General Statistics

Fatal Crashes			
2017 34,247			
2016 34,748			
2015 32,538			

Fatalities			
2017 37,133			
2016 37,806			
2015 35,484			

Police-Reported Crashes			
2017	6,452,000		
2016	6,821,000		
2015	6,296,000		

People Injured			
2017 2,746,000			
2016 3,061,000			
2015 2,443,000			

Source: FARS

Source: FARS

Source: GES/CRSS[†]

Source: GES/CRSS[†]

Fatality Rate per 100 Million VMT				
2017 1.16				
2016 1.19				
2015	1.15			

Fatality Rate per					
100,000 Population					
2017	11.40				
2016 11.69					
2015 11.05					

Injury Rate per 100 Million VMT			
2017 85			
2016 96			
2015 79			

Injury Rate per 100,000 Population			
2017 843			
2016	946		
2015	761		

Source: FARS/FHWA

Source: FARS/Census Bureau Source: GES/CRSS†/FHWA

Source: GES/CRSS†/ Census Bureau

Occupant Fatality Rate per 100 Million VMT by Vehicle Type					
	Motor- cycles				
2017	0.94	0.70	0.28	25.67	
2016	0.94	0.74	0.25	25.10	
2015	0.90	0.73	0.24	25.65	

	Rural Versus Urban Fatalities*				
٦	Rural Urban				
1	2017 17,216 (47%)		19,038 (53%)		
┪	2016 18,321 (49%)		19,357 (51%)		
┪	2015 17,715 (50%) 17,573 (50%)				
	Source: FARS *Percentage based on known land use.				

Source: FARS/FHWA

Exposure Data

Vehicle Miles of Travel (Millions) by Vehicle Type						
	Passenger Cars Light Trucks Large Trucks Motorcycles Total*					
2017	1,424,700	1,452,678	297,593	20,149	3,212,347	
2016	1,439,678	1,410,040	287,895	20,445	3,174,408	
2015	1,420,869	1,358,824	279,844	19,606	3,095,373	

Source: FHWA. Passenger car and light truck VMT revised by NHTSA. *Total includes buses.

Registered Vehicles by Vehicle Type						
	Passenger Cars Light Trucks Large Trucks Motorcycles Total*					
2017	132,924,508	135,534,828	12,229,216	8,715,204	290,386,987	
2016	134,827,696	132,052,102	11,498,561	8,679,380	288,033,900	
2015	133,218,366	127,401,053	11,203,184	8,600,936	281,312,446	

Sources: Registered Passenger Cars and Light Trucks—Polk data from R.L. Polk & Co., a foundation of IHS Markit automotive solutions; Registered Large Trucks and Motorcycles—FHWA; Total Registered—Polk data and FHWA. *Total includes buses.

Clock Facts

Fatalities per Day				
2017 102				
2016 103				
2015	97			

Alcohol-Impaired Driving Fatalities per Day				
2017 30				
2016 30				
2015 28				

Pedestrian Fatalities per Day				
2017 16				
2016 17				
2015	15			

Source: FARS

Source: FARS

Source: FARS

People Injured per Day				
2017 7,523				
2016 8,363				
2015	6,693			

Pedestrians Injured per Day				
per Day				
2017 195				
2016 238				
2015 192				

Source: GES/CRSS[†]

Source: GES/CRSS[†]

Alcohol

Alcohol-Impaired Driving Fatal Crashes				
2017 9,926				
2016 9,933				
2015	9,311			

2016	9,933
2015	9,311
Source: FARS	

Alcohol-Impaired Driving Fatalities and Fatality Rate per 100 Million VMT						
	Fatalities Fatality Rate					
2017 10,874		0.34				
2016 10,996		0.35				
2015 10,280		0.33				

Source: FARS/FHWA

Percent of Drivers Involved in Fatal Crashes Who Had a BAC of .08 g/dL or Higher, by Vehicle Type								
	Passenger Cars Light Trucks Large Trucks Motorcycles							
2017	21%	20%	3%	27%				
2016	21%	20%	2%	26%				
2015	21%	21%	2%	26%				

Source: FARS

Percent of Drivers Involved in Fatal Crashes Who Had a BAC of .08 g/dL or Higher, by Age									
	16-20	21-24	25-34	35-44	45-54	55-64	65-74	75+	Total
2017	15%	27%	26%	23%	19%	15%	9%	6%	20%
2016	15%	27%	27%	22%	19%	14%	9%	5%	20%
2015	16%	28%	27%	23%	19%	14%	9%	6%	20%

Source: FARS



Occupant Protection

Nationwide Seat Belt Use Rate				
2017 89.7%				
2016 90.1%				
2015 88.5%				

Source: NOPUS Research Note DOT HS 812 465

Child Restraint Use by Age					
	<1 Year 1-3 Years 4-7 Years 8-12 Years				
2017	97.9%	95.3%	89.4%	86.5%	
2016 — — — —				_	

1,169 (52%) 8,452 (48%)

9,975 (48%)

Source: NSUBS Report 2017 DOT HS 812 617

Data not collected in 2016.

	Passenger Vehicle Occupant Fatalities Who Were Unrestrained*, by Age Group						
	<4 Years	4–7 Years	8-12 Years	13-15 Years	16-20 Years	21+	Total
2017	50 (22%)	64 (36%)	102 (49%)	119 (54%)	1,102 (52%)	8,628 (47%)	10,076 (47%)
2016	45 (21%)	68 (32%)	115 (48%)	128 (61%)	1,228 (54%)	8,921 (48%)	10,514 (48%)

Source: FARS *Where restraint use was known.

| 2015 | 54 (26%) | 71 (37%) |

Children

128 (57%)

93 (43%)

Children (<5 Years Old) Fatalities by Person Type				
	Total Total Occupants Passenger Vehicle Occupants Nonoccupants			
2017	399	306	301	93
2016	400	308	301	92
2015	379	283	277	96

Source: FARS

Children (<5 Years Old) Injured by Person Type				
	Total	Total Occupants	Passenger Vehicle Occupants	Nonoccupants
2017	54,000	52,000	48,000	2,000
2016	64,000	61,000	60,000	3,000
2015	49,000	47,000	46,000	2,000

Source: GES/CRSS[†]



School Bus

Total School Bus Occupant Fatalities*				
School Bus Special-Use School Bus				
2017	9	3		
2016	10	4		
2015	9	4		

School Bus Occupant (Age 18 and Younger) Fatalities*				
School Bus Special-Use School Bus				
2017	4	0		
2016	7	1		
2015	4	1		

Source: FARS *In school-bus-related crashes.

Source: FARS *In school-bus-related crashes.

	Pedestrian Fatalities (Age 18 and Younger) Struck by School Bus*			
	School Bus Special-Use School Bus			
2017	1	0		
2016	5	0		
2015	5	0		

Source: FARS *In school-bus-related crashes.

Motorcycles

Motorcyclist Fatalities		
2017	5,172	
2016	5,337	
2015	5,029	

Source: FARS

Motorcyclist Fatalities Unhelmeted*		
2017	1,947 (39%)	
2016	2,098 (40%)	
2015	1,946 (40%)	

Motorcyclists Injured		
2017	89,000	
2016	104,000	
2015	88,000	

Source: Source: GES/CRSS†

Speeding

Speeding-Related Fatalities		
2017	9,717 (26%)	
2016	10,291 (27%)	
2015	9,723 (27%)	

Source: FARS



^{*}Percent where helmet use was known.

Large Trucks

Fatalities in Crashes Involving Large Trucks		
2017	4,761	
2016	4,369	
2015	4,095	

People Injured in Crashes Involving Large Trucks		
2017	148,000	
2016	134,000	
2015	116,000	

Source: FARS Source: GES/CRSS[†]

Percent of Fatalities in Crashes Involving Large Trucks by Person Type			
	Truck Occupants	Occupants of Other Vehicles	Nonoccupants
2017	18%	72%	10%
2016	17%	73%	11%
2015	16%	74%	10%

Source: FARS

Pedestrians

Pedestrian		
Fatalities		
2017	5,977	
2016	6,080	
2015	5,494	

Fatally Injured Pedestrians* Who Had a BAC of .01 g/dL or Higher			
2017	2,128 (37%)		
2016	2,254 (39%)		
2015	2,003 (38%)		

Pedestrians Injured		
2017	71,000	
2016	87,000	
2015	70,000	

Source: FARS Source: FARS *Age 14 and older.

Source: GES/CRSS[†]

Pedalcyclists

Pedalcyclist Fatalities		
2017	783	
2016	852	
2015	829	

Pedalcyclists Injured			
2017	50,000		
2016	64,000		
2015	45,000		

Source: FARS Source: GES/CRSS[†]

Lives Saved

Lives Saved by Age					
	Seat Belts 5 & Older	Frontal Air Bags 13 & Older	Child Restraints 4 & Younger	Minimum Drinking Age Laws	Motorcycle Helmets
2017	14,955	2,790	325	538	1,872
2016	14,753	2,774	334	556	1,885
2015	14,062	2,597	273	542	1,800

Source: NCSA

Additional Lives Savable by Seat Belts at Higher Use Rates*			
For a 1% Increase	At 95% Use	At 100% Use	
239	1,288	2,549	

Source: NCSA *Compared with 2017 national seat belt use rate of 89.7%.

Leading Cause of Death

Motor vehicle crashes were the leading cause of death for age 10, 11 and 17 through 22 in 2016.

Source: Centers for Disease Control and Prevention, (2016) Leading Cause of Death, WISQARS

Economic and Comprehensive Costs to Society by Type of Crash 2010 Costs (in Billions)

Crash Type	Economic Cost	Comprehensive Cost*
All	\$242	\$836
Alcohol-Impaired	\$44	\$201
Speeding	\$52	\$203

Source: The Economic and Societal Impact of Motor Vehicle Crashes, 2010 (Revised May 2015) DOT HS 812 013 *Previous issues of Quick Facts contained only the economic costs. The total value of societal harm includes economic costs as well as quality of life lost, such as lost market and household productivity. These costs are for reported and unreported crashes.

[†]NHTSA's National Center for Statistics and Analysis (NCSA) redesigned the nationally representative sample of police-reported traffic crashes, which estimates the number of police-reported injury and property-damage-only crashes in the United States. The new system, called the Crash Report Sampling System (CRSS), replaced the National Automotive Sampling System (NASS) General Estimates System (GES) in 2016. CRSS data for both 2016 and 2017 is now available. 2016 and 2017 CRSS estimates and 2015 NASS GES estimates are not comparable due to different sample designs.



