# NEW CAR ASSESSMENT PROGRAM (NCAP) DYNAMIC ROLLOVER RESISTANCE TEST

## FCA US LLC

2020 Chrysler Pacifica Hybrid Pacifica Hybrid Limited 35th Anniversary

TEST NUMBER: NCAP-DRI-RR-20-03

Final Report 9 April 2020



Prepared by:

Dynamic Research, Inc. 355 Van Ness Ave. #200 Torrance, CA 90501

Prepared for:

National Highway Traffic Safety Administration New Car Assessment Program 1200 New Jersey Avenue S.E. Washington, DC 20590

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Report Prepared by:

John Lenkeit, Program Manager Date: 9 April 2020

Jonathon Robel, Test Engineer

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#### Section I

#### INTRODUCTION

Beginning with the 2006 fiscal year, the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) has engaged Dynamic Research, Inc. (DRI) of Torrance, CA to conduct dynamic rollover testing and gather data from that testing as part of NHTSA's New Car Assessment Program (NCAP).

The purpose of the testing reported herein was to determine if a typical 2020 Chrysler Pacifica Hybrid Pacifica Hybrid Limited 35th Anniversary would experience tip-up, defined as simultaneous two-wheel lift of two inches or more at an entry speed of 50 mph or less in the Fishhook Procedure developed by NHTSA. This procedure may be found at www.regulations.gov, docket item NHTSA-2006-26555-0136.

The testing reported herein was accomplished under contract DTNH22-14-D-00332. The task order is entitled, "NCAP Dynamic Rollover Testing."

# Section II VEHICLE PREPARATION

### A. Test Vehicle

The test vehicle was new or in as-new condition, meaning the vehicle had been driven no more than 500 miles prior to the start of dynamic rollover testing. It was acquired through a commercial rental/leasing company. Details of the test vehicle are given in Table 1.

#### B. Tires

All tires used were new, and of the same make, model, size, and DOT specification of those installed on the vehicle when purchased new. Tire inflation pressures were in accordance with the recommendations indicated on each vehicle's identification placard. To further reduce the possibility of tire debeading, the tires were mounted to the rims without the use of tire mounting lubricant. Tire specifications are listed in Table 2.

### C. Vehicle Loading

The multi-passenger load, described in the Fishhook Procedure, was used for all tests. The load and positioning of the load in the vehicle are listed in Table 3.

In addition to water dummies, the loading included instrumentation, a steering machine, and outriggers. Test vehicle bumper assemblies were removed for outrigger installation. The reduction in vehicle weight due to the removal of the bumpers was offset by the additional weight of the outriggers and their mounting system. The outrigger system typically outweighs the bumper assemblies.

	General	Data			
Model year, make, model 2020 Chrysler Pacifica Hybrid Pacifica Hybrid Limited 35th Anniversary					
VIN	2C4RC1N	I7XLR13xxx	κx		
Vehicle type/Body style	MPV/mini	van			
Number of doors	4				
Trim level	Limited				
Seating positions	Front:	2 <sup>nd</sup> row	3 <sup>rd</sup> row	4 <sup>th</sup> row	5 <sup>th</sup> row
	2	2	3		
Electronic stability control	Yes	I		I	I
4-Wheel ABS (Yes/No)	Yes				
Power steering (Yes/No)	Yes				
Major optional equipment S Appearance Package Advanced SafetyTec Group					
Odometer at start of testing 98 miles					
Drivetrain					
Engine cylinder arrangement V-6					
Engine displacement 3.6 L					
Transmission type Si-EVT					
Drive arrangement	2WD (FW	D)			
	Chass	is			
Track width	F: 68.5 in	(1739.9 mn	n), R: 68.75	in (1746.2	mm)
Wheelbase	132 in (33	52.8 mm)	-	-	-
Curb weight	5051 lb (2	291.1 kg)			
Certification Data from Vehicle's Label					
Vehicle manufactured by FCA US LLC					
Date of manufacture	Date of manufacture 11-19				
GVWR 6300 lb (2858 kg)					
GAWR Front 3200 lb (1452 kg)					
GAWR Rear 3200 lb (1452 kg)					

## Table 1. Test Vehicle Data

Tire Manufacturer	Nexen
Tire Model	Npriz RH7a
Tire Size	Front: 235/60R18 Rear: 235/60R18
Load rating	Front:103 Rear:103
Speed rating	Front: H Rear: H
Treadwear grade	Front: 680 Rear: 680
Traction grade	Front: A Rear: A
Temperature grade	Front: A Rear: A
Location of "Recommended Tire Pressure" label	Driver's door jamb
Recommended cold tire pressure	Front: 36 psi, (250 kPa) Rear: 36 psi, (250 kPa)
First 8 digits of DOT code	Front: UAKV EAKL Rear: UAKV EAKL

## Table 2. Tire Information

## Table 3. Vehicle Loading

Water dummy and other loading	3 water dummies - 2 in second row, 1 in center of third row
Water dummy weight	575 lb (260.8 kg)
Fuel level	Full
	Weight as Tested
Left front	1613 lb (731.6 kg)
Right front	1563 lb (709 kg)
Left rear	1512 lb (685.8 kg)
Right rear	1373 lb (622.8 kg)

### **D. Steering Controller**

Precise controlled steering is accomplished using a steering machine designed and constructed by DRI. DRI has used its Automated Vehicle Controller (AVC) steering machine for many vehicle tests including FMVSS 126 tests. It can provide up to 65 ft-lb torque and rates over 1300 deg/sec. The integrated angle encoder has an unlimited range with a resolution of 0.045 degrees and an accuracy of ±0.045 degrees. The steering motor is controlled by a MicroAutoBox II from dSPACE, which also acts as the data acquisition system.

### E. Real-Time Controller and Data Acquisition

Data acquisition is achieved using a MicroAutoBox II from dSPACE, which also serves as the real-time system for the steering controller. Data from the Oxford IMU, including Longitudinal, Lateral, and Vertical Acceleration, Roll, Yaw, and Pitch Rate, Forward and Lateral Velocity, Roll and Pitch Angle, are sent over Ethernet to the Micro AutoBox. The Oxford IMUs are calibrated per the manufacturer's recommended schedule (Table 5). The MicroAutoBox II specifications are:

#### Model: dSPACE Micro-Autobox II 1401/1513 Base Board SN 549068 I/O Board SN 588523

Two video cameras were used to record the Fishhook runs. They were positioned nominally as shown in Figure 1. The recorded videotapes were reviewed after the Fishhook runs to check for any two-wheel lift. If any two-wheel lift was observed, eight infrared distance- measuring sensors for measurement of wheel lift (two sensors at each wheel) were then mounted for use in subsequent confirmation Fishhook tests.

#### F. Equipment Weight

Table 4 lists the equipment and associated weights outlined in the NHTSA Laboratory Test Procedure for Dynamic Rollover and the equipment at DRI used for this specific test program. The equipment used at DRI for this test program differs slightly from the equipment that was previously used by NHTSA for rollover testing. Because DRI's equipment is lighter than NHTSA's equipment, DRI uses ballast to maintain a consistent weight and weight distribution in the vehicle.

Equipment	Equipment Location		Equipment Weight (lb)		
		NHTSA*	DRI		
Data Acquisition System	Front passenger seat	58			
Steering Machine	Handwheel	31	31		
Steering Machine Electronics Box	Passenger row foot well behind the front passenger seat. If vehicle does not have a rear passenger row foot well, the Electronics Box should be placed in the front passenger seat foot well.	39			
MABX, and laptop	Front passenger seat		21		
Motor control and power supply	Front passenger footwell		26		
Ballast	Front passenger footwell		50		
	Total	128	128		

## Table 4. Weight of In-Cab Test Equipment

\* Table A.1 from US DOT NHTSA - Laboratory Test Procedure for Dynamic Rollover - The Fishhook Maneuver Test Procedure - New Car Assessment Program (NCAP) - March 2013

### G. Sensors

A list of the sensors is given in Table 5.

#### H. Other Vehicle Preparation

In addition to installation and preparation discussed above, the test vehicle was prepared as follows:

- Front and rear bumpers were removed
- Outrigger mounts were installed in the bumper locations and titanium outriggers were fastened to these mounts
- Airbags were removed or otherwise disabled
- Photographs of the vehicle tested are given in Appendix A.

Table 5. Sensors

Measured Variable	Sensor	Range	Resolution	Accuracy	Specifics	Serial Number	Calibration
Vehicle Tire Pressure	Tire Pressure Gauge	0-100 psi 0-690 kPa	0.01 psi 6.89 kPa	< 1% error between 20 and 100 psi	Omega DPG8001	17042707002	By: DRI Date: 7/3/2019 Due: 7/3/2020
Vehicle Total,	Platform Scales (Minter)	1200 lb/platform 5338 N/platform	1 lb 4.4 N	0.5% of applied load	Intercomp SWI	1110M206352	By: DRI Date: 1/6/2020 Due: 1/6/2021
Wheel, and Axle Load	Platform Scales (Torrance)	1200 lb/platform 5338 N/platform	1 lb 4.4 N	0.5% of applied load	Intercomp SW500	0828MA19001	By: DRI Date: 9/12/2019 Due: 9/12/2020
Handwheel Angle	Steering Angle Encoder (Automated Steering Controller)	±800 deg	0.045 deg	±0.045 deg	DRI Automatic Vehicle Controller using dSPACE Micro- Autobox II	NA	Verified by DRI at installation <sup>1</sup>
Longitudinal, Lateral, and Vertical Acceleration Roll, Yaw, and Pitch Rate, Forward and Lateral Velocity, Roll and Pitch Angle	Multi-Axis Inertial Sensing System	Accels ± 5 g, Angular Rate ±300 deg/s, Angle >45 deg, Velocity >200	Accels .001 g, Angular Rate 0.01 deg/s, Angle 0.05 deg, Velocity 0.1 km/h	Accels .001g, Angular Rate 0.01 deg/s, Angle 0.05 deg, Velocity 0.1 km/h	Oxford xNav 550	015477	By: Oxford Technical Solutions Date: 9/12/2018 Due: 9/12/2020

<sup>1.</sup> The steering encoder is checked prior to beginning tests to verify that there are no faults. The steering controller is installed in the vehicle and the steering wheel is turned through two complete revolutions while recording data. The data are then reviewed for any dropouts or other nonlinearities that would indicate dust intrusion or faulty sectors.

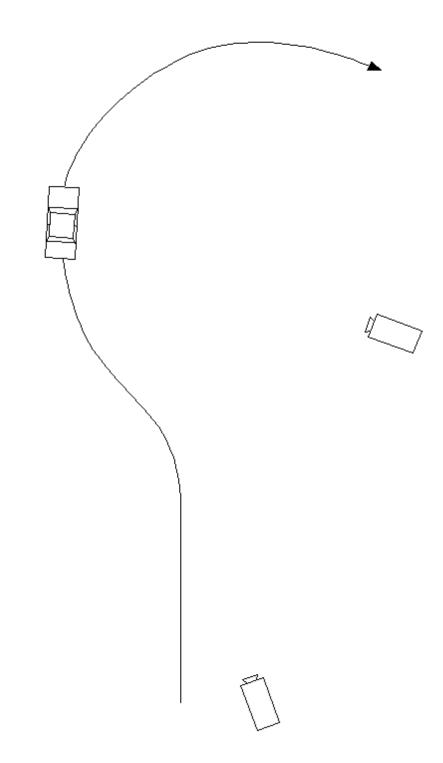


Figure 1. Nominal Position of Video Cameras for Fishhook Tests

#### Section III

## TEST PROCEDURES

This section includes a general overview of the test procedures and details of the particular test.

### A. Test Procedure Overview

This test was conducted in accordance with NHTSA's NCAP Rollover Resistance Test Procedure (Fishhook) as described in the Federal Register (68 FR 59250). Detailed descriptions of the test procedure, pass/fail criteria, and data acquisition specifications may be found at docket NHTSA-2001-9663.

There are two major components of the test procedure, the Slowly Increasing Steer (SIS) pre-test and the Fishhook test.

The Slowly Increasing Steer (SIS) maneuver was used to characterize the steady state lateral dynamics of each vehicle, and is based on the "Constant Speed, Variable Steer" test defined in SAE J266. The maneuver is used to determine the handwheel angle that produces a lateral acceleration of 0.3 g at 50 mph. This handwheel angle is then used to determine the magnitude of steering to be used for the NHTSA Fishhook maneuver.

SIS tests were performed at a constant speed of 50 mph. Handwheel angle was input at a rate of 13.5 deg/sec, from 0 to an angle that provided at least 0.55 g. Three tests were conducted in each direction, and the data for the six runs were averaged to obtain the handwheel angle that produced 0.3 g at 50 mph.

The Fishhook test is a programmed steering maneuver that is implemented via the steering controller. The vehicle was initially steered in one direction and then the steering was reversed. The timing, magnitude, and rate of the steering were prescribed by the Fishhook Procedure.

To begin the maneuver, the vehicle was driven in a straight line at a speed slightly greater than the desired entrance speed. The driver then released the throttle. When the vehicle was at the target speed, the steering controller automatically initiated the steering maneuver. Following completion of the steering reversal, the handwheel position was maintained for three seconds and then returned to zero angle in 1 second.

The tests were conducted in both left-right and right-left directions. The "Default" test series used a handwheel angle equal to 6.5 times the handwheel angle that produced 0.3 g at 50 mph in the SIS tests, and initial vehicle speeds beginning at 35 mph and concluding up to 50 mph (if no two-wheel lift occurs). Supplemental tests were also done, as specified in the Fishhook Procedure.

### **B. Test Conditions**

#### 1. TEST SURFACE

The tests were conducted on the Vehicle Dynamics Area at DRI's Minter Field facility, located near Bakersfield, California, on 3/12/2020. The VDA has a smooth, flat (slope less than 0.5% throughout) asphaltic concrete surface. Its dimensions are as shown in Figure 2. It was built in the spring of 2005.

VDA surface friction measurements were accomplished using the DRI Mobile Tire Tester. Three runs were done, one at each of three previously determined locations. Each run provided for a minimum of 3 seconds of tire friction at constant normal load, slip angle, and speed in a free rolling condition. The test was accomplished using an ASTM E1136 tire with an inflation pressure of 35 ( $\pm$ 0.5) psi at a test speed of 40 ( $\pm$ 0.5) mph. The net slip angle of the test tire for each test run was 7.5 deg. The test tire was no older than 6 months from the date of manufacture. The surface friction measurement results are shown in Table 6.

### Table 6. Surface Friction

Date of surface friction measurements	3/13/2020
Average normalized lateral force	0.815

#### 2. FISHHOOK HANDWHEEL ANGLES

The 0.3 g handwheel angle obtained from the SIS tests and the handwheel angles used in the Fishhook tests are shown in Table 7.

#### Table 7. Handwheel Angles

0.3 g handwheel angle (from SIS tests at 50 mph)	28.8°
5.5 scalar handwheel angle for Fishhook Test	158°
6.5 scalar handwheel angle for Fishhook Test	187°

## **3. WEATHER CONDITIONS**

The weather conditions, recorded at the end of testing, are shown in Table 8.

Ambient temperature	60.8° F (16° C)
Wind Speed	3.5 mph (1.3 m/s)
Wind Direction	270

Table 8. Weather Conditions

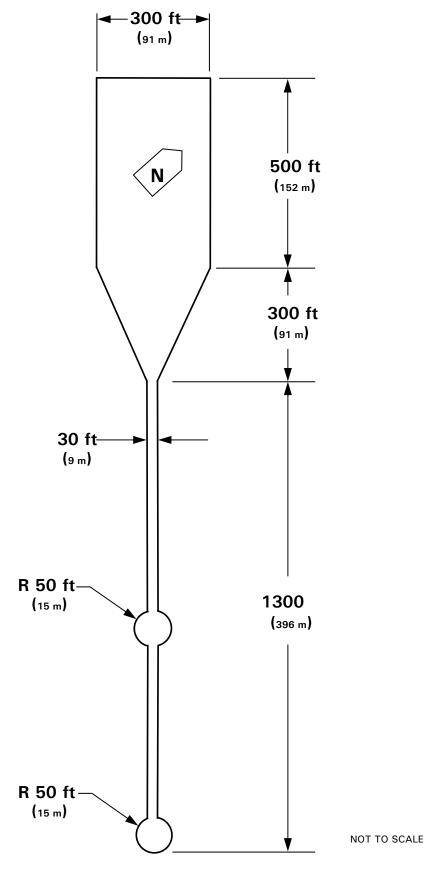


Figure 2. DRI-Minter Vehicle Dynamics Area

#### Section IV

#### RESULTS

The test run log is given in Appendix B. The Slowly Increasing Steer Test Worksheet is given in Appendix C. Appendix D contains time history plots for the 50 mph runs and any runs which resulted in two-wheel lift. There was no two-wheel lift at any test condition for the 2020 Chrysler Pacifica Hybrid Pacifica Hybrid Limited 35th Anniversary.

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Photographs

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Figure A1. Window Sticker



Figure A2. Front View, Test Vehicle as Delivered



Figure A3. Rear View, Test Vehicle as Delivered

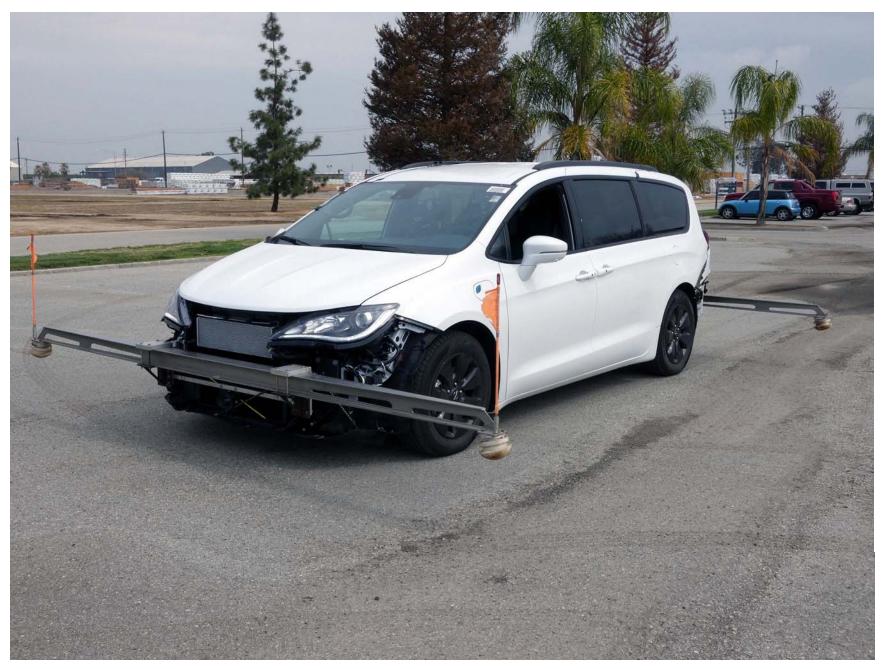


Figure A4. Front View, Test Vehicle in Test Condition



Figure A5. Rear View, Test Vehicle in Test Condition



Figure A6. Certification Label

	TIRE AND LOA SEATING CAPACITY - TOT	ADING INFORMATION	REAR 5
THE	COMBINED WEIGHT OF OC 498	CUPANTS AND CARGO S	
TIRE	FRONT	REAR	SPARE
ORIGINAL TIRE SIZE	235/60R18	235/60R18	NONE
COLD TIRE INFLATION PRESSURE	250 kPa / 36 PSI	250 kPa / 36 PSI	NONE
SEE OWNERS MA	NUAL FOR ADDITIONAL II	NFORMATION	LR13

Figure A7. Tire Placard

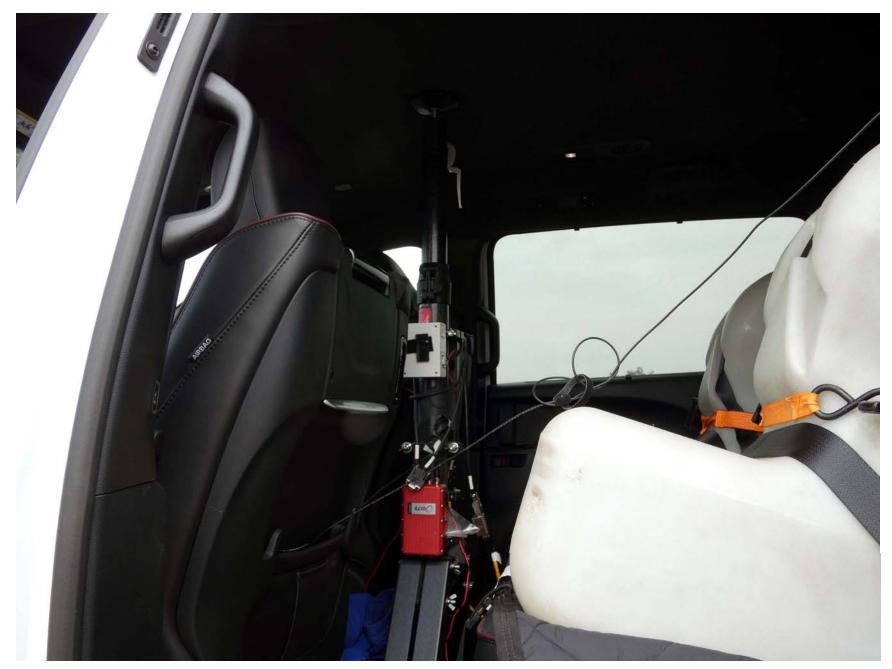


Figure A8. Instrumentation in Test Vehicle



Figure A9. Steering Controller and Computer

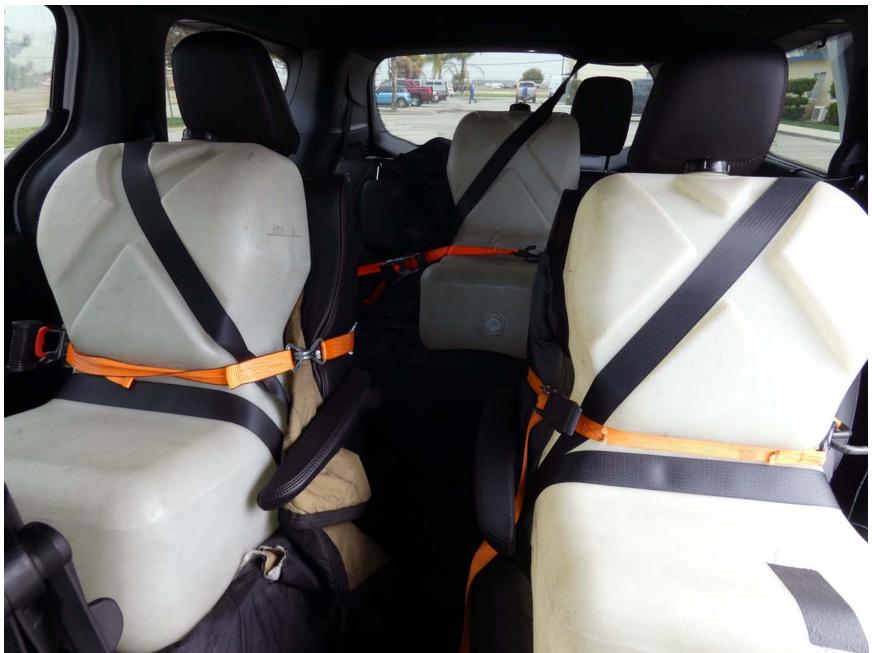


Figure A10. Ballast Condition

## APPENDIX B

# Test Run Log

Run Number	Test Type	Speed (mph)	Handwheel Angle (deg)	Dir. of First Steer	2 Wheel Lift	Notes
1	Tire Warm-Up	35	50	Left	NA	
2	"	"	70	"	"	
3	"	"	"	"	"	
4	"	"	"	"	"	
5	2x SWA last cycle				"	
6	Static	0	0		"	
7	Steady State	50	0		"	
8	Slowly Increasing Steer	50	40	Left	NA	
9	"	"	"	Left	"	
10	"	"	"	Left	"	
11	"	"	"	Right	"	
12	"	"	"	Right	"	
13	"	"	"	Right	"	
14	Fishhook 6.5 Scalar	35	187	Left	No	
15	"	40	"	"	"	
16	"	45	"	"	"	
17	"	47.5	"	"	"	

Run Number	Test Type	Speed (mph)	Handwheel Angle (deg)	Dir. of First Steer	2 Wheel Lift	Notes
18	"	50	"	"	"	
19	Fishhook 5.5 Scalar	45	158	Left	No	
20	۳	47.5	"	=	=	
21	"	50	"	"	"	
22	Fishhook 6.5 Scalar	35	187	Right	No	
23	"	40	"	"	"	
24	"	45	"	"	"	
25	"	47.5	"	"	"	
26	"	50	"	"	"	
27	Fishhook 5.5 Scalar	45	158	Right	No	
28	"	47.5	"	"	"	
29	"	50	"	"	"	

## APPENDIX C

Slowly Increasing Steer Test Worksheet

## NCAP, 2020 Chrysler Pacifica Hybrid Pacifica Hybrid Limited 35th Anniversary, Multi-Passenger Load,

Test Date: 3/12/2020

#### SIS\_out\_v2

Run	Dir of Steer	Start Speed (mph)	End Speed (mph)	Speed Red. (%)	Index of ay @ 0.3g	HW Angle (deg) at 0.3g	ay (g) @ 0.3g index	6.5x HW Angle (deg)	Ramp Time (sec) at 6.5x	5.5x HW Angle (deg)	Ramp Time (sec) at 5.5x	R2	Zero Begin Index	Zero End Index
8	Left	49.8	-0.1	100.1	1237	-29.0	-0.301	-188.6	-0.2619	-159.6	-0.2216	0.9971	601	800
9	Left	50.3	-0.1	100.2	1218	-28.2	-0.301	-183.2	-0.2544	-155.0	-0.2153	0.9967	600	800
10	Left	50.1	0.0	100.1	1229	-28.6	-0.304	-185.8	-0.2580	-157.2	-0.2183	0.9963	600	800
11	Right	50.7	-0.1	100.2	1235	29.0	0.302	188.6	0.2620	159.6	0.2217	0.9967	600	800
12	Right	50.5	-0.1	100.2	1233	28.9	0.301	187.6	0.2605	158.7	0.2205	0.9990	601	800
13	Right	50.3	1.5	97.1	1233	28.9	0.303	187.8	0.2608	158.9	0.2207	0.9988	601	800

Mean: 28.8 0.302

602 187

0.26

158 0.22

Steering Controller Input Values

Scalar 6.5 values:											
Initial HW angle:	187	deg									
Initial time:	0.26	s									
Reversal HW angle:	-187	deg									
Reversal time:	0.519	S									
Scalar 5.5 values:											
Initial HW angle:	158	deg									
Initial time:	0.22	S									
Reversal HW angle:	-158	deg									
Reversal time:	0.439	S									

## APPENDIX D

Time History Plots

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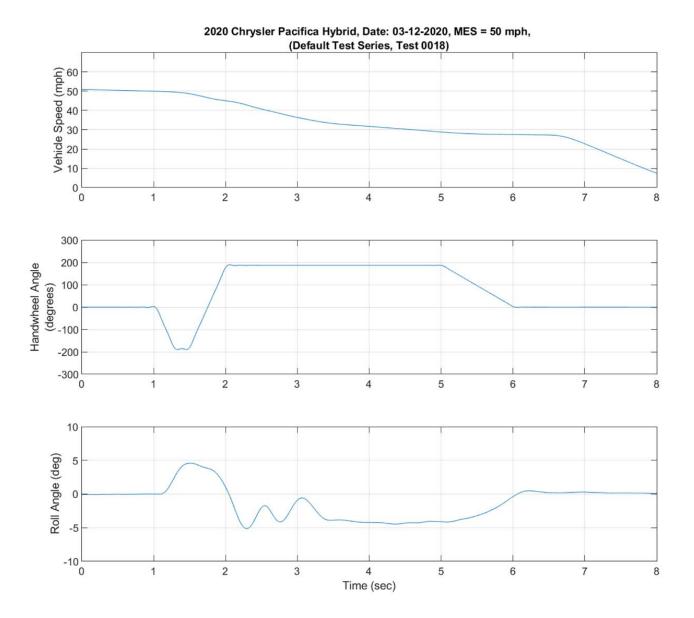


Figure D1. Vehicle Speed, Handwheel Angle, and Roll Angle Time History Plots for Default Test Series, L-R, 50 mph

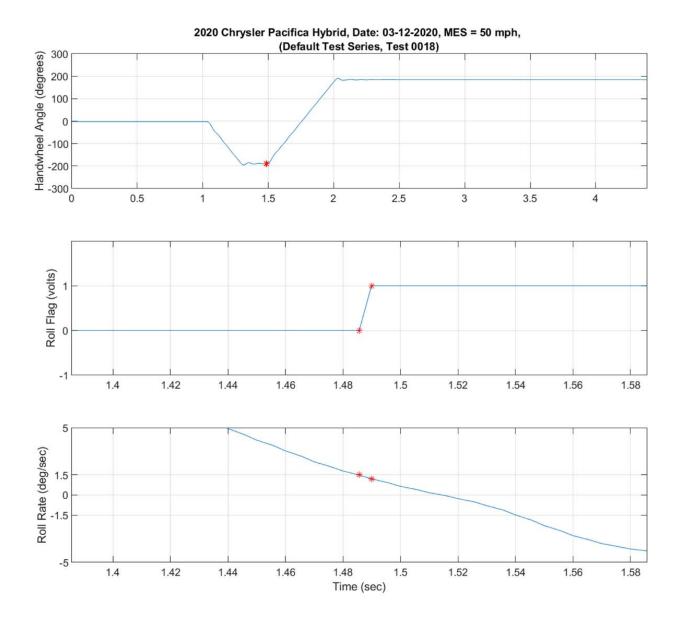


Figure D2. Steering Machine Operation Time History Plots for Default Test Series, L-R, 50 mph

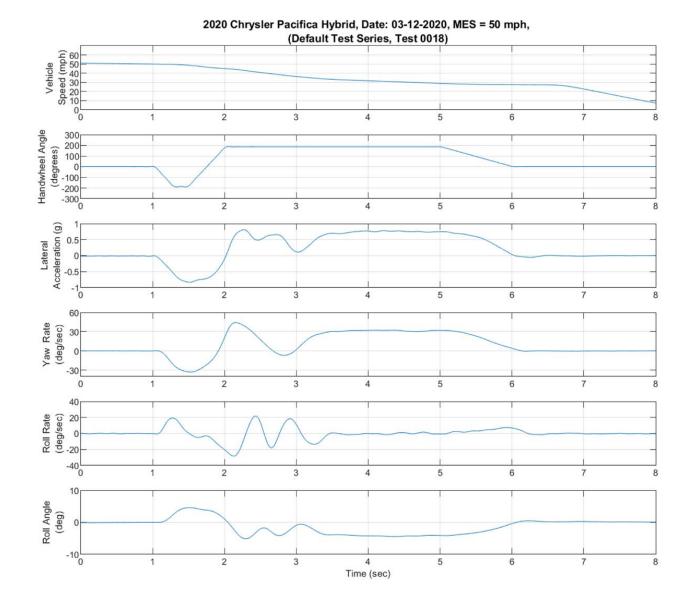


Figure D3. Yaw Rate, Roll Rate, and Lateral Acceleration Time History Plots For Default Test Series, L-R, 50 mph

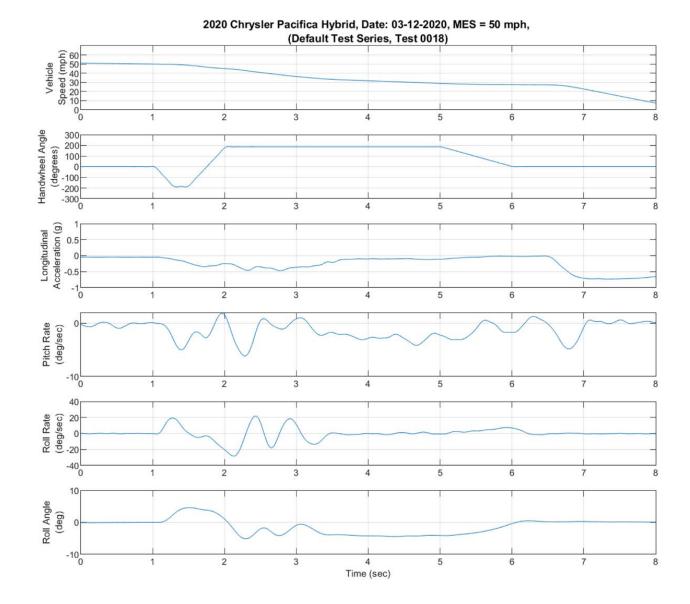


Figure D4. Pitch Rate and Longitudinal Acceleration Time History Plots for Default Test Series, L-R, 50 mph

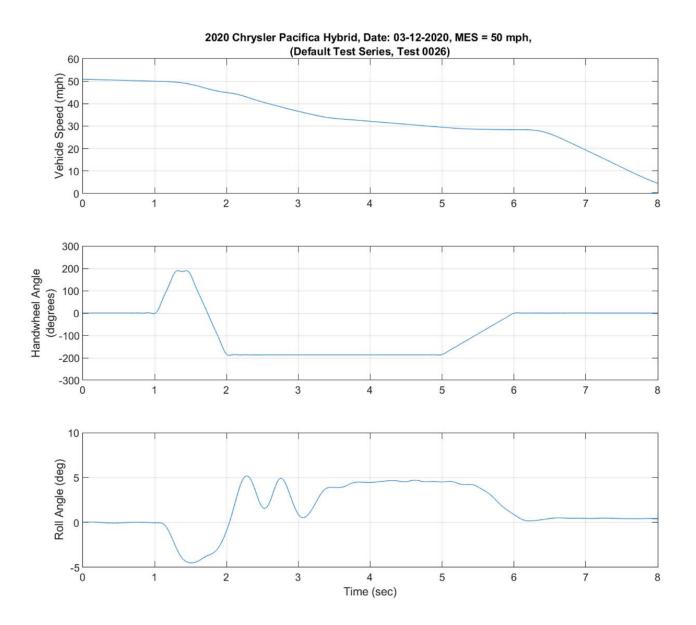


Figure D5. Vehicle Speed, Handwheel Angle, and Roll Angle Time History Plots for Default Test Series, R-L, 50 mph

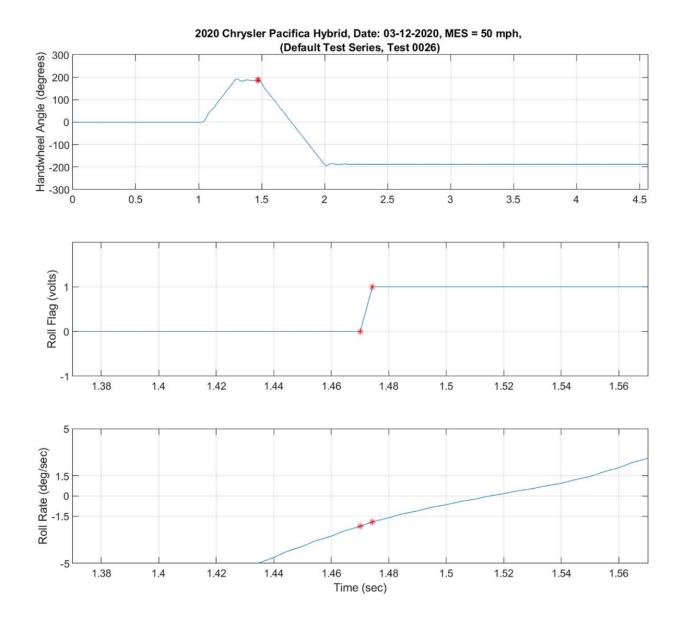


Figure D6. Steering Machine Operation Time History Plots for Default Test Series, R-L, 50 mph

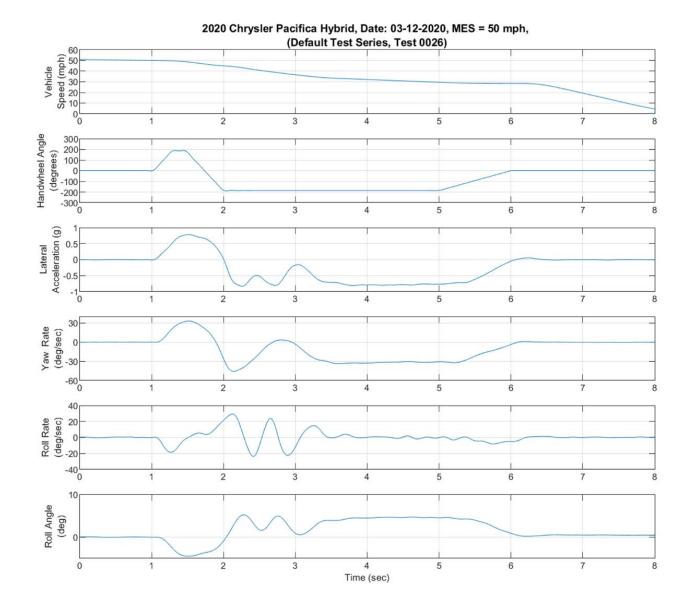


Figure D7. Yaw Rate, Roll Rate, and Lateral Acceleration Time History Plots for Default Test Series, R-L, 50 mph

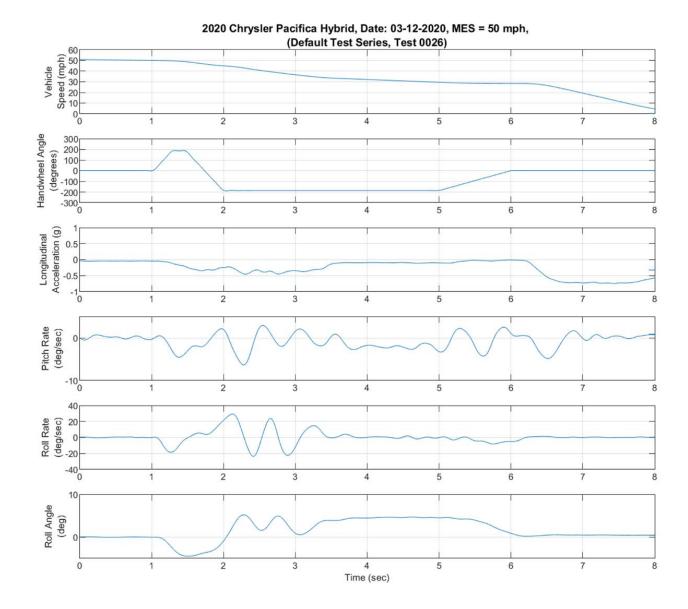


Figure D8. Pitch Rate and Longitudinal Acceleration Time History Plots or Default Test Series, R-L, 50 mph

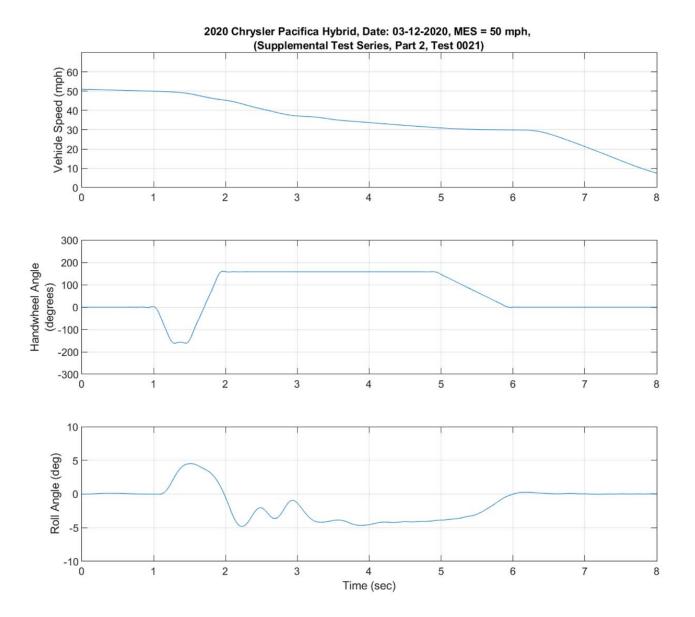


Figure D9. Vehicle Speed, Handwheel Angle, and Roll Angle Time History Plots for Supplemental 2 Test Series, L-R, 50 mph

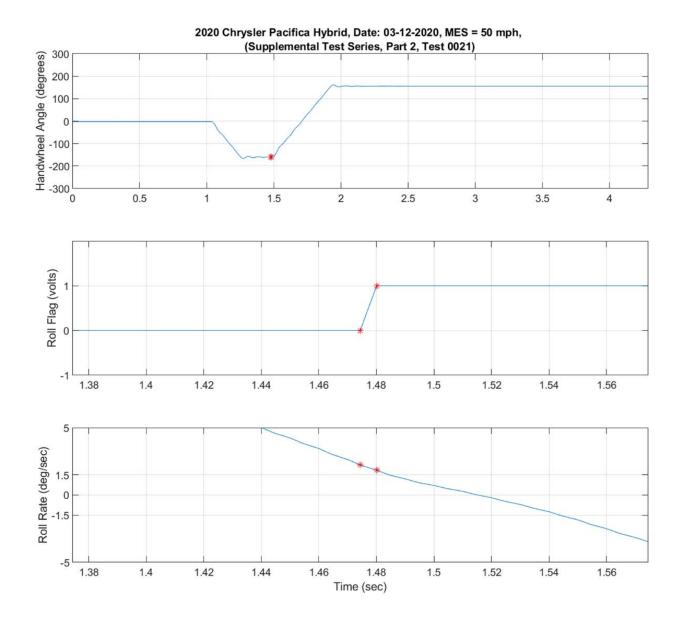


Figure D10. Steering Machine Operation Time History Plots for Supplemental 2 Test Series, L-R, 50 mph

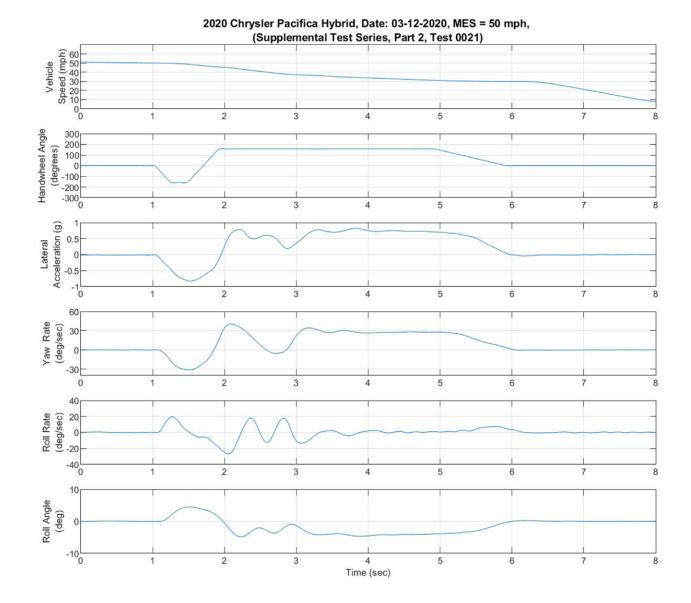


Figure D11. Yaw Rate, Roll Rate, and Lateral Acceleration Time History Plots for Supplemental 2 Test Series, L-R, 50 mph

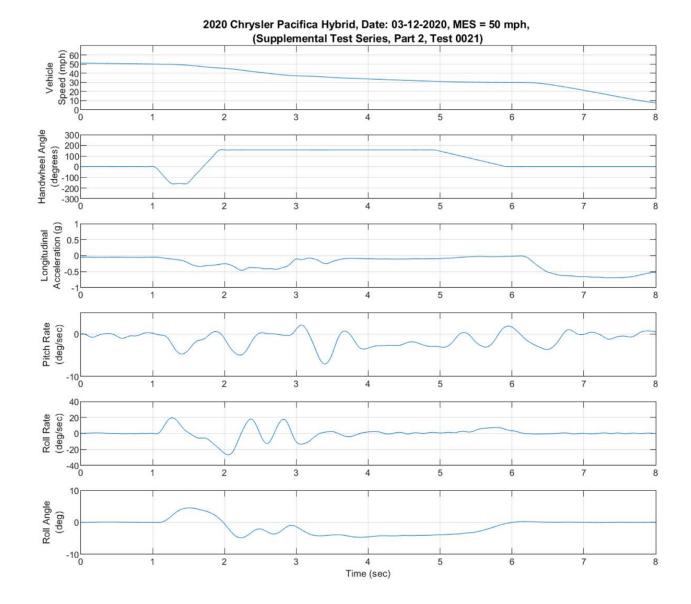


Figure D12. Pitch Rate and Longitudinal Acceleration Time History Plots for Supplemental 2 Test Series, L-R, 50 mph

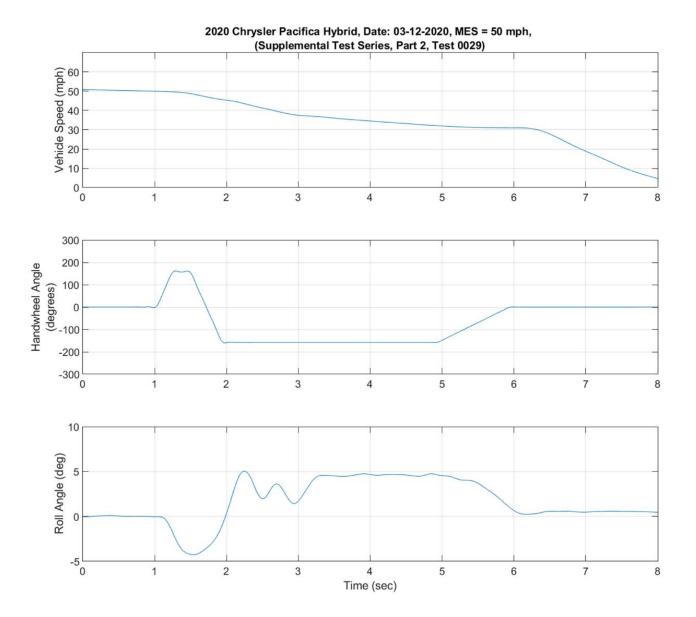


Figure D13. Vehicle Speed, Handwheel Angle, and Roll Angle Time History Plots for Supplemental 2 Test Series, R-L, 50 mph

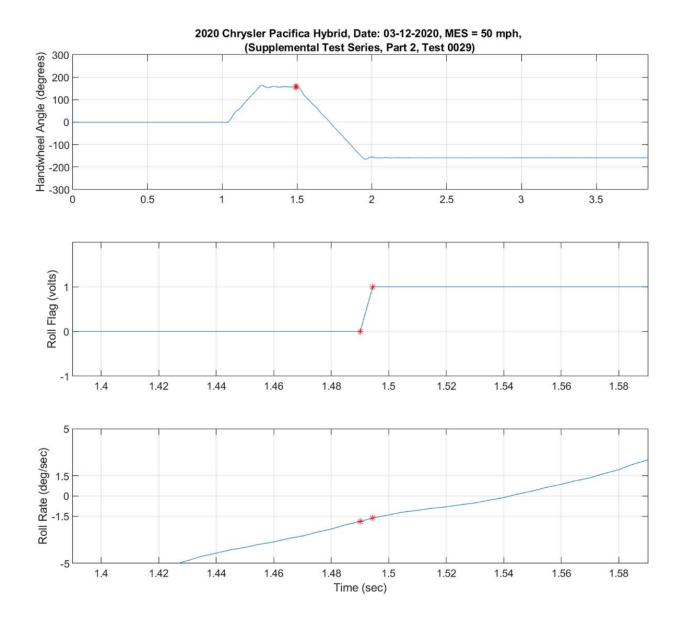


Figure D14. Steering Machine Operation Time History Plots for Supplemental 2 Test Series, R-L, 50 mph

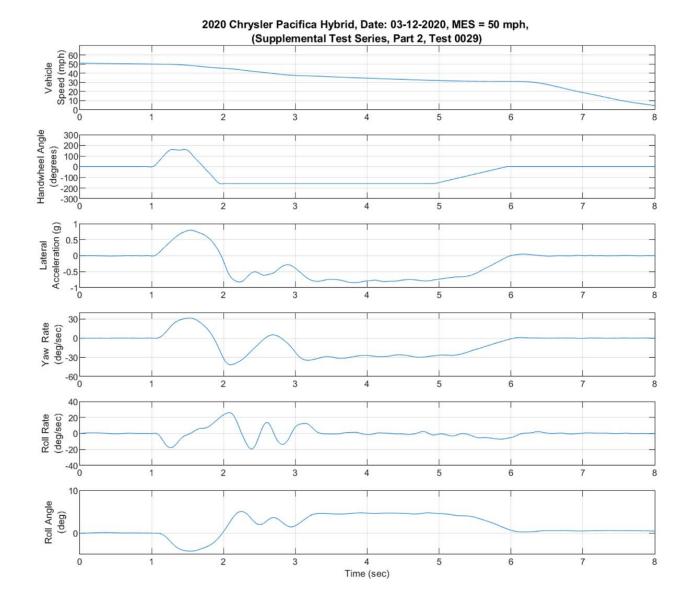


Figure D15. Yaw Rate, Roll Rate, and Lateral Acceleration Time History Plots for Supplemental 2 Test Series, R-L, 50 mph

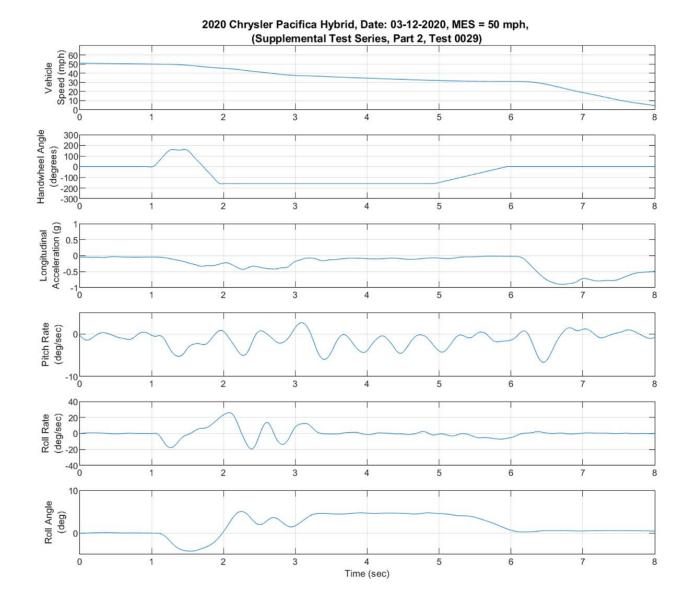


Figure D16. Pitch Rate and Longitudinal Acceleration Tim e History Plots for Supplemental 2 Test Series, R-L, 50 mph