DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

National Highway Traffic Safety Administration

[Docket No. NHTSA-2019-0098; Notice 1]

Toyota Motor North America, Inc., Receipt of Petition for Decision of Inconsequential Noncompliance

AGENCY: National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA), Department of Transportation (DOT).

ACTION: Receipt of petition.

SUMMARY: Toyota Motor North America, Inc., (Toyota) has determined that certain model year (MY) 2019 Toyota Tacoma motor vehicles do not fully comply with Federal Motor Vehicle Safety Standard (FMVSS) No. 209, Seat Belt Assemblies. Toyota filed a noncompliance report dated September 5, 2019. Toyota subsequently petitioned NHTSA on September 27, 2019 for a decision that the subject noncompliance is inconsequential as it relates to motor vehicle safety. This notice announces receipt of Toyota's petition.

DATES: Send comments on or before February 3, 2020.

ADDRESSES: Interested persons are invited to submit written data, views, and arguments on this petition. Comments must refer to the docket and notice number cited in the title of this notice and may be submitted by any of the following methods:

- Mail: Send comments by mail addressed to the U.S. Department of Transportation, Docket Operations, M—30, West Building Ground Floor, Room W12–140, 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE, Washington, DC 20590.
- Hand Delivery: Deliver comments by hand to the U.S. Department of Transportation, Docket Operations, M— 30, West Building Ground Floor, Room W12—140, 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE, Washington, DC 20590. The Docket Section is open on weekdays from 10 a.m. to 5 p.m. except for Federal Holidays.
- Electronically: Submit comments electronically by logging onto the Federal Docket Management System (FDMS) website at https://www.regulations.gov/. Follow the online instructions for submitting comments.
- Comments may also be faxed to (202) 493–2251.

Comments must be written in the English language, and be no greater than 15 pages in length, although there is no limit to the length of necessary attachments to the comments. If comments are submitted in hard copy form, please ensure that two copies are

provided. If you wish to receive confirmation that comments you have submitted by mail were received, please enclose a stamped, self-addressed postcard with the comments. Note that all comments received will be posted without change to https://www.regulations.gov, including any personal information provided.

All comments and supporting materials received before the close of business on the closing date indicated above will be filed in the docket and will be considered. All comments and supporting materials received after the closing date will also be filed and will be considered to the fullest extent possible.

When the petition is granted or denied, notice of the decision will also be published in the **Federal Register** pursuant to the authority indicated at the end of this notice.

All comments, background documentation, and supporting materials submitted to the docket may be viewed by anyone at the address and times given above. The documents may also be viewed on the internet at https://www.regulations.gov by following the online instructions for accessing the dockets. The docket ID number for this petition is shown in the heading of this notice.

DOT's complete Privacy Act Statement is available for review in a **Federal Register** notice published on April 11, 2000 (65 FR 19477–78).

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

I. Overview: Toyota has determined that certain MY 2019 Toyota Tacoma Double Cab motor vehicles do not fully comply with paragraph S4.1 of FMVSS No. 209, Seat Belt Assemblies (49 CFR 571.209). Toyota filed a noncompliance report dated September 5, 2019 pursuant to 49 CFR part 573, Defect and Noncompliance Responsibility and Reports. Toyota subsequently petitioned NHTSA on September 27, 2019 for an exemption from the notification and remedy requirements of 49 U.S.C Chapter 301 on the basis that this noncompliance is inconsequential as it relates to motor vehicle safety pursuant to 49 U.S.C. 30118(d) and 30120(h) and 49 CFR part 556, Exemption for Inconsequential Defect or Noncompliance.

This notice of receipt of Toyota's petition is published under 49 U.S.C. 30118 and 30120 and does not represent any Agency decision or other exercises of judgment concerning the merits of the petition.

II. Vehicles Involved: Approximately 70 MY 2019 Toyota Tacoma Double Cab motor vehicles, manufactured between July 25, 2019 and July 30, 2019, are potentially involved.

III. Noncompliance: Toyota explains that the noncompliance is that the subject vehicles are missing seat belt labels on the rear center seat belt assemblies and therefore, do not meet the requirements set forth in paragraph S4.1 of FMVSS No. 209. Specifically, the label which is sewn to the rear center seat belt may have been mistakenly removed while scanning the code on the label.

IV. Rule Requirements: Paragraph S4.1(j) of FMVSS No. 209 includes the requirements relevant to this petition. Each seat belt assembly shall be permanently and legibly marked or labeled with the year of manufacture, model, and name or trademark of manufacturer or distributor, or of importer if manufactured outside the United States.

V. Summary of Toyota's Petition: The following views and arguments presented in this section are the views and arguments provided by Toyota. They have not been evaluated by the Agency and do not reflect the views of the Agency.

Toyota described the subject noncompliance and stated its belief that the noncompliance is inconsequential as it relates to motor vehicle safety.

Toyota submitted the following views and arguments in support of the petition:

1. The noncompliant seat belt assemblies were properly installed, and due to Toyota's replacement parts ordering systems, improper replacement seat belt assembly selection and installation would not be likely to occur:

Toyota stated that the primary purpose of the seat belt label required by \$4.1(j) of FMVSS No. 209 is to identify the seat belt in the event it needs to be replaced. Toyota contends that there are other means to identify the seat belt without looking at the label, and these methods are equally effective in identifying the correct seat belt to install in a vehicle in the event a replacement is needed.

According to Toyota, all the noncomplying seat belts were installed as original equipment in the subject vehicles and are unique to the Tacoma rear center seat; they cannot be properly installed in any other Tacoma seating positions and are not used on any other Toyota or Lexus models (Service replacement parts are not affected and contain required labels). Toyota also states that manufacturing processes and the unique properties of this center rear belt assembly matches the correct rear center seat belt with the rear seat that is tied to a specific VIN. Toyota states this

assures that an incorrect seat belt will not be installed in a vehicle during its assembly. If a seat belt replacement is needed, the service parts system would also preclude the purchase and installation of an improper replacement seat belt assembly. Toyota's petition contends that seat belt assembly service parts are ordered through the Toyota authorized dealership system using the seat belt assembly part number or the VIN and that replacement parts for the subject seat belt assemblies are not distributed through the general automotive aftermarket; they are only sold by Toyota dealers. Toyota also states that the seat belt retractor also has a separate label with the supplier part number which can further help identify the seat belt during replacement.

The Toyota petition further states that when a purchaser orders a seat belt replacement part, the installation instruction, usage, and maintenance instructions are included in the service parts packaging and clearly identifies that the seat belt is for a Toyota Tacoma and identifies the seat belt installation location. According to Toyota, these instructions comply with paragraph S4.1(k) of FMVSS No. 209.

Given the purpose of paragraph S4.1(j) of FMVSS No. 209 Toyota believes there are alternative methods as noted above that can be used to identify seat belts if they need to be replaced.

Therefore, Toyota states that the noncompliant seat belts as installed in the vehicle do not present a safety risk, and the chance of an incorrect seat belt being installed in a vehicle is essentially zero.

2. In the event of a recall the seat belt installed in each vehicle can be identified based on the VIN:

Another purpose of the labeling requirement in the standard is to allow for easier identification of a seat belt in the event a safety recall is initiated. Toyota states that traceability in the Toyota production system ensures the seat belts can be easily identified without the label specified in paragraph S4.1(j) of FMVSS No. 209.

Toyota again stated that each seat section and the center rear seat belt has a label with a code which is scanned into the seat supplier's system and tied to the VIN for traceability. In the event of a safety recall for this part, Toyota believes the VIN is a sufficient means of identifying the potentially affected vehicles. Therefore, Toyota states the absence of the label specified in the standard poses no risk to motor vehicle safety.

3. The seat belt complies with all other requirements of FMVSS No. 209:

The noncomplying seat belt assemblies may lack the required marking or labeling, but Toyota states all the seat belt assemblies meet all other requirements of the standard. According to Toyota, there is no impact to performance, functionality, or occupant safety.

4. Toyota is unaware of any owner complaints, field reports, or allegations of hazardous circumstances concerning missing seat belt labels in the subject vehicles:

Toyota has searched its records for reports or other information concerning the rear center seat belts in the subject vehicles. No owner complaints, field reports, or allegations of hazardous circumstances concerning missing seat belt labels were found.

5. Toyota believes NHTSA has granted similar petitions for inconsequential noncompliance:

Toyota cited four FMVSS No. 209 petitions for inconsequential noncompliance related to seat belt assemblies:

- Chrysler Corporation, 57 FR 45865 (October 5, 1992)
- TRW Inc., 58 FR 7171 (February 4, 1993)
- Bombardier Motor Corporation of America, 65 FR 60238 (October 10, 2000)
- Oreion, 80 FR 5616 (November 21, 2014)

NHTSA notes that the statutory provisions (49 U.S.C. 30118(d) and 30120(h)) that permit manufacturers to file petitions for a determination of inconsequentiality allow NHTSA to exempt manufacturers only from the duties found in sections 30118 and 30120, respectively, to notify owners, purchasers, and dealers of a defect or noncompliance and to remedy the defect or noncompliance. Therefore, any decision on this petition only applies to the subject vehicles that Toyota no longer controlled at the time it determined that the noncompliance existed. However, any decision on this petition does not relieve vehicle distributors and dealers of the prohibitions on the sale, offer for sale, or introduction or delivery for introduction into interstate commerce of the noncompliant vehicles under their control after Toyota notified them that the subject noncompliance existed.

Authority: (49 U.S.C. 30118, 30120: Delegations of authority at 49 CFR 1.95 and 501.8)

Otto G. Matheke III,

 $\label{eq:Director} Director, Of fice\ of\ Vehicle\ Safety\ Compliance. \\ \hbox{[FR Doc.\ 2019–28372\ Filed\ 1-2-20;\ 8:45\ am]}$

BILLING CODE 4910-59-P

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

Bureau of the Fiscal Service

Proposed Collection of Information: Application by Survivors for Payment of Bond or Check Issued Under the Armed Forces Leave Act of 1946, as Amended

ACTION: Notice and request for comments.

SUMMARY: The Department of the Treasury, as part of its continuing effort to reduce paperwork and respondent burden, invites the general public and other Federal agencies to take this opportunity to comment on proposed and/or continuing information collections, as required by the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995. Currently the Bureau of the Fiscal Service within the Department of the Treasury is soliciting comments concerning the Application by Survivors for Payment of Bond or Check Issued Under the Armed Forces Leave Act of 1946, as amended.

DATES: Written comments should be received on or before March 3, 2020 to be assured of consideration.

ADDRESSES: Direct all written comments and requests for additional information to Bureau of the Fiscal Service, Bruce A. Sharp, Room #4006–A, P.O. Box 1328, Parkersburg, WV 26106–1328, or bruce.sharp@fiscal.treasury.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Title: Application By Survivors for Payment of Bond or Check Issued Under the Armed Forces Leave Act of 1946, as amended.

OMB Number: 1530–0038.
Form Number: FS Form 2066.
Abstract: The information is requested to support payment of an Armed Forces Leave Bond or check issued under Section 6 of the Armed Forces Leave Act of 1946, as amended, where the owner died without assigning the bond to the Administrator of Veterans Affairs prior to payment, or without presenting the check for payment.

Current Actions: Revision of a currently approved collection.

Type of Review: Regular.
Affected Public: Individuals or
Households.

Estimated Number of Respondents: 100.

Estimated Time per Respondent: 30 minutes.

Estimated Total Annual Burden Hours: 50.

Request for Comments: Comments submitted in response to this notice will be summarized and/or included in the