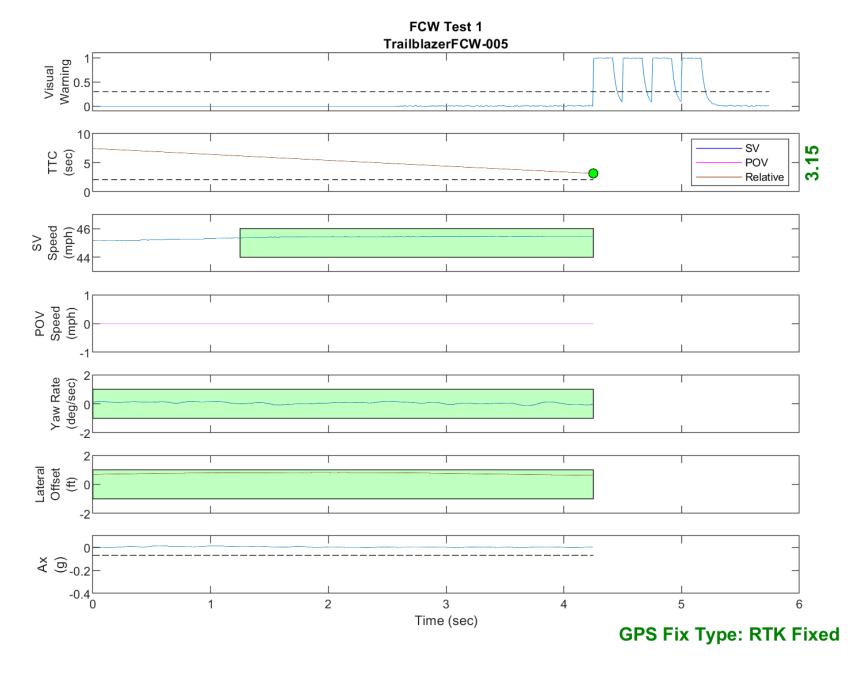


Figure D16. Time History for Run 5, FCW Test 1, Visual Warning

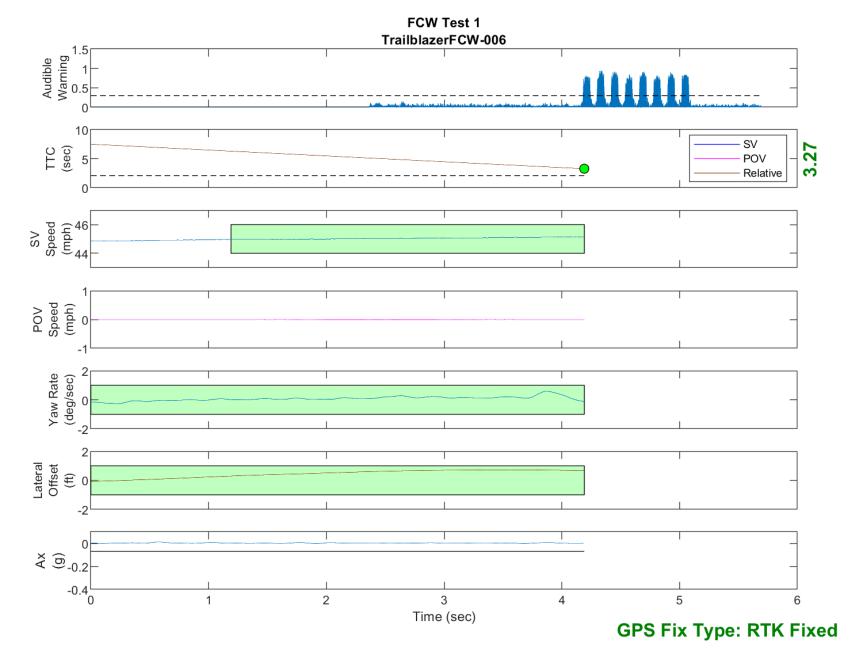


Figure D17. Time History for Run 6, FCW Test 1, Audible Warning

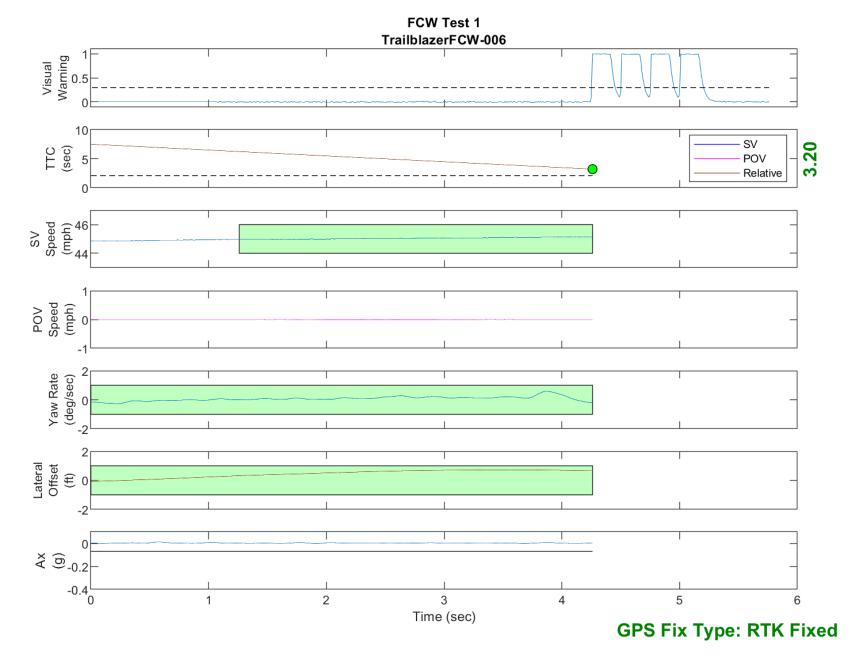


Figure D18. Time History for Run 6, FCW Test 1, Visual Warning

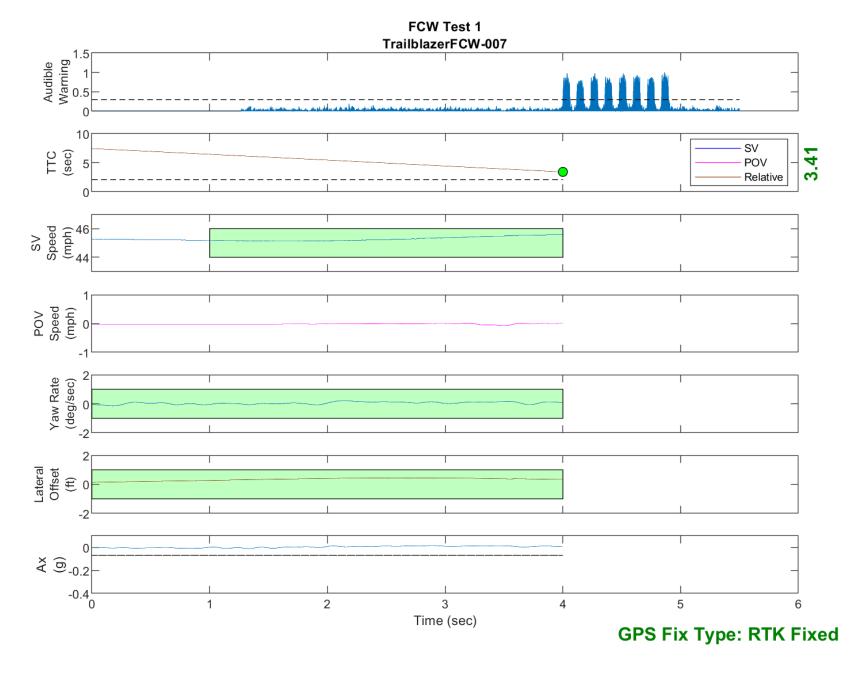


Figure D19. Time History for Run 7, FCW Test 1, Audible Warning

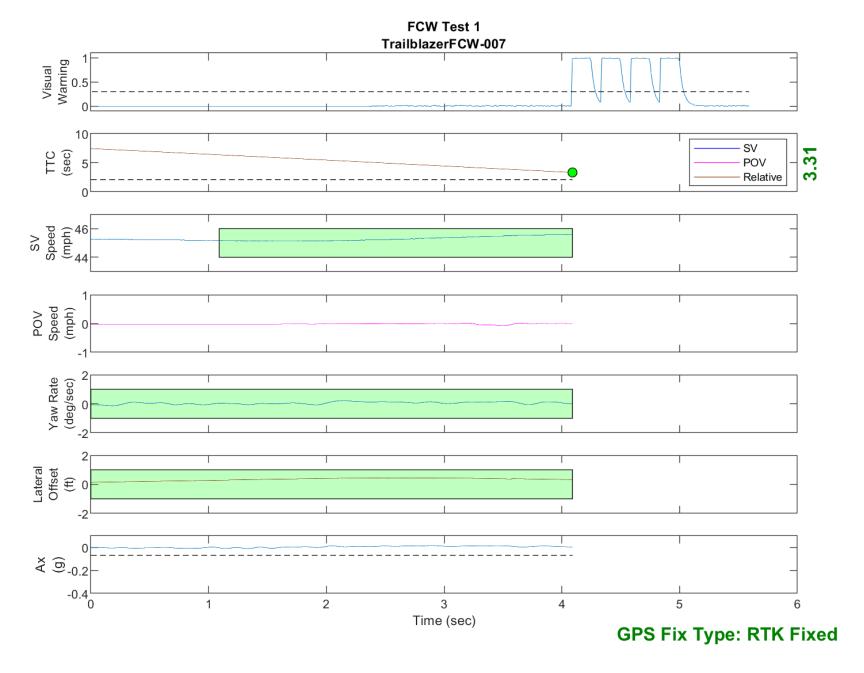


Figure D20. Time History for Run 7, FCW Test 1, Visual Warning

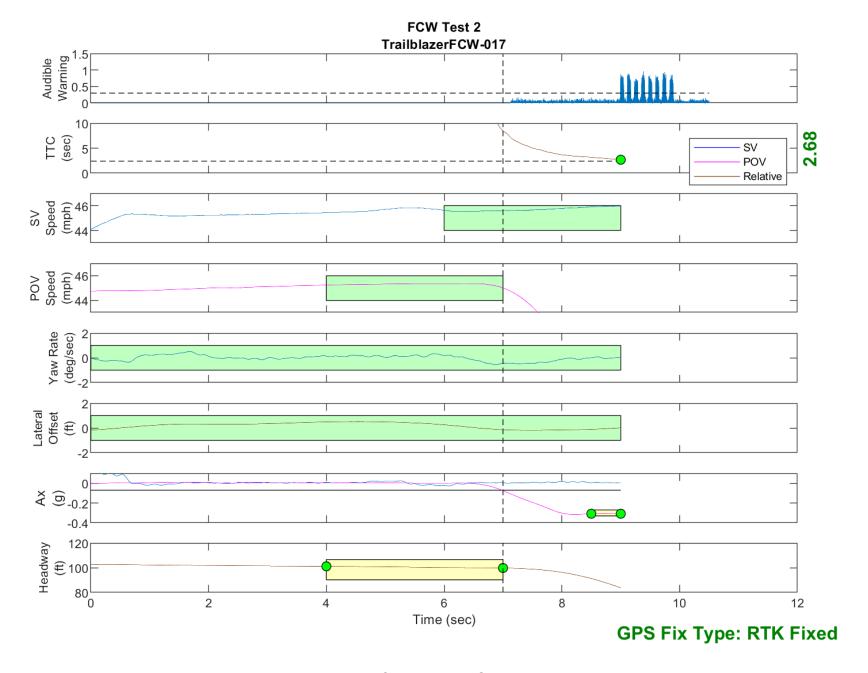


Figure D21. Time History for Run 17, FCW Test 2, Audible Warning

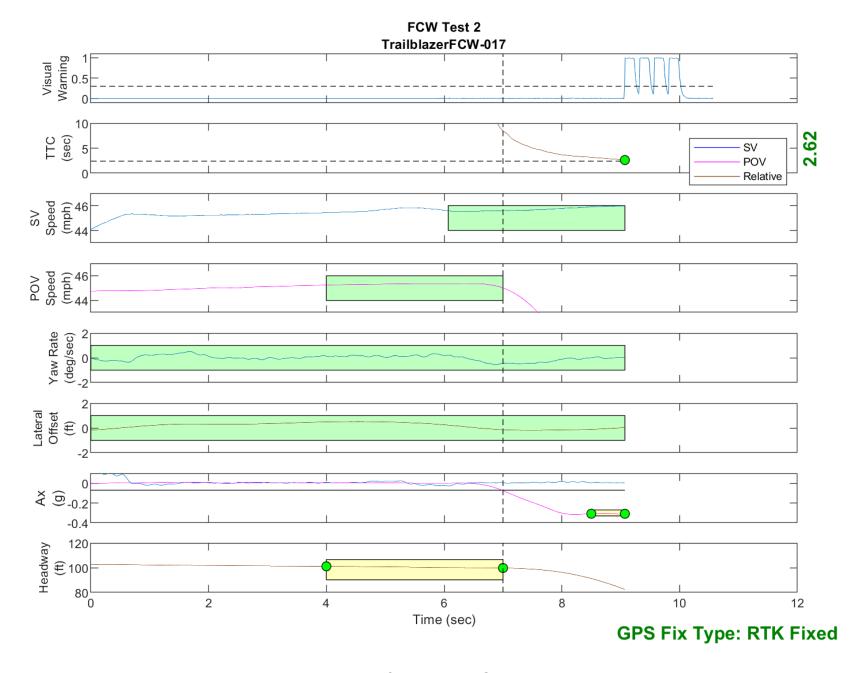


Figure D22. Time History for Run 17, FCW Test 2, Visual Warning

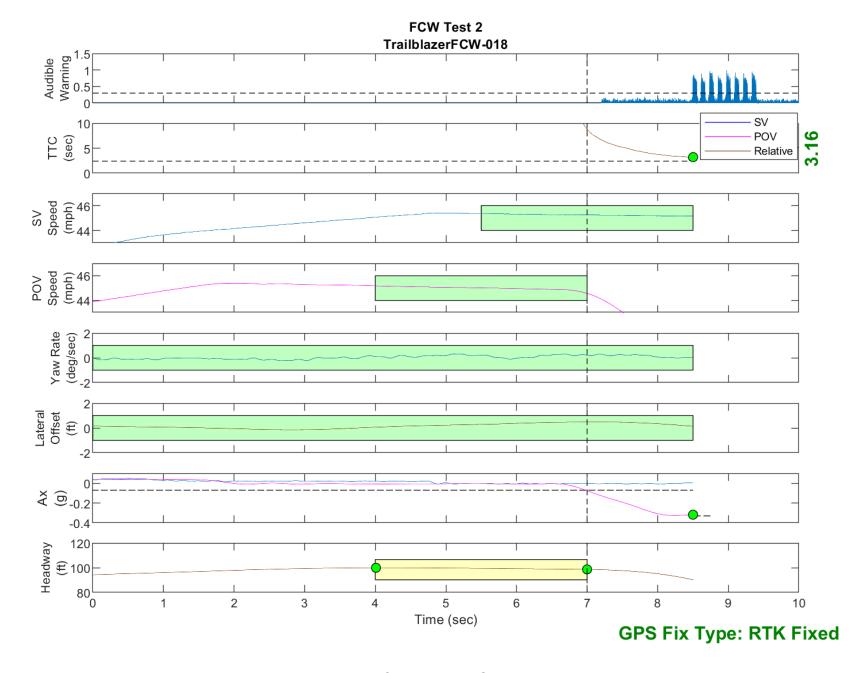


Figure D23. Time History for Run 18, FCW Test 2, Audible Warning

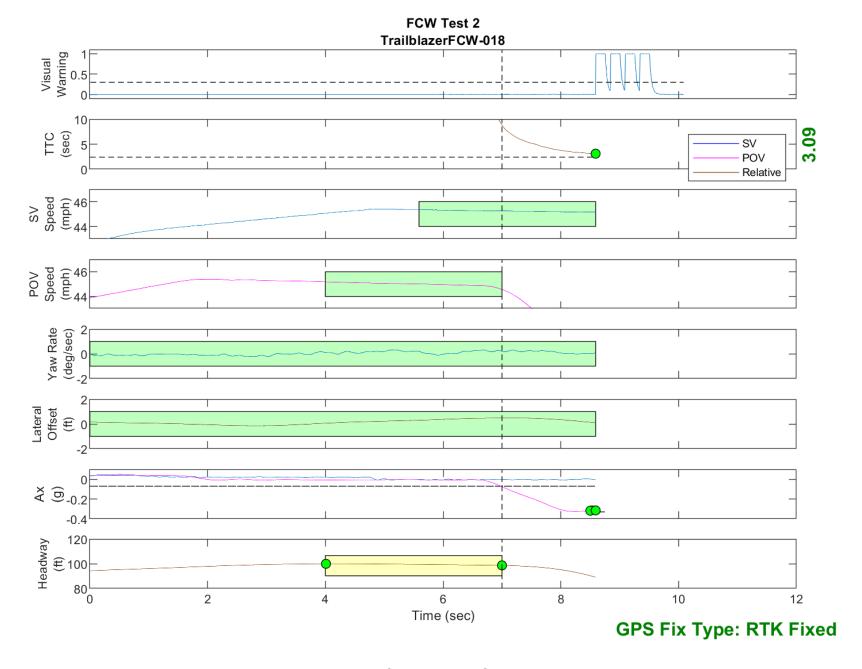


Figure D24. Time History for Run 18, FCW Test 2, Visual Warning

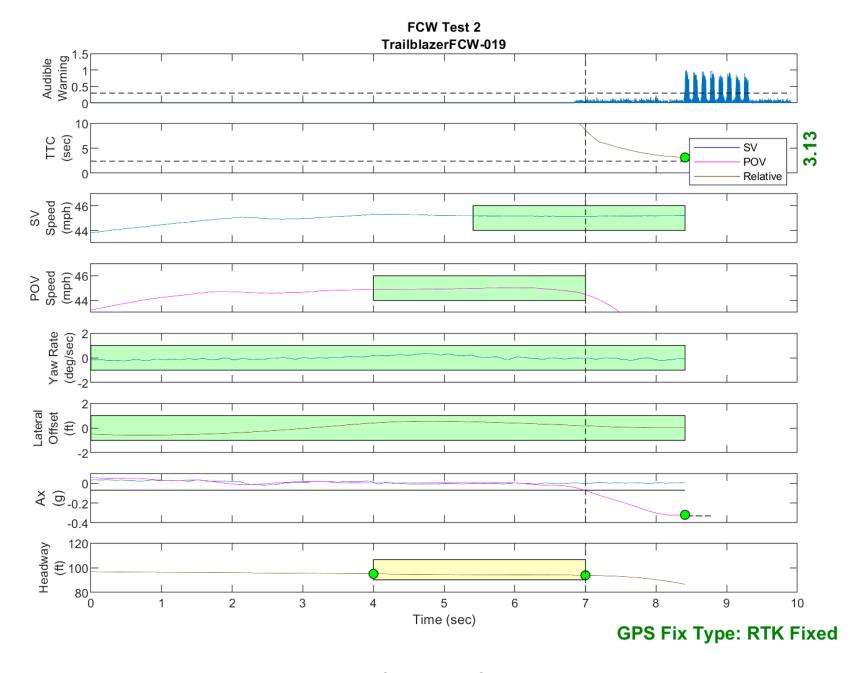


Figure D25. Time History for Run 19, FCW Test 2, Audible Warning

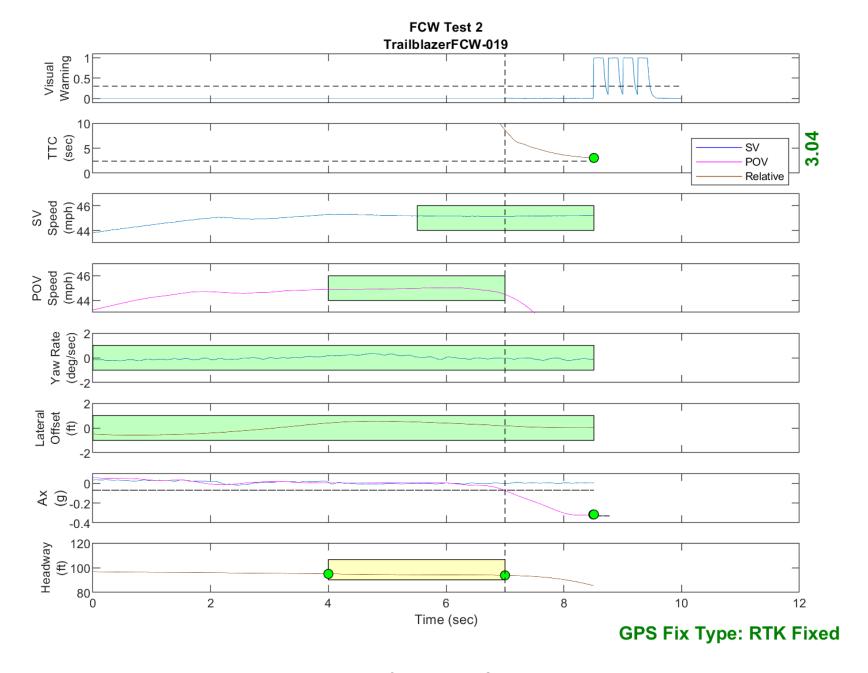


Figure D26. Time History for Run 19, FCW Test 2, Visual Warning

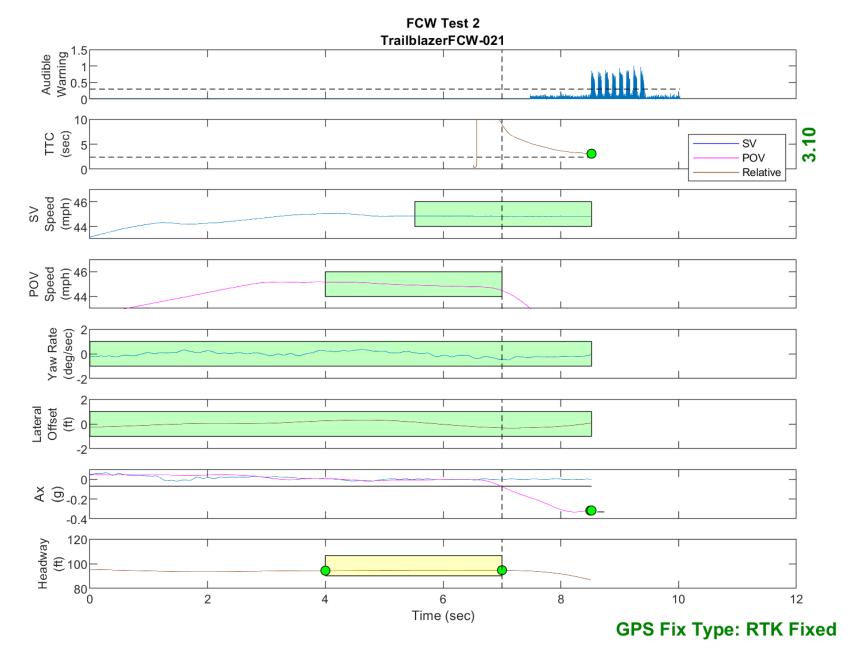


Figure D27. Time History for Run 21, FCW Test 2, Audible Warning

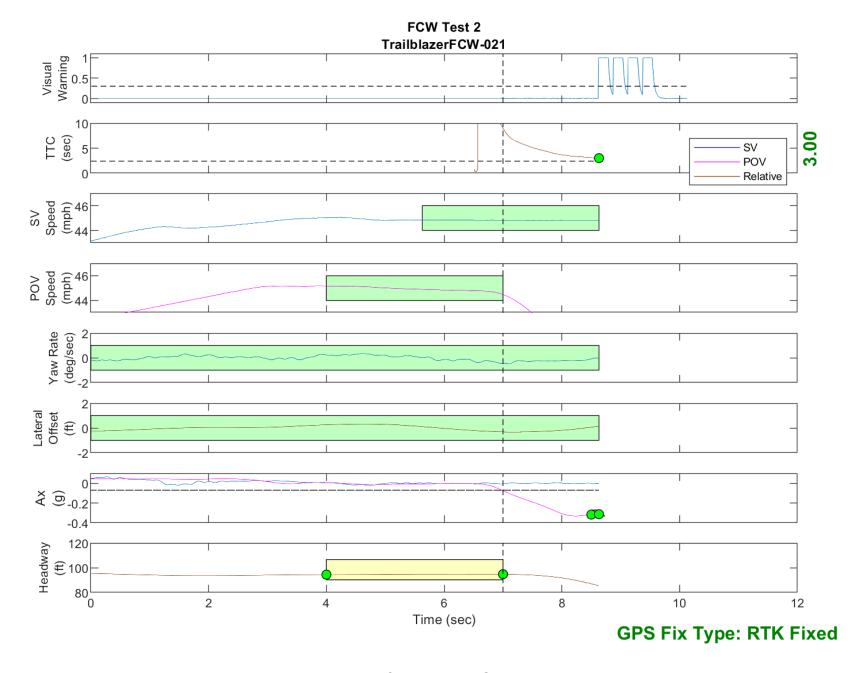


Figure D28. Time History for Run 21, FCW Test 2, Visual Warning

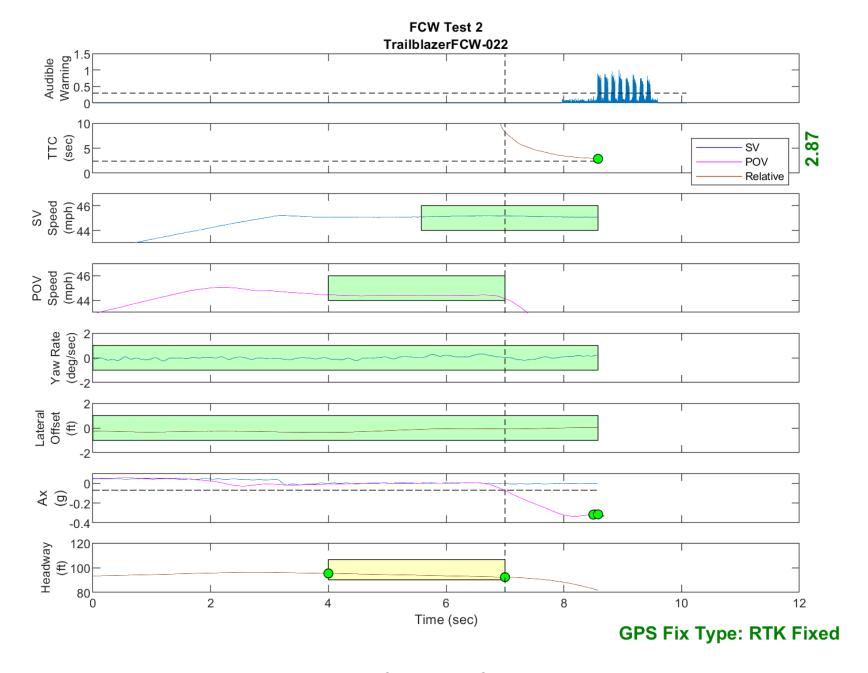


Figure D29. Time History for Run 22, FCW Test 2, Audible Warning

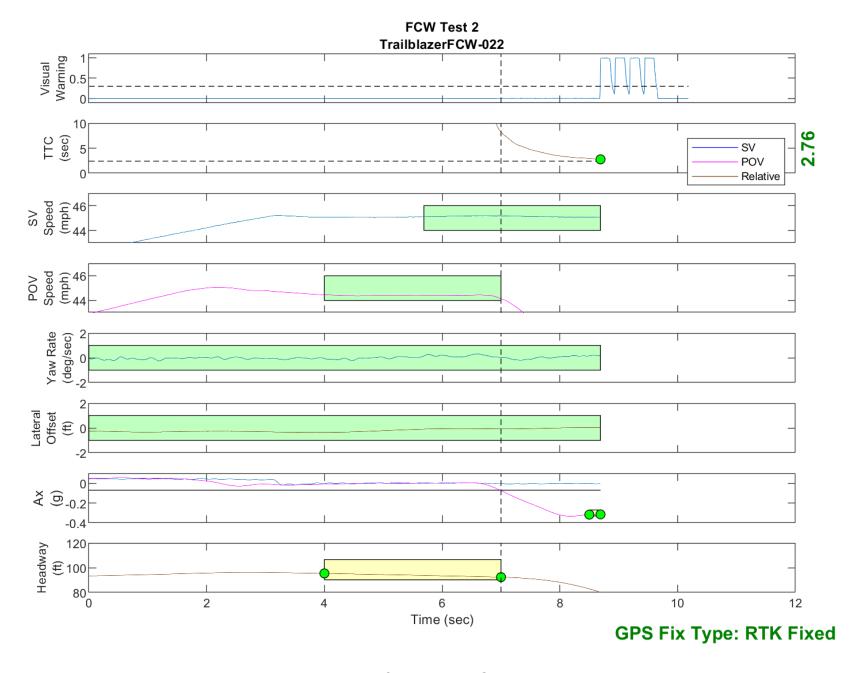


Figure D30. Time History for Run 22, FCW Test 2, Visual Warning

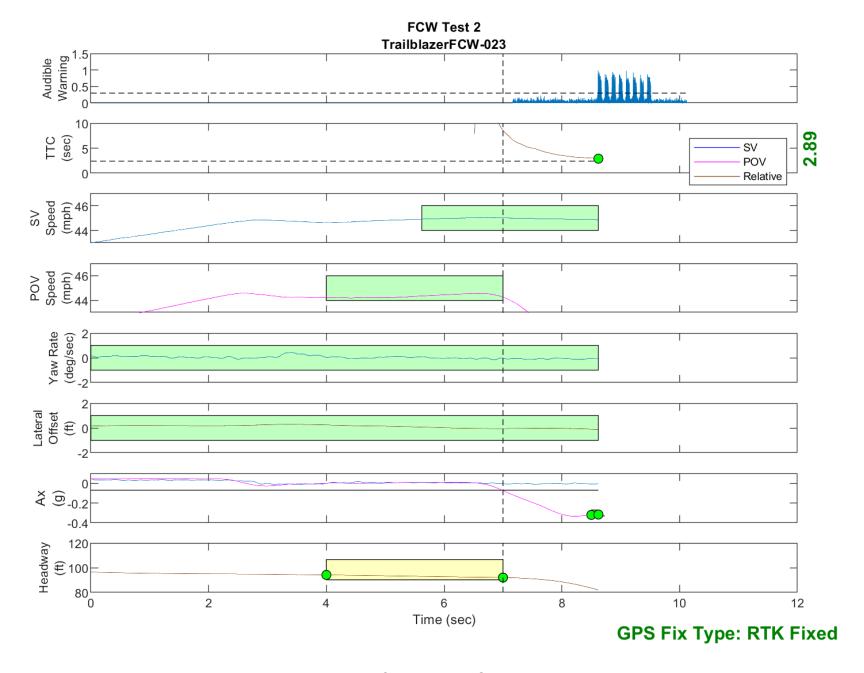


Figure D31. Time History for Run 23, FCW Test 2, Audible Warning

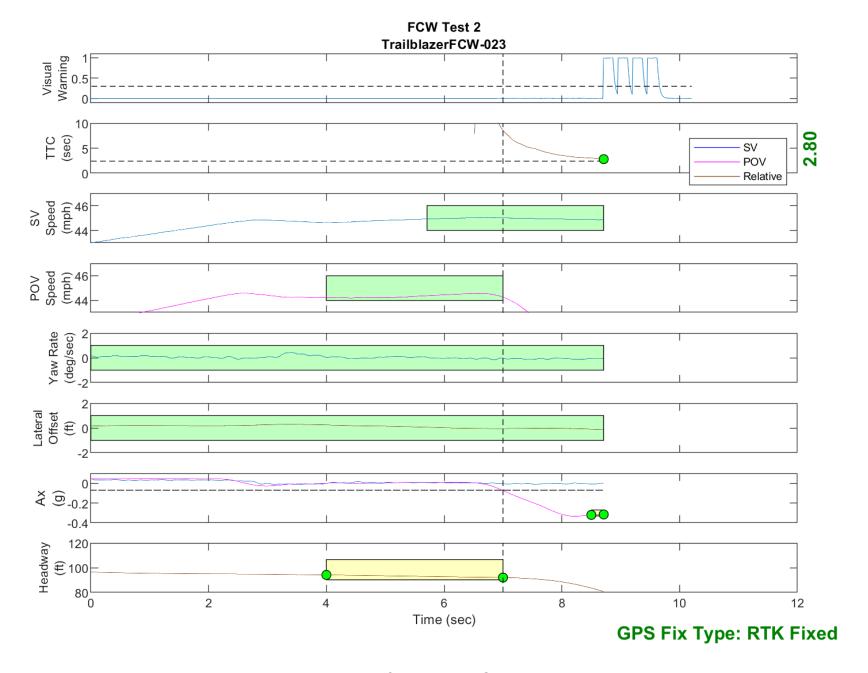


Figure D32. Time History for Run 23, FCW Test 2, Visual Warning

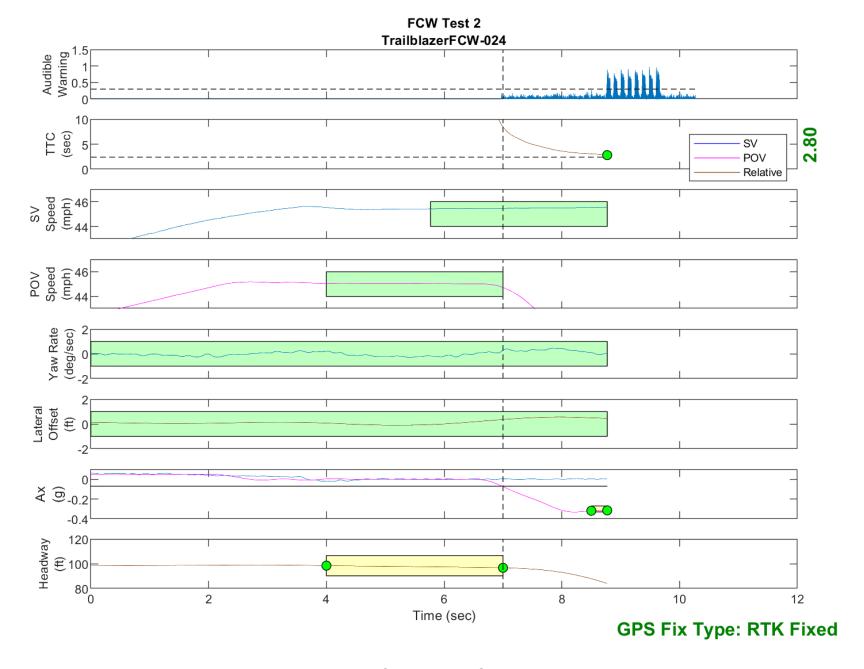


Figure D33. Time History for Run 24, FCW Test 2, Audible Warning

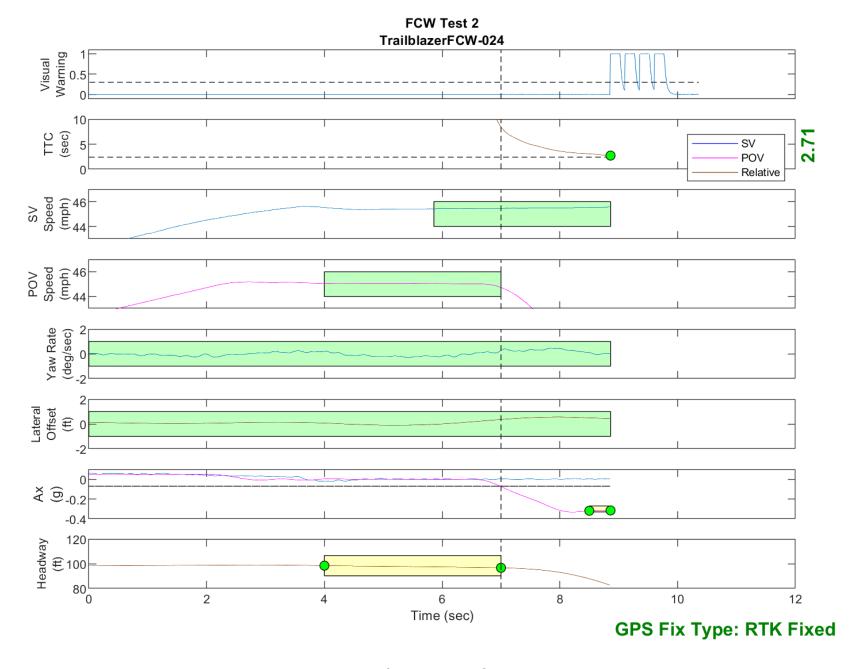


Figure D34. Time History for Run 24, FCW Test 2, Visual Warning

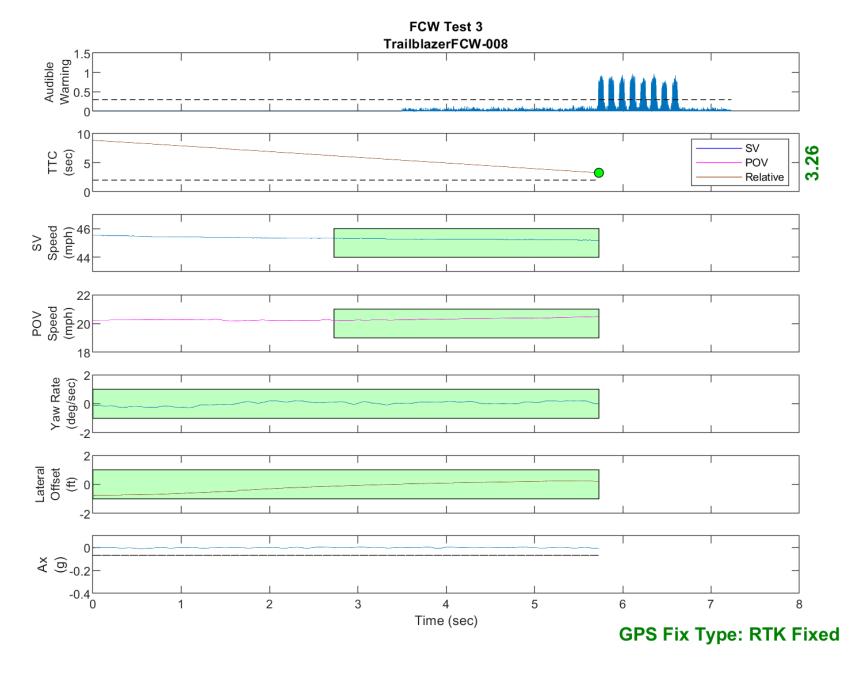


Figure D35. Time History for Run 8, FCW Test 3, Audible Warning

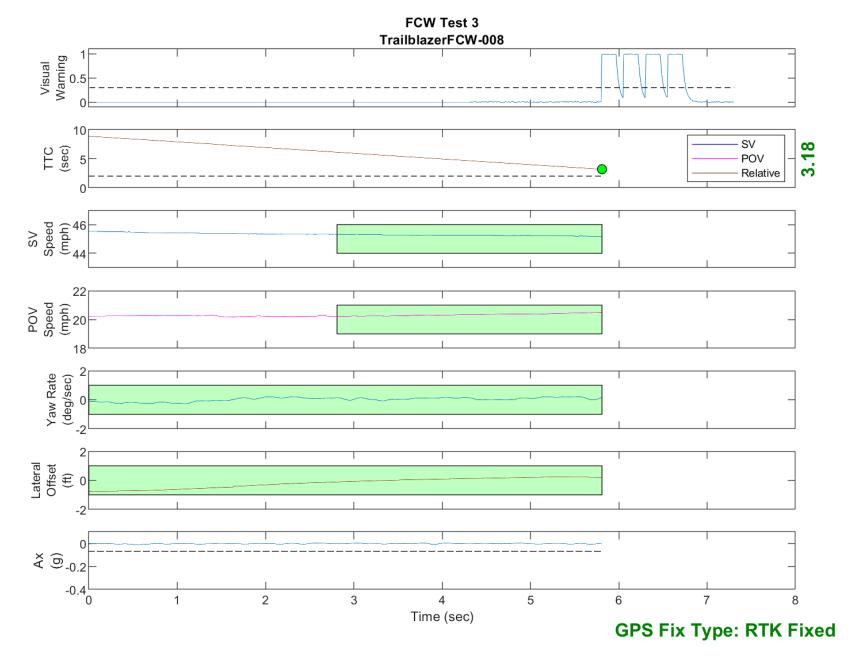


Figure D36. Time History for Run 8, FCW Test 3, Visual Warning

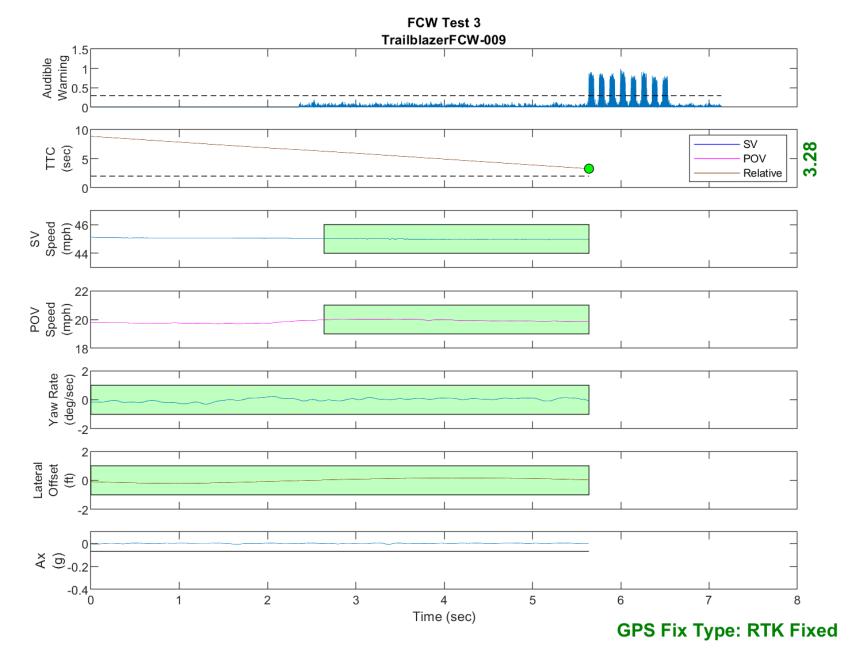


Figure D37. Time History for Run 9, FCW Test 3, Audible Warning

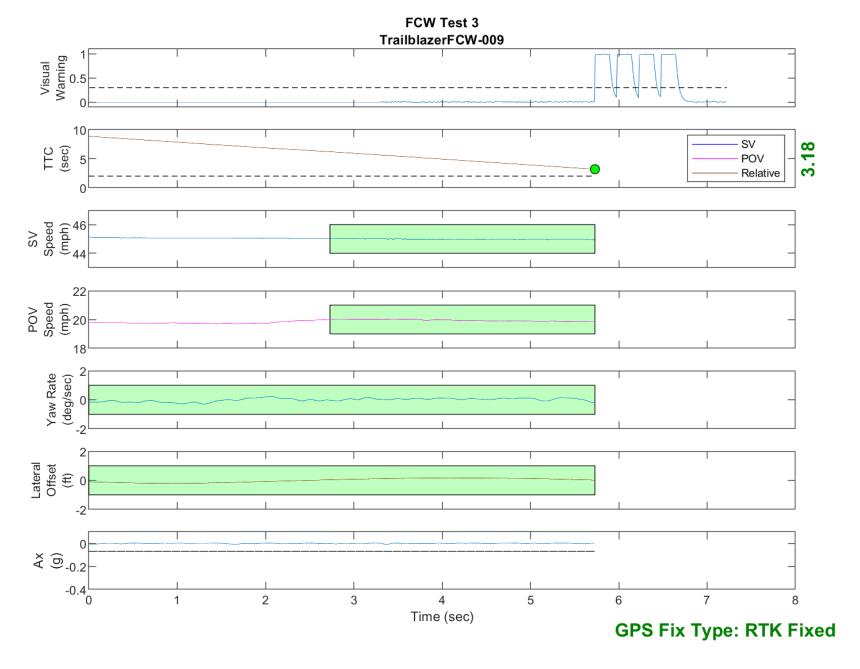


Figure D38. Time History for Run 9, FCW Test 3, Visual Warning

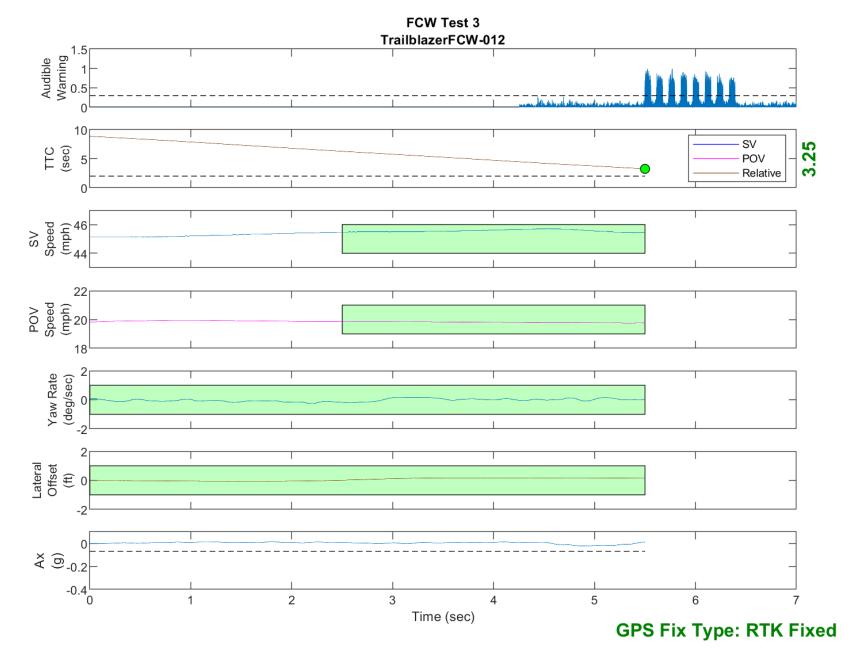


Figure D39. Time History for Run 12, FCW Test 3, Audible Warning

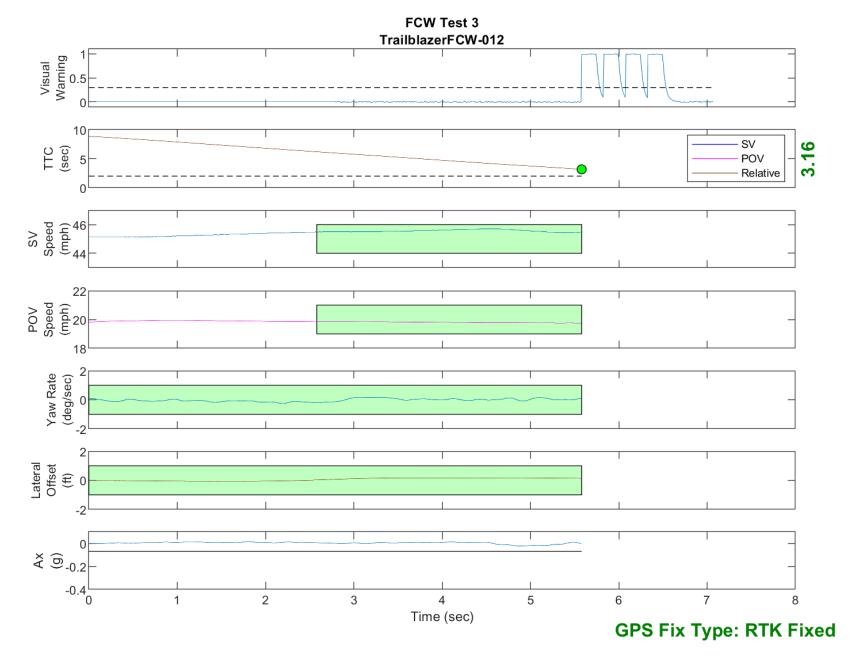


Figure D40. Time History for Run 12, FCW Test 3, Visual Warning

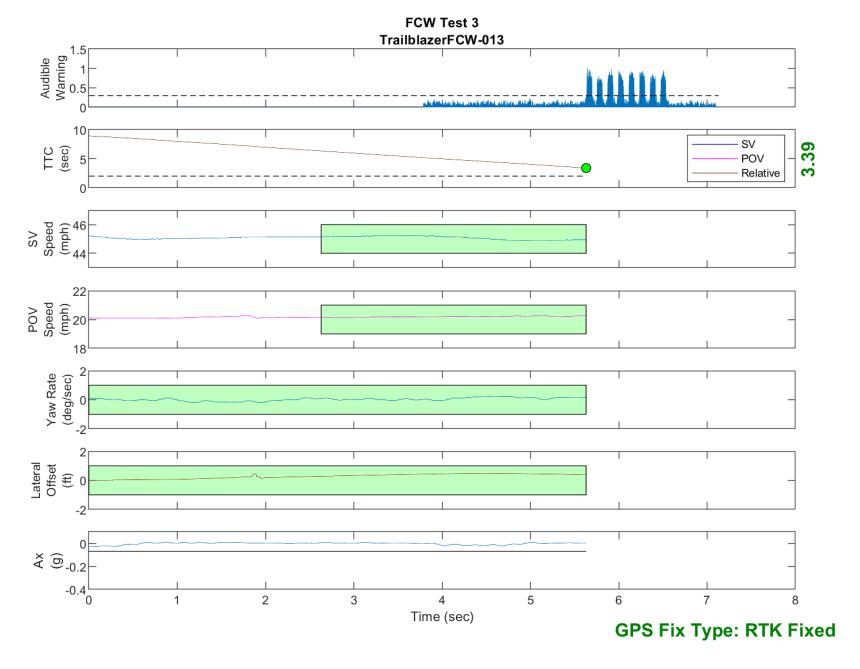


Figure D41. Time History for Run 13, FCW Test 3, Audible Warning

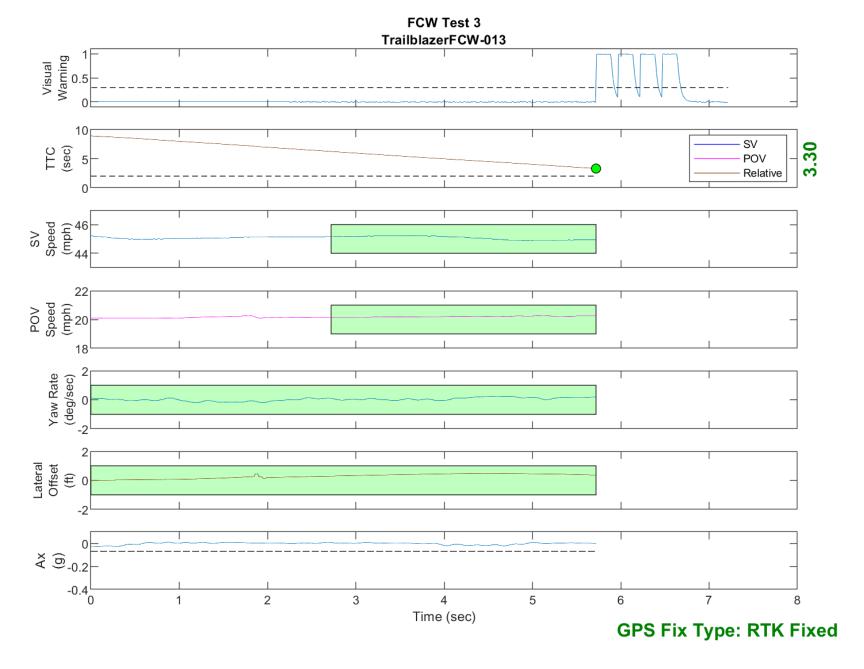


Figure D42. Time History for Run 13, FCW Test 3, Visual Warning

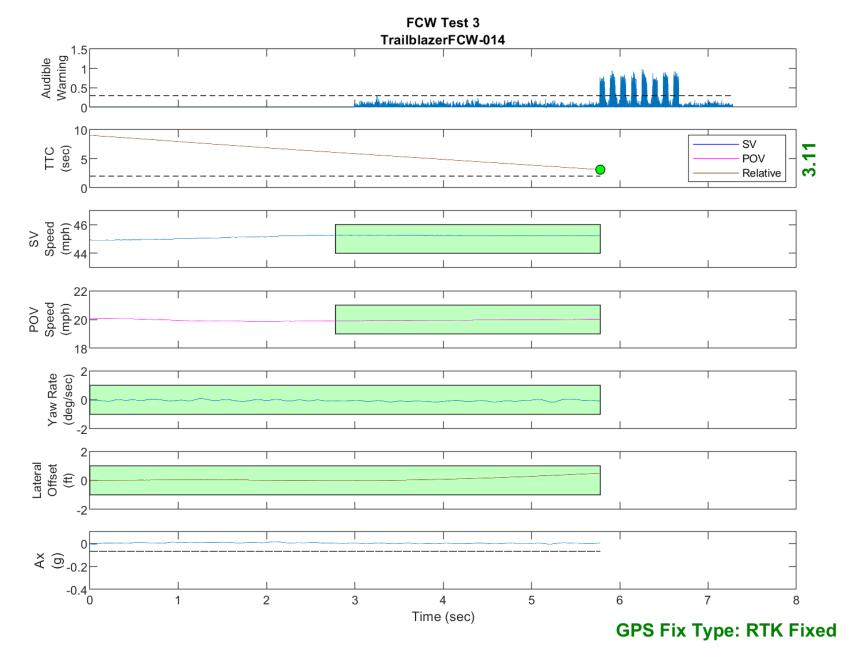


Figure D43. Time History for Run 14, FCW Test 3, Audible Warning

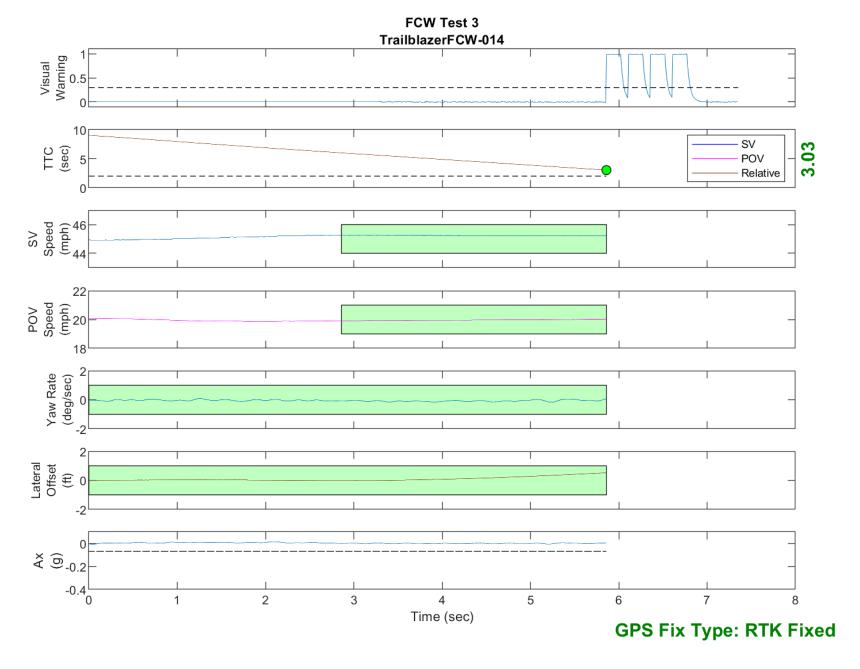


Figure D44. Time History for Run 14, FCW Test 3, Visual Warning

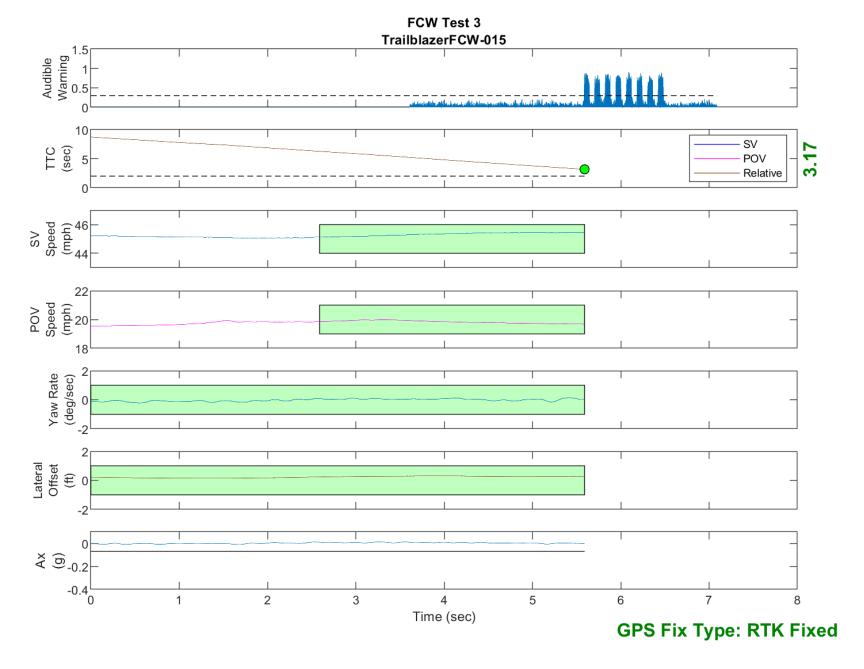


Figure D45. Time History for Run 15, FCW Test 3, Audible Warning

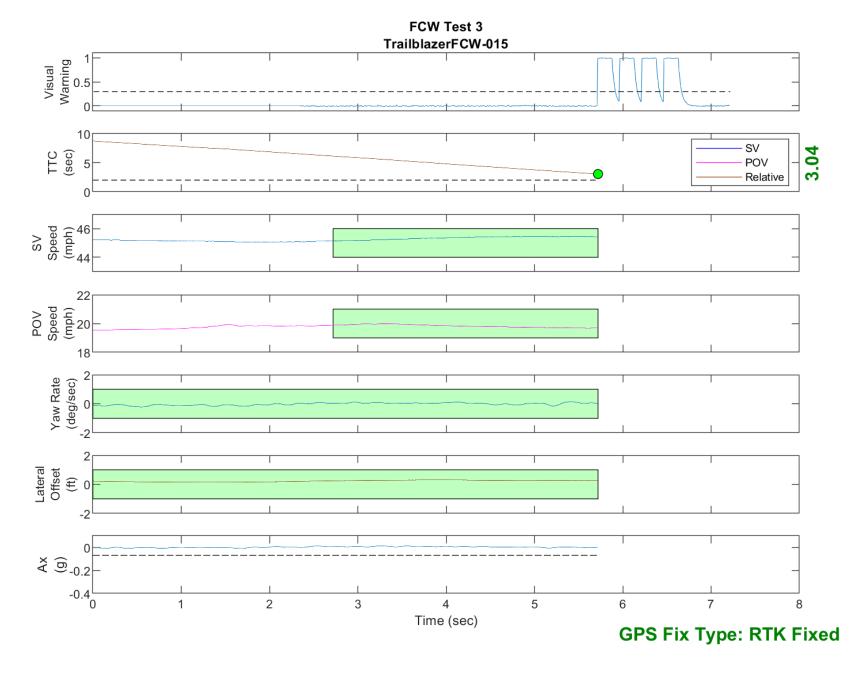


Figure D46. Time History for Run 15, FCW Test 3, Visual Warning

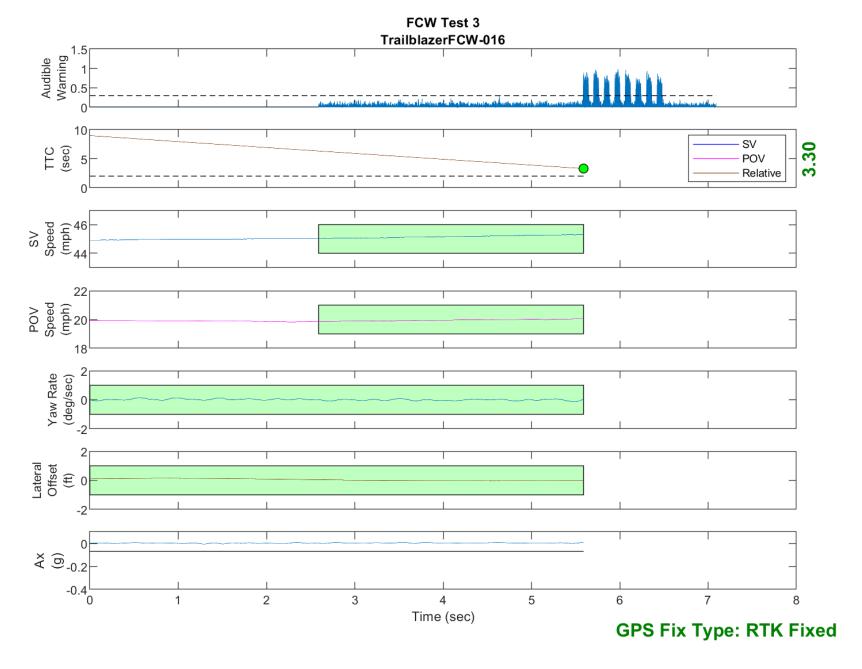


Figure D47. Time History for Run 16, FCW Test 3, Audible Warning

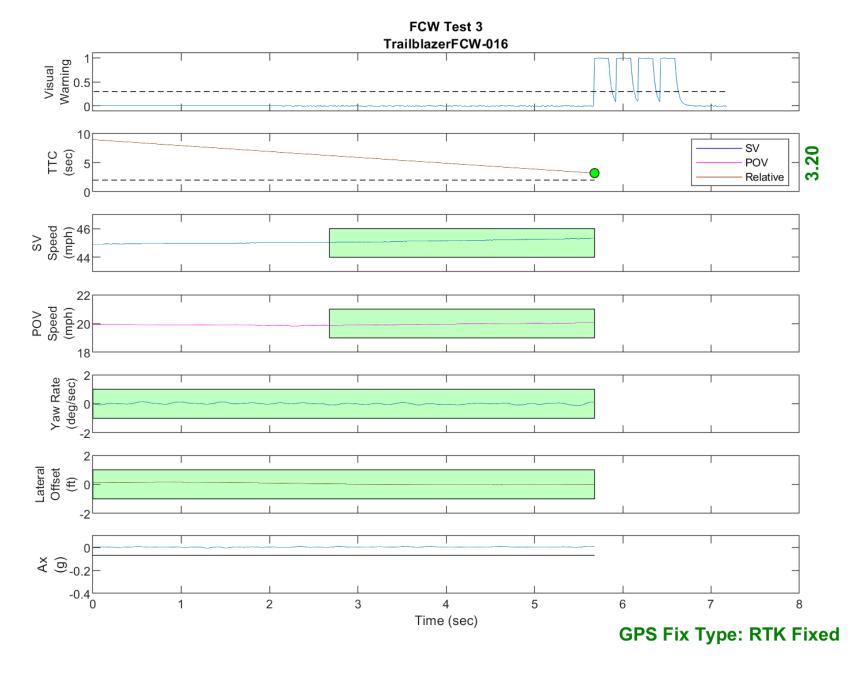


Figure D48. Time History for Run 16, FCW Test 3, Visual Warning