NEW CAR ASSESSMENT PROGRAM (NCAP) DYNAMIC ROLLOVER RESISTANCE TEST

FORD MOTOR COMPANY

2017 Ford F250 4WD

TEST NUMBER: 17-09

Final Report 17 January 2017



Prepared by:

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Prepared for:

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16. Abstract An NCAP Dynamic Rollover Maneuver (Fishhook) Test was conducted on a 2017 Ford F250 4WD at Dynamic Research, Inc. on November 23, 2016. The vehicle did not experience two-wheel lift. The vehicle's steering angle at 0.3g lateral acceleration at 50 mph was 50.9 degrees.				
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Section I

Beginning with the 2006 fiscal year, the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) has engaged Dynamic Research, Inc. (DRI) of Torrance, CA to conduct dynamic rollover testing and gather data from that testing as part of NHTSA's New Car Assessment Program (NCAP).

The purpose of the testing reported herein was to determine if a typical 2017 Ford F250 4WD would experience tip-up, defined as simultaneous two-wheel lift of two inches or more at an entry speed of 50 mph or less in the Fishhook Procedure developed by NHTSA. This procedure may be found at www.regulations.gov, docket item NHTSA-2006-26555-0136.

The testing reported herein was accomplished under contract DTNH22-14-D-00332. The task order is entitled, "New Car Assessment Program (NCAP) Non-Destructive Vehicle Testing and Data Gathering."

Section II VEHICLE PREPARATION

A. TEST VEHICLE

The test vehicle was new or in as-new condition, meaning the vehicle had been driven no more than 500 miles prior to the start of dynamic rollover testing. It was acquired through a commercial rental/leasing company. Details of the test vehicle are given in Table 1.

B. TIRES

All tires used were new, and of the same make, model, size, and DOT specification of those installed on the vehicle when purchased new. Tire inflation pressures were in accordance with the recommendations indicated on each vehicle's identification placard. To reduce the possibility of tire debeading during Fishhook testing, an appropriately sized inner tube was installed in each tire. To further reduce the possibility of tire debeading, the tires were mounted to the rims without the use of tire mounting lubricant. Tire specifications are listed in Table 2.

C. VEHICLE LOADING

The multi-passenger load, described in the Fishhook Procedure, was used for all tests. The load and positioning of the load in the vehicle are listed in Table 3.

In addition to water dummies, the loading included instrumentation, a steering machine, and outriggers. Test vehicle bumper assemblies were removed for outrigger installation. The reduction in vehicle weight due to the removal of the bumpers was offset by the additional weight of the outriggers and their mounting system. The outrigger system typically outweighs the bumper assemblies.

	General	Data			
Model year, make, model	2017 For	d F250 4WI	D		
VIN	1FT7W2B	1FT7W2BT4HEB2xxxx			
Body style	TRUCK				
Number of doors	4				
Trim level					
Seating positions	Front:	2 nd row	3 rd row	4 th row	5 th row
	3	3	0	0	0
Electronic stability control	Yes	1		I	
4-Wheel ABS (Yes/No)	Yes				
Power steering (Yes/No)	Yes				
Major optional equipment					
Odometer at start of testing	133 miles				
	Drivetra	ain			
Engine cylinder arrangement	V-8				
Engine displacement	6.7 L				
Transmission type	Automatic	;			
Drive arrangement	4WD				
	Chass	is			
Track width	F: 68.5 in	(1739.9 mn	n),R: 67.2	25 in (1708.)	2 mm)
Wheelbase	160 in (40	64 mm)			
Curb weight	6833 lb (3	099.4 kg)			
Certifica	tion Data fror	n Vehicle's	Label		
Vehicle manufactured by	FORD MC	DTOR COM	PANY		
Date of manufacture	8/16				
GVWR	10000 lb	(4536 kg)			
GAWR Front	5200 lb	(2359 kg)			
GAWR Rear	6340 lb	(2876 kg)			

Tire Manufacturer	Continental
Tire Model	Contitrac
Tire Size	Front: 275/65r18 Rear: 275/65r18
Load rating	Front: 123/120 Rear: 123/120
Speed rating	Front: S Rear: S
Treadwear grade	Front: NA Rear:
Traction grade	Front: NA Rear:
Temperature grade	Front: NA Rear:
Location of "Recommended Tire Pressure" label	Driver's Door jamb
Recommended cold tire pressure	Front: 60 psi, (420 kPa) Rear: 75 psi, (520 kPa)
First 8 digits of DOT code	Front: A3V9 H00R Rear: A3V9 H00R

Table 3. Vehicle Loading

Water dummy and other loading	3 water dummies in second row	
Water dummy weight	175 lb (79.4 kg)	
Fuel level	Full	
Weight as Tested		
Left front	2555 lb (1158.9 kg)	
Right front	2417 lb (1096.3 kg)	
Left rear	1760 lb (798.3 kg)	
Right rear	1660 lb (753 kg)	

D. STEERING CONTROLLER

A programmable steering machine was installed which generates handwheel steering inputs for all test maneuvers. The machine provides at least 35 lb-ft of torque at a handwheel rate of 720 deg/sec, is capable of actuating the vehicle's steering system through its full range, and accepts angular rate sensor feedback input for roll rate-induced steering reversals.

E. INSTRUMENTATION AND DATA COLLECTION

The test vehicle was instrumented with an angle encoder, located in the steering controller; a 3-axis inertial measurement unit to measure roll, pitch, and yaw rates, and longitudinal, lateral, and vertical acceleration; two ultrasonic distance measuring sensors to measure vehicle roll angle; and a radar speed sensor to measure vehicle speed. The brake light circuit was monitored to verify that there was no brake pedal application during any test.

A list of the sensors is given in Table 4. A 3B signal conditioning and power rack was used to provide any necessary sensor power, excitation, gain, and offset. Two pole Butterworth anti-alias filters were used for all analog data channels, using a corner frequency of 20 Hz. Data were collected at 200 samples/sec, using a Measurement Computing Corp. PCI-DAS6402/16 A/D board.

Two video cameras were used to record the Fishhook runs. They were positioned nominally as shown in Figure 1. The recorded videotapes were reviewed after the Fishhook runs to check for any two wheel lift. If any two wheel lift was observed, eight infrared distance measuring sensors for measurement of wheel lift (two sensors at each wheel) were then mounted for use in subsequent confirmation Fishhook tests.

F. OTHER VEHICLE PREPARATION

In addition to installation and preparation discussed above, the test vehicle was prepared as follows:

- Front and rear bumpers were removed
- Outrigger mounts were installed in the bumper locations and titanium outriggers were fastened to these mounts
- A five point safety harness was installed.
- Airbags were removed or otherwise disabled

Photographs of the vehicle tested are given in Appendix A.

Data Measured	Туре	Range	Manufacturer	Model Number
Handwheel angle	Encoder	Infinite	Heitz Automotive Testing, Inc.	Angle encoder integral with steering controller
Brake pedal actuation	Tape Switch	On/Off	Vericom Computers	VC3000
Longitudinal, lateral, and vertical acceleration	Multi-axis inertial sensing system	±2 g	BEI Technologies, Inc., Systron Donner Inertial	MP-1
Roll, pitch, and yaw rate		±100 deg/s	Division	
Left and right side vehicle ride height (to measure roll angle)	Ultrasonic distance measuring system	50 – 400 mm	Texense	RH550-400
Vehicle speed	Radar speed sensor	0 - 100 mph	Racelogic VBox	VBSS100-V3
Wheel lift (via resolution of two measured distances spaced a known distance apart), used for confirmation tests only	Analog displacement measuring system (Infrared; 880 mm)	13.8 - 33.5 in	Wenglor Sensors, Ltd.	HT 66MGV80

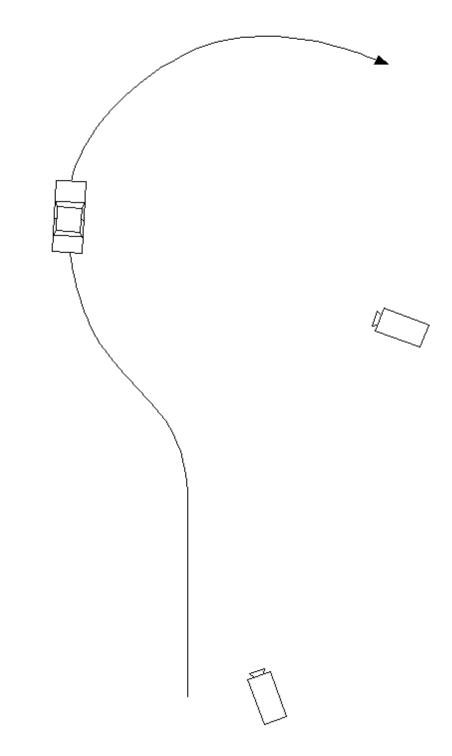


Figure 1. Nominal Position of Video Cameras for Fishhook Tests

Section III TEST PROCEDURES

This section includes a general overview of the test procedures and details of the particular test.

A. TEST PROCEDURE OVERVIEW

This test was conducted in accordance with NHTSA's NCAP Rollover Resistance Test Procedure (Fishhook) as described in the Federal Register (68 FR 59250). Detailed descriptions of the test procedure, pass/fail criteria, and data acquisition specifications may be found at docket NHTSA-2001-9663.

There are two major components of the test procedure, the Slowly Increasing Steer (SIS) pre-test and the Fishhook test.

The Slowly Increasing Steer (SIS) maneuver was used to characterize the steady state lateral dynamics of each vehicle, and is based on the "Constant Speed, Variable Steer" test defined in SAE J266. The maneuver is used to determine the handwheel angle that produces a lateral acceleration of 0.3 g at 50 mph. This handwheel angle is then used to determine the magnitude of steering to be used for the NHTSA Fishhook maneuver.

SIS tests were performed at a constant speed of 50 mph. Handwheel angle was input at a rate of 13.5 deg/sec, from 0 to an angle that provided at least 0.55 g. Three tests were conducted in each direction, and the data for the six runs were averaged to obtain the handwheel angle that produced 0.3 g at 50 mph.

The Fishhook test is a programmed steering maneuver that is implemented via the steering controller. The vehicle was initially steered in one direction and then the steering was reversed. The timing, magnitude and rate of the steering were prescribed by the Fishhook Procedure.

To begin the maneuver, the vehicle was driven in a straight line at a speed slightly greater than the desired entrance speed. The driver then released the throttle. When the vehicle was at the target speed, the steering controller automatically initiated the steering maneuver. Following completion of the steering reversal the handwheel position was maintained for three seconds, and then returned to zero angle in 1 second. The tests were conducted in both left-right and right-left directions. The "Default" test series used a handwheel angle equal to 6.5 times the handwheel angle that produced 0.3 g at 50 mph in the SIS tests, and initial vehicle speeds beginning at 35 mph and concluding up to 50 mph (if no two-wheel lift occurs). Supplemental tests were also done, as specified in the Fishhook Procedure.

B. TEST CONDITIONS

1. Test Surface

The tests were conducted on the Vehicle Dynamics Area at DRI's Minter Field facility, located near Bakersfield, California, on 11/23/2016. The VDA has a smooth, flat (slope less than 0.5% throughout) asphaltic concrete surface. Its dimensions are as shown in Figure 2. It was built in the spring of 2005.

VDA surface friction measurements were accomplished using the DRI Mobile Tire Tester. Three runs were done, one at each of three previously determined locations. Each run provided for a minimum of 3 seconds of tire friction at constant normal load, slip angle, and speed in a free rolling condition. The test was accomplished using an ASTM E1136 tire with an inflation pressure of 35 (\pm 0.5) psi at a test speed of 40 (\pm 0.5) mph. The net slip angle of the test tire for each test run was 7.5 deg. The test tire was no older than 6 months from the date of manufacture. The surface friction measurement results are shown in Table 5.

Table 5. Surface Friction

Date of surface friction measurements	11/22/2016
Average normalized lateral force	0.938

2. Fishhook Handwheel Angles

The 0.3g handwheel angle obtained from the SIS tests and the handwheel angles used in the Fishhook tests are shown in Table 6.

0.3g handwheel angle (from SIS tests at 50 mph)	50.9 °
5.5 scalar handwheel angle for Fishhook Test	280°
6.5 scalar handwheel angle for Fishhook Test	331 °

Table 6. Handwheel Angles

3. Weather Conditions

The weather conditions, recorded at the end of testing, are shown in Table 7.

Ambient temperature	48 °F (9 °C)
Wind Speed	3 mph (1.3 m/s)
Wind Direction	W-SW

Table 7. Weather Conditions

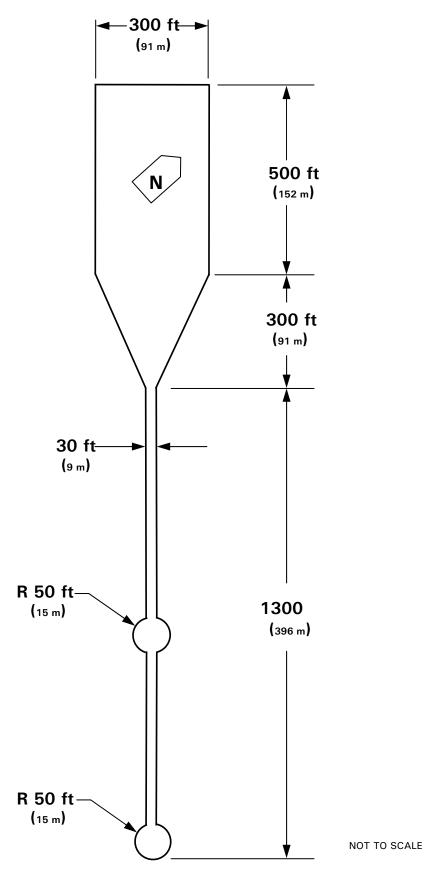


Figure 2. DRI-Minter Vehicle Dynamics Area

The test run log is given in Appendix B. The Slowly Increasing Steer Test Worksheet is given in Appendix C. Appendix D contains time history plots for the 50 mph runs and any runs which resulted in two-wheel lift. For the 2017 Ford F250 4WD, there was no two-wheel lift at any test condition.

APPENDIX A

Photographs

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Go Further	HICLE DESCRIPTION SUPER DU 2017 F250 SRW 4X4 CF XLT 160° WB STVLESID 6.7L POWER STROKE V 6.5PEED AUTO TRANS	EW CAR EXTERIOR	ER METALLIC RTH GRAY	FUEL ECONOMY RATINGS NOT
TOTALOON FTANDARD EQUIPMENT INCLUDED EXTERIOR BOXLINKS CHROME BOXLINKS CHROME CORRILLE - SARR, CHROME CORRILLE - SARR, CHROME CORRILLE - SARR, CHROME - PICKING REMOVIABLE TAILGATE WILTIT AST FAN WEOX OLT - PICKING POX TE DOWN HOOKS - AW WEOX OLT - REART PRIVACY GLASS - STANLERE SWAY CONTROL - TOW HOOKS - TRAILER SWAY CONTROL		EUNCTIONAL - 4-WHEEL ANTI-LOCK DISC BRAINING SYSTEM - HILL START ASSIST - UEWEL EFFECT HEADLAMPS - MANUAL LOCKING HUBS - MOND BEAM COLIS SPRING FRI SUSPENSION W/STAB BBAR - MYKEY - REMOTE KEYLESS ENTRY - REMOTE KEYLESS ENTRY	SAFETY/SECURITY ADVANCETWITH RSC ARBAGS - SAFETY CANOPY DEPENDENT AND AND PERMETER ALARM SOS POST CRASH ALERT SYS MARBARTY - SYNVES,000 BUMPER / BUMPER - SYNVES,000 POWERTRAIN - SYNVES,000 ROADSIDE ASSIST	REQUIRED ON THIS VEHICLE
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Figure A1. Window Sticker



Figure A2. Front View, Test Vehicle as Delivered



Figure A3. Rear View, Test Vehicle as Delivered



Figure A4. Front View, Test Vehicle in Test Condition



Figure A5. Rear View, Test Vehicle in Test Condition

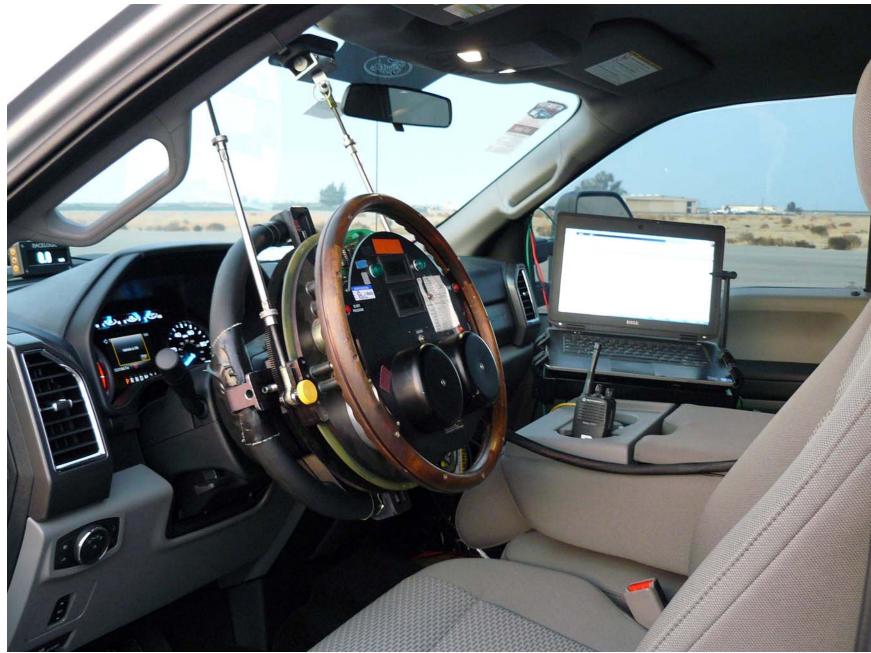


Figure A6. Instrumentation in Test Vehicle



Figure A7. Ballast Condition

APPENDIX B

Test Run Log

Vehicle: 2017 Ford F250 4WD

Run Number	Test Type	Speed (mph)	Handwheel Angle (deg)	Dir. of First Steer	2 Wheel Lift	Notes
1	Tire Warm-Up	35	100	Right	5P	Resulted in $ay = 0.60g$
2						
3						
4						2x SWA last cycle
5	Static	0	0			
6	Steady State	50	0			
7	Slowly Increasing Steer	50	80	Left	NA	ng
8	Slowly Increasing Steer	50	80	Left	NA	Resulted in ay = 0.56g
9	Slowly Increasing Steer	50	80	Left	NA	
10	Slowly Increasing Steer	50	80	Left	NA	
11	Slowly Increasing Steer	50	80	Right	NA	
12	Slowly Increasing Steer	50	80	Right	NA	
13	Slowly Increasing Steer	50	80	Right		
14	Fishhook	35	331	Left	No	6.5 Scalar
15	Fishhook	40	331	Left	No	
16	Fishhook	45	331	Left	No	
17	Fishhook	47.5	331	Left	No	
18	Fishhook	50	331	Left	No	
19	Fishhook	35	331	Right	No	
20	Fishhook	40	331	Right	No	
21	Fishhook	45	331	Right	No	
22	Fishhook	47.5	331	Right	No	
23	Fishhook	50	331	Right	No	
24	Fishhook	45	280	Right	No	5.5 Scalar

Vehicle: 2017 Ford F250 4WD

Driver:

Stephan Rhim

Date: 11/23/2016

Run Number	Test Type	Speed (mph)	Handwheel Angle (deg)	Dir. of First Steer	2 Wheel Lift	Notes
25	Fishhook	47.5	280	Right	No	
26	Fishhook	50	280	Right	No	
27	Fishhook	45	280	Left	No	
28	Fishhook	47.5	280	Left	No	
29	Fishhook	50	280	Left	No	

APPENDIX C

Slowly Increasing Steer Test Worksheet

NCAP, 2017 Ford F250 4WD , Multi-Passenger Load, Test Date: 11/23/2016

Run	Dir of Steer	Start Speed (mph)	End Speed (mph)	Speed Red. (%)	Index of ay @ 0.3g	HW Angle (deg) at 0.3g	ay (g) @ 0.3g index	6.5x HW Angle (deg)	Ramp Time (sec) at 6.5x	5.5x HW Angle (deg)	Ramp Time (sec) at 5.5x	R2	Zero Begin Index	Zero End Index
8	1	49.3	21	57.5	1272	-52.1	-0.306	-338.8	-0.4706	-286.7	-0.3982	0.9905	300	500
9	1	48.7	9.9	79.7	1281	-52.4	-0.309	-340.8	-0.4734	-288.4	-0.4006	0.9920	300	500
10	1	49.8	12.1	75.7	1271	-52.0	-0.291	-337.7	-0.469	-285.7	-0.3968	0.9881	300	500
11	0	50.6	8.8	82.5	1230	49.2	0.301	319.7	0.4440	270.5	0.3757	0.9908	300	500
12	0	49.2	14.8	69.9	1240	49.9	0.298	324.4	0.4506	274.5	0.3813	0.9899	300	500
13	0	48.2	19.7	59.2	1233	49.8	0.299	323.5	0.4494	273.8	0.3802	0.9833	300	500

Mean: 50.9

deg

0.301 331

0.459

0.389

280

Steering Controller Input Values

Scalar 6.5 values:

Initial HW angle:	331	deg
Initial time:	0.459	S
Reversal HW angle:	-331	deg
Reversal time:	0.919	S
Scalar 5.5 values:		

Initial HW angle:
Initial time:

Initial time:	0.389	S
Reversal HW angle:	-280	deg
Reversal time:	0.778	S

280

APPENDIX D

Time History Plots

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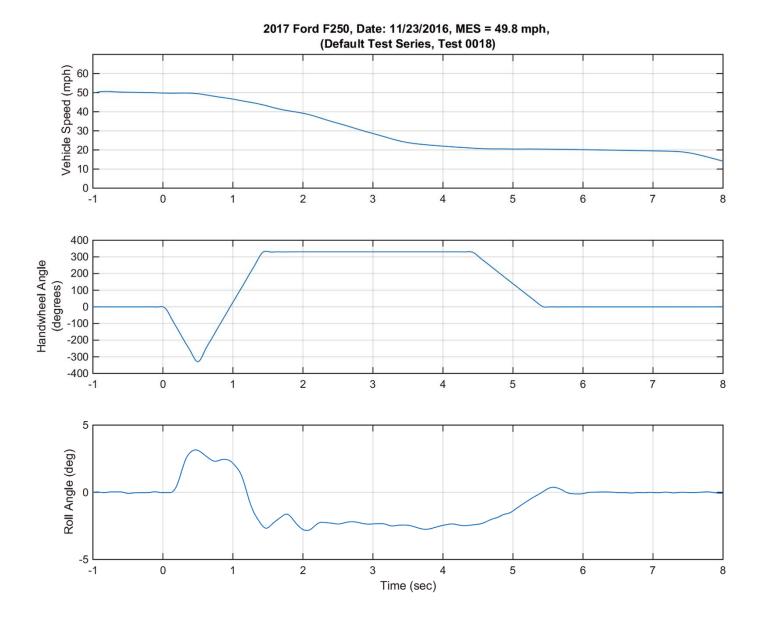


Figure D1. Vehicle Speed, Handwheel Angle, and Roll Angle Time History Plots for Default Test Series, L-R, 50 mph

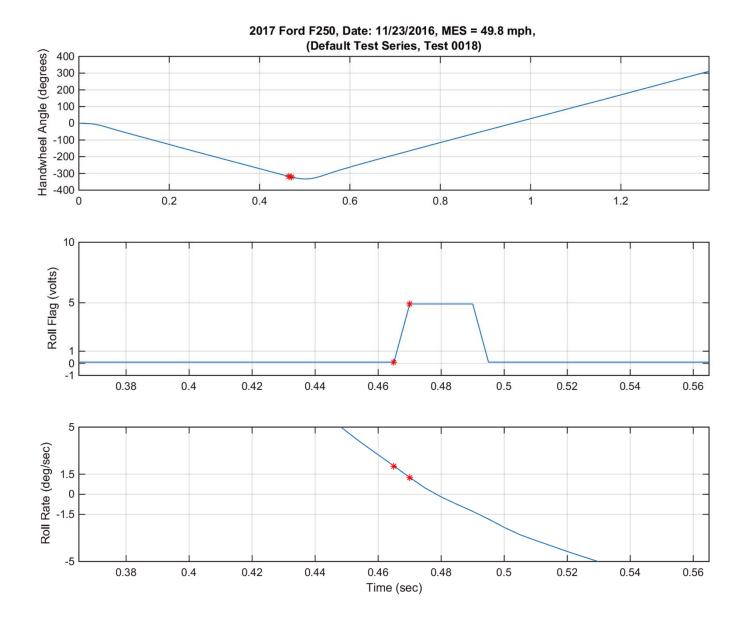


Figure D2. Steering Machine Operation Time History Plots for Default Test Series, L-R, 50 mph

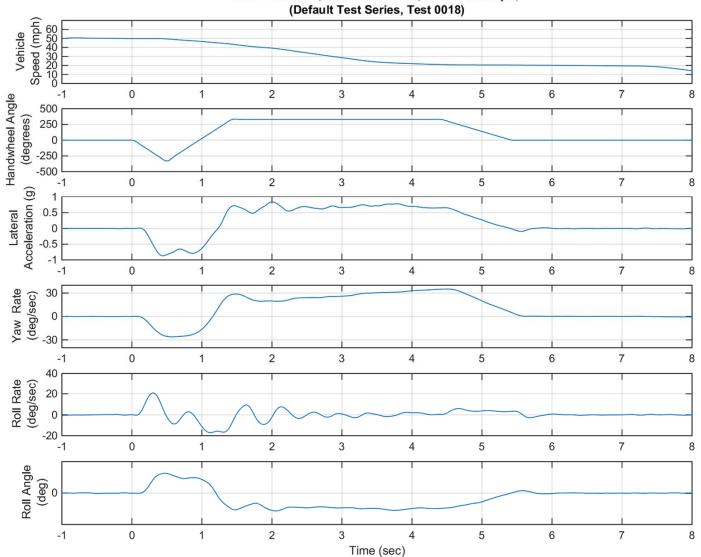


Figure D3. Yaw Rate, Roll Rate, and Lateral Acceleration Time History Plots For Default Test Series, L-R, 50 mph

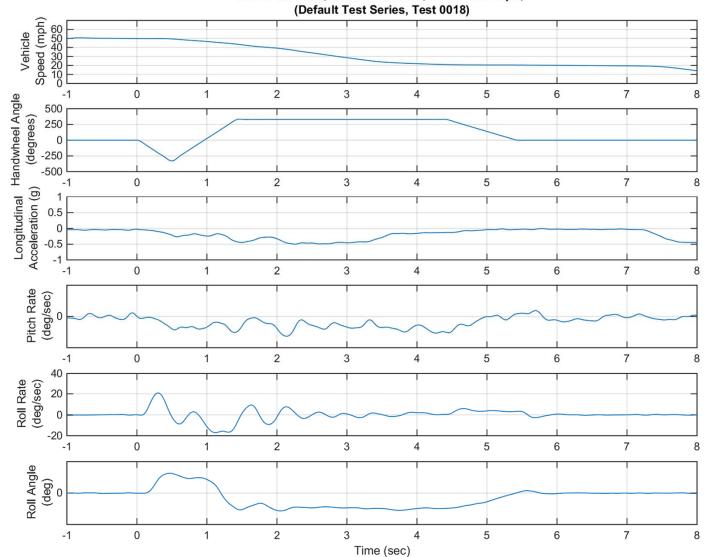


Figure D4. Pitch Rate and Longitudinal Acceleration Time History Plots for Default Test Series, L-R, 50 mph

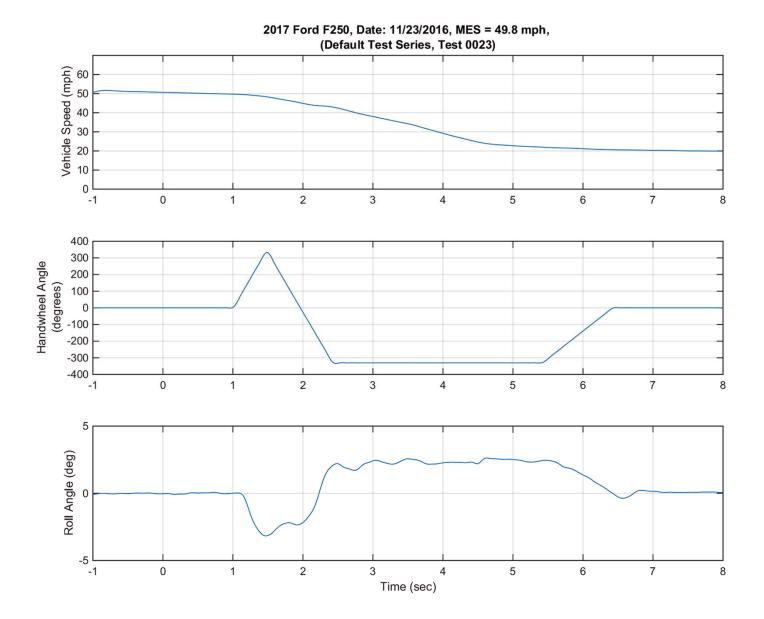


Figure D5. Vehicle Speed, Handwheel Angle, and Roll Angle Time History Plots for Default Test Series, R-L, 50 mph

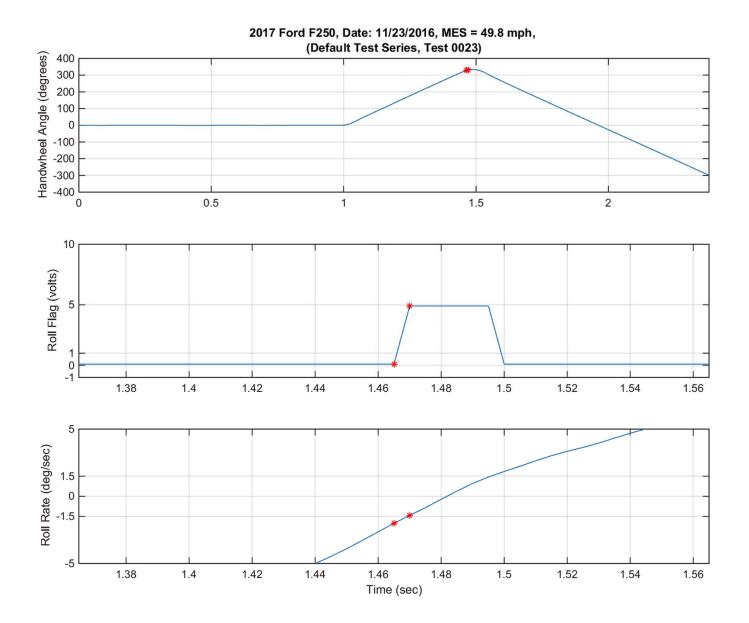


Figure D6. Steering Machine Operation Time History Plots for Default Test Series, R-L, 50 mph

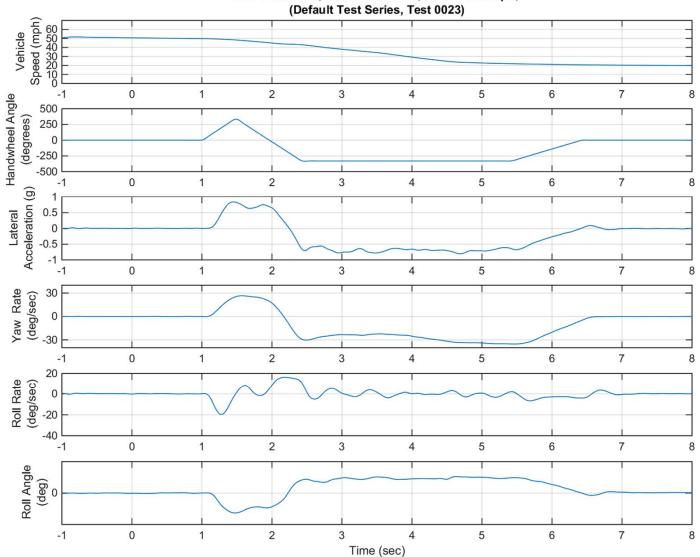


Figure D7. Yaw Rate, Roll Rate, and Lateral Acceleration Time History Plots for Default Test Series, R-L, 50 mph

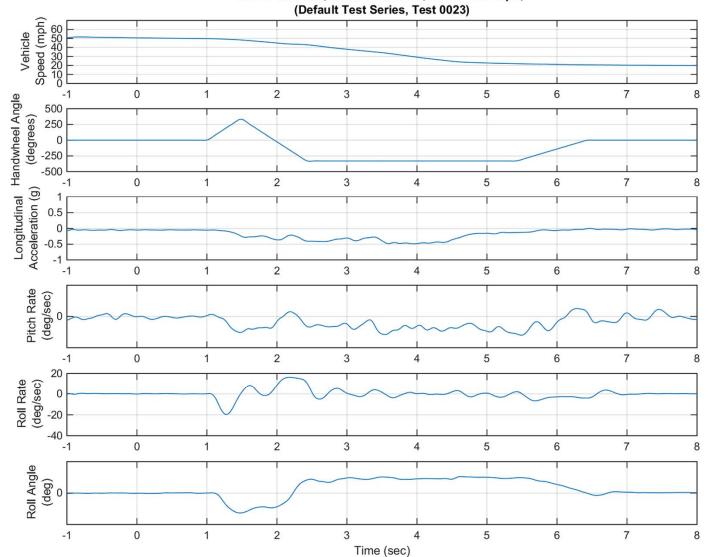


Figure D8. Pitch Rate and Longitudinal Acceleration Time History Plots or Default Test Series, R-L, 50 mph

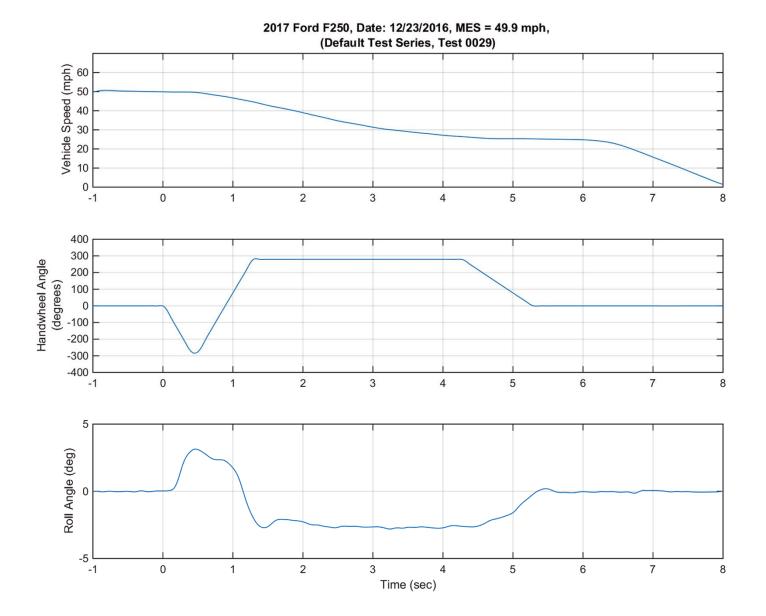


Figure D9. Vehicle Speed, Handwheel Angle, and Roll Angle Time History Plots for Supplemental 2 Test Series, L-R, 50 mph

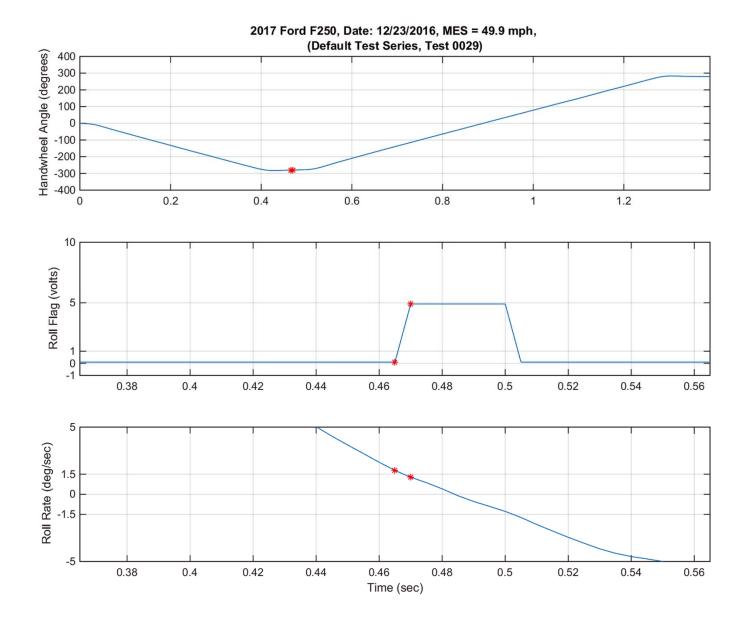


Figure D10. Steering Machine Operation Time History Plots for Supplemental 2 Test Series, L-R, 50 mph

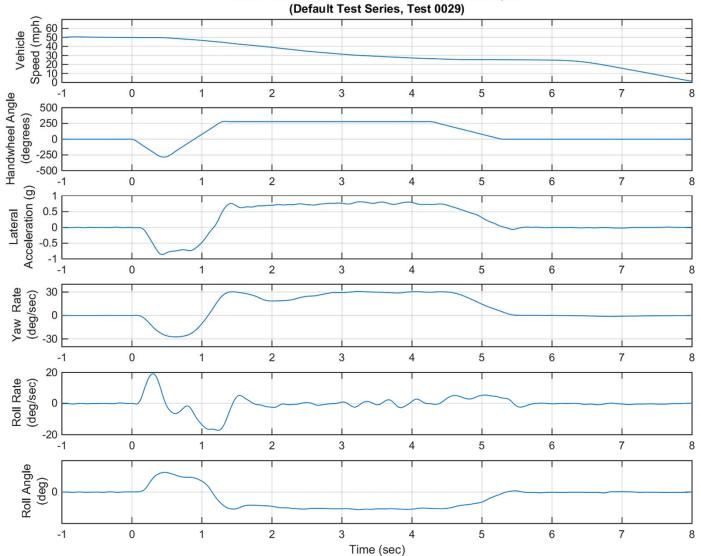


Figure D11. Yaw Rate, Roll Rate, and Lateral Acceleration Time History Plots for Supplemental 2 Test Series, L-R, 50 mph

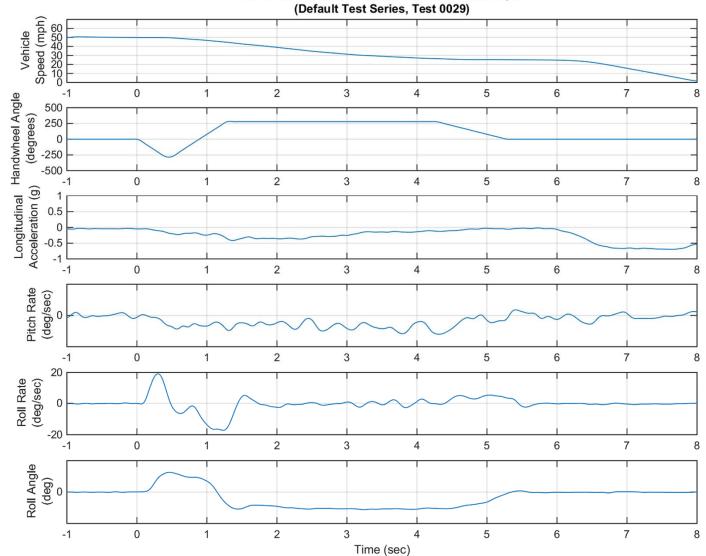


Figure D12. Pitch Rate and Longitudinal Acceleration Time History Plots for Supplemental 2 Test Series, L-R, 50 mph

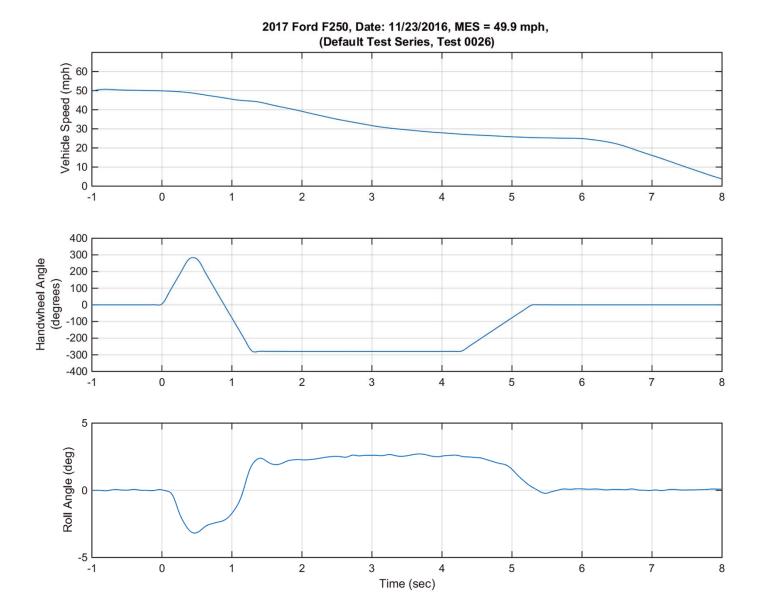


Figure D13. Vehicle Speed, Handwheel Angle, and Roll Angle Time History Plots for Supplemental 2 Test Series, R-L, 50 mph

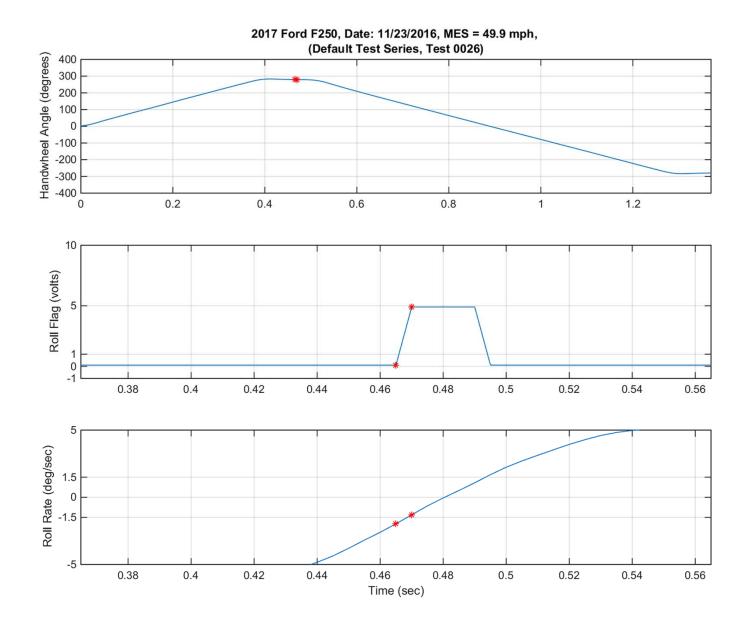


Figure D14. Steering Machine Operation Time History Plots for Supplemental 2 Test Series, R-L, 50 mph

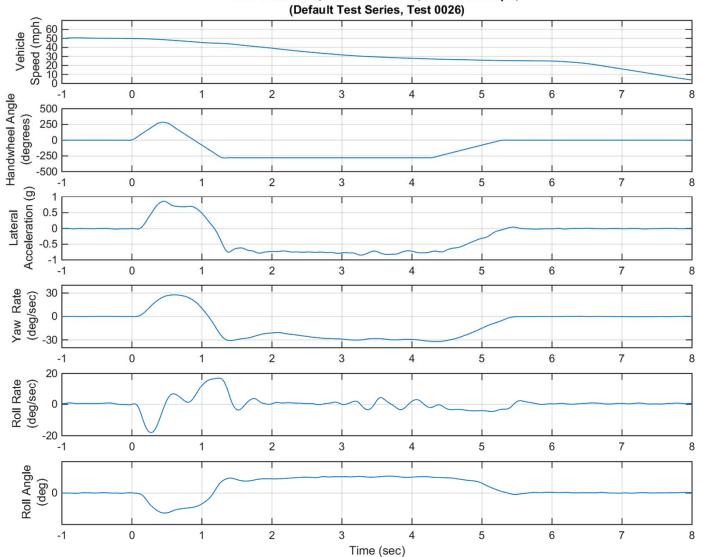


Figure D15. Yaw Rate, Roll Rate, and Lateral Acceleration Time History Plots for Supplemental 2 Test Series, R-L, 50 mph

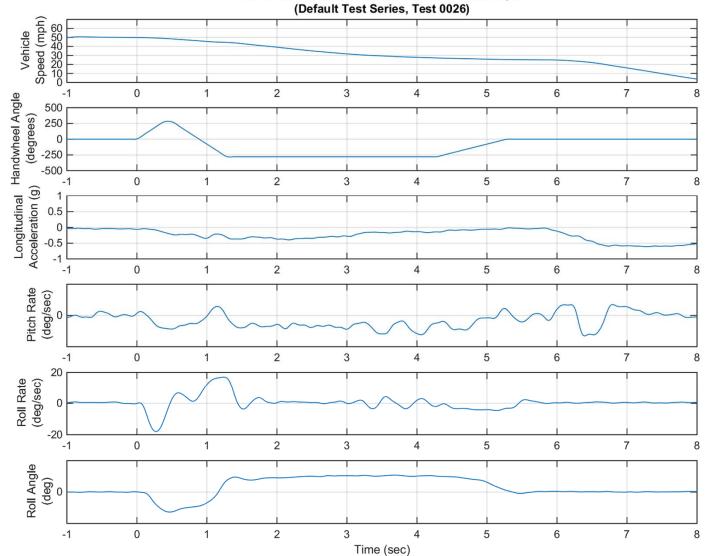


Figure D16. Pitch Rate and Longitudinal Acceleration Time History Plots for Supplemental 2 Test Series, R-L, 50 mph