# NEW CAR ASSESSMENT PROGRAM (NCAP) DYNAMIC ROLLOVER RESISTANCE TEST

FCA US LLC

2019 Ram 1500 Crew Cab 4WD

TEST NUMBER: 19-16

Final Report 22 April 2019



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Prepared for:

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An NCAP Dynamic Rollover Maneuver (Fishhook) Test was conducted on a 2019 Ram 1500 Crew Cab 4WD at Dynamic Research, Inc. on April 11, 2019. The vehicle did not experience two-wheel lift. The vehicle's steering angle at 0.3 g lateral acceleration at 50 mph was 32.7 degrees.  17. Key Words  18. Distribution Statement					
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## Section I INTRODUCTION

Beginning with the 2006 fiscal year, the National Highway Traffic Safety Administration (NHTSA) has engaged Dynamic Research, Inc. (DRI) of Torrance, CA to conduct dynamic rollover testing and gather data from that testing as part of NHTSA's New Car Assessment Program (NCAP).

The purpose of the testing reported herein was to determine if a typical 2019 Ram 1500 Crew Cab 4WD would experience tip-up, defined as simultaneous two-wheel lift of two inches or more at an entry speed of 50 mph or less in the Fishhook Procedure developed by NHTSA. This procedure may be found at www.regulations.gov, docket item NHTSA-2006-26555-0136.

The testing reported herein was accomplished under contract DTNH22-14-D-00332. The task order is entitled, "New Car Assessment Program (NCAP) Non-Destructive Vehicle Testing and Data Gathering."

# Section II VEHICLE PREPARATION

#### A. TEST VEHICLE

The test vehicle was new or in as-new condition, meaning the vehicle had been driven no more than 500 miles prior to the start of dynamic rollover testing. It was acquired through a commercial rental/leasing company. Details of the test vehicle are given in Table 1.

#### B. TIRES

All tires used were new, and of the same make, model, size, and DOT specification of those installed on the vehicle when purchased new. Tire inflation pressures were in accordance with the recommendations indicated on each vehicle's identification placard. To further reduce the possibility of tire debeading, the tires were mounted to the rims without the use of tire mounting lubricant. Tire specifications are listed in Table 2.

#### C. VEHICLE LOADING

The multi-passenger load, described in the Fishhook Procedure, was used for all tests. The load and positioning of the load in the vehicle are listed in Table 3.

In addition to water dummies, the loading included instrumentation, a steering machine, and outriggers. Test vehicle bumper assemblies were removed for outrigger installation. The reduction in vehicle weight due to the removal of the bumpers was offset by the additional weight of the outriggers and their mounting system. The outrigger system typically outweighs the bumper assemblies.

Table 1. Test Vehicle Data

	General	Data			
Model year, make, model	2019 Rar	m 1500 Cre	w Cab 4WD	)	
VIN	1C6RRFBGXKN64xxxx				
Body style	Truck Cre	w Cab			
Number of doors	4				
Trim level	Big Horn (	Quad Cab 4	x4		
Seating positions	Front:	2 <sup>nd</sup> row	3 <sup>rd</sup> row	4 <sup>th</sup> row	5 <sup>th</sup> row
	3	3	0	0	0
Electronic stability control	Yes	1			
4-Wheel ABS (Yes/No)	Yes				
Power steering (Yes/No)	Yes				
Major optional equipment	Coat Exte	rior Paint			
Odometer at start of testing	65 miles				
	Drivetra	ain			
Engine cylinder arrangement	V-6				
Engine displacement	3.6 L				
Transmission type	Automatic	;			
Drive arrangement	4WD				
	Chass	is			
Track width	F: 67.75 ir	n (1720.8 m	m) , R: 67.	75 in (1720	).8 mm)
Wheelbase	140.88 in (3578.4 mm)				
Curb weight	ht 4989 lb (2263 kg)				
Certificatio	n Data fror	n Vehicle's	Label		
Vehicle manufactured by	FCA US L	.LC			
Date of manufacture	9-18				
GVWR	6800 lb	(3084 kg)			
GAWR Front	3900 lb (1769 kg)				
GAWR Rear	4100 lb	(1860 kg)			

Table 2. Tire Information

Tire Manufacturer	Goodyear
Tire Model	Wrangler Fortitude HT
Tire Size	Front: 275/65R18 Rear: 275/65R18
Load rating	Front: 116 Rear: 116
Speed rating	Front: T Rear: T
Treadwear grade	Front: 680 Rear: 680
Traction grade	Front: A Rear: A
Temperature grade	Front: B Rear: B
Location of "Recommended Tire Pressure" label	Driver's door jamb
Recommended cold tire pressure	Front: 36 psi, (250 kPa) Rear: 36 psi, (250 kPa)
First 8 digits of DOT code	Front: 4BYJ JK1R Rear: 4BYJ JK1R

Table 3. Vehicle Loading

Water dummy and other loading	3 water dummies in second row		
Water dummy weight	175 lb (79.4 kg)		
Fuel level	Full		
Weight as Tested			
Left front	1750 lb (793.8 kg)		
Right front	1588 lb (720.3 kg)		
Left rear	1322 lb (599.6 kg)		
Right rear	1314 lb (596 kg)		

#### D. STEERING CONTROLLER

Precise controlled steering is accomplished using a steering machine designed and constructed by DRI. DRI has used its Automated Vehicle Controller (AVC) steering machine for many vehicle tests including FMVSS 126 tests. It can provide up to 65 ft-lb torque and rates over 1300 deg/sec. The integrated angle encoder has an unlimited range with a resolution of 0.045 degrees and an accuracy of ±0.045 degrees. The steering motor is controlled by a MicroAutoBox II from dSPACE, which also acts as the data acquisition system.

#### E. REAL-TIME CONTROLLER AND DATA ACQUISITION

Data acquisition is achieved using a MicroAutoBox II from dSPACE, which also serves as the real-time system for the steering controller. Data from the Oxford IMU, including Longitudinal, Lateral, and Vertical Acceleration, Roll, Yaw, and Pitch Rate, Forward and Lateral Velocity, Roll and Pitch Angle, are sent over Ethernet to the Micro AutoBox. The Oxford IMUs are calibrated per the manufacturer's recommended schedule (Table 5). The MicroAutoBox II specifications are:

Model: D-Space Micro-Autobox II 1401/1513

Base Board SN 549068 I/O Board SN 588523

Two video cameras were used to record the Fishhook runs. They were positioned nominally as shown in Figure 1. The recorded videotapes were reviewed after the Fishhook runs to check for any two wheel lift. If any two wheel lift was observed, eight infrared distance-measuring sensors for measurement of wheel lift (two sensors at each wheel) were then mounted for use in subsequent confirmation Fishhook tests.

#### F. EQUIPMENT WEIGHT

Table 4 lists the equipment and associated weights outlined in the NHTSA Laboratory Test Procedure for Dynamic Rollover and the equipment at DRI used for this specific test program. The equipment used at DRI for this test program differs slightly from the equipment that was previously used by NHTSA for rollover testing. Because DRI's equipment is lighter than NHTSA's equipment, DRI uses ballast to maintain a consistent weight and weight distribution in the vehicle.

Table 4. Weight of In-Cab Test Equipment

Equipment	nt Location		/eight	
		NHTSA*	DRI	
Data Acquisition System	Front passenger seat	58		
Steering Machine	Handwheel	31	31	
Steering Machine Electronics Box	Passenger row foot well behind the front passenger seat. If vehicle does not have a rear passenger row foot well, the Electronics Box should be placed in the front passenger seat foot well.	39		
MABX, and laptop	Front passenger seat		21	
Motor control and power supply	Front passenger footwell		26	
Ballast	Front passenger footwell		50	
	Total	128	128	

<sup>\*</sup> Table A.1 from US DOT NHTSA - Laboratory Test Procedure for Dynamic Rollover - The Fishhook Maneuver Test Procedure - New Car Assessment Program (NCAP) - March 2013

#### G. SENSORS

A list of the sensors is given in Table 5.

#### H. OTHER VEHICLE PREPARATION

In addition to installation and preparation discussed above, the test vehicle was prepared as follows:

- Front and rear bumpers were removed
- Outrigger mounts were installed in the bumper locations and titanium outriggers were fastened to these mounts
- Airbags were removed or otherwise disabled
   Photographs of the vehicle tested are given in Appendix A.

Table 5. Sensors

Measured Variable	Sensor	Range	Resolution	Accuracy	Specifics	Serial Number	Calibration
Vehicle Tire Pressure	Tire Pressure Gauge	0-100 psi 0-690 kPa	0.01 psi 6.89 kPa	< 1% error between 20 and 100 psi	Omega DPG8001	17042707002	By: DRI Date: 6/21/2018 Due: 6/21/2019
Vehicle Total,	Platform Scales (Minter)	1200 lb/platform 5338 N/platform	1 lb 4.4 N	0.5% of applied load	Intercomp SWI	1110M206352	By: DRI Date: 1/3/2019 Due: 1/3/2020
Wheel, and Axle Load	Platform Scales (Torrance)	1500 lb/platform 6672 N/platform	1 lb 4.4 N	0.5% of applied load	Intercomp SWI	24032361	By: DRI Date: 12/11/2018 Due: 12/11/2019
Handwheel Angle	Steering Angle Encoder (Automated Steering Controller)	±800 deg	0.045 deg	±0.045 deg	DRI Automatic Vehicle Controller using D-Space Micro- Autobox II	NA	Verified by DRI at installation <sup>1</sup>
Longitudinal, Lateral, and Vertical Acceleration Roll, Yaw, and Pitch Rate, Forward and Lateral Velocity, Roll and Pitch Angle	Multi-Axis Inertial Sensing System	Accels ± 10g, Angular Rate ±100 deg/s, Angle >45 deg, Velocity >200 km/h	Accels .001g, Angular Rate 0.01 deg/s, Angle 0.05 deg, Velocity 0.1 km/h	Accels .01g, Angular Rate 0.05 deg/s, Angle 0.05 deg, Velocity 0.1 km/h	Oxford Inertial +	2176	By: Oxford Technical Solutions Date: 4/11/2018 Due: 4/11/2020

<sup>1 .</sup> The steering encoder is checked prior to beginning tests to verify that there are no faults. The steering controller is installed in the vehicle and the steering wheel is turned through two complete revolutions while recording data. The data are then reviewed for any dropouts or other nonlinearities that would indicate dust intrusion or faulty sectors.

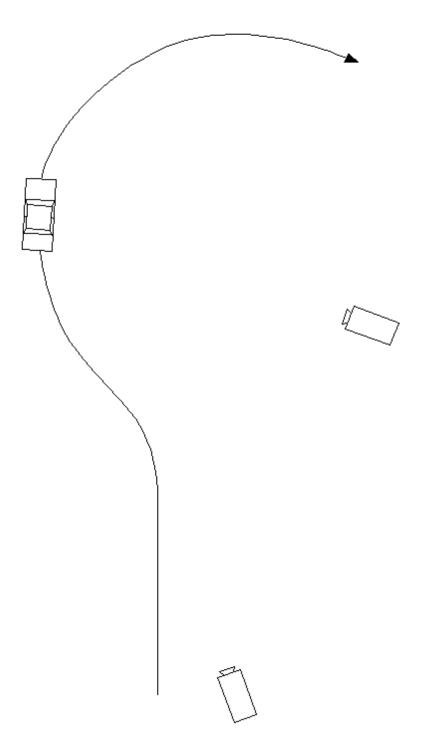


Figure 1. Nominal Position of Video Cameras for Fishhook Tests

# Section III TEST PROCEDURES

This section includes a general overview of the test procedures and details of the particular test.

#### A. TEST PROCEDURE OVERVIEW

This test was conducted in accordance with NHTSA's NCAP Rollover Resistance Test Procedure (Fishhook) as described in the Federal Register (68 FR 59250). Detailed descriptions of the test procedure, pass/fail criteria, and data acquisition specifications may be found at docket NHTSA-2001-9663.

There are two major components of the test procedure, the Slowly Increasing Steer (SIS) pre-test and the Fishhook test.

The Slowly Increasing Steer (SIS) maneuver was used to characterize the steady state lateral dynamics of each vehicle, and is based on the "Constant Speed, Variable Steer" test defined in SAE J266. The maneuver is used to determine the handwheel angle that produces a lateral acceleration of 0.3 g at 50 mph. This handwheel angle is then used to determine the magnitude of steering to be used for the NHTSA Fishhook maneuver.

SIS tests were performed at a constant speed of 50 mph. Handwheel angle was input at a rate of 13.5 deg/sec, from 0 to an angle that provided at least 0.55 g. Three tests were conducted in each direction, and the data for the six runs were averaged to obtain the handwheel angle that produced 0.3 g at 50 mph.

The Fishhook test is a programmed steering maneuver that is implemented via the steering controller. The vehicle was initially steered in one direction and then the steering was reversed. The timing, magnitude, and rate of the steering were prescribed by the Fishhook Procedure.

To begin the maneuver, the vehicle was driven in a straight line at a speed slightly greater than the desired entrance speed. The driver then released the throttle. When the vehicle was at the target speed, the steering controller automatically initiated the steering maneuver. Following completion of the steering reversal the handwheel position was maintained for three seconds, and then returned to zero angle in 1 second.

The tests were conducted in both left-right and right-left directions. The "Default" test series used a handwheel angle equal to 6.5 times the handwheel angle that produced 0.3 g at 50 mph in the SIS tests, and initial vehicle speeds beginning at 35 mph and concluding up to 50 mph (if no two-wheel lift occurs). Supplemental tests were also done, as specified in the Fishhook Procedure.

#### B. TEST CONDITIONS

#### 1. Test Surface

The tests were conducted on the Vehicle Dynamics Area at DRI's Minter Field facility, located near Bakersfield, California, on 4/11/2019. The VDA has a smooth, flat (slope less than 0.5% throughout) asphaltic concrete surface. Its dimensions are as shown in Figure 2. It was built in the spring of 2005.

VDA surface friction measurements were accomplished using the DRI Mobile Tire Tester. Three runs were done, one at each of three previously determined locations. Each run provided for a minimum of 3 seconds of tire friction at constant normal load, slip angle, and speed in a free rolling condition. The test was accomplished using an ASTM E1136 tire with an inflation pressure of 35 ( $\pm$ 0.5) psi at a test speed of 40 ( $\pm$ 0.5) mph. The net slip angle of the test tire for each test run was 7.5 deg. The test tire was no older than 6 months from the date of manufacture. The surface friction measurement results are shown in Table 6.

Table 6. Surface Friction

Date of surface friction measurements	4/10/2019
Average normalized lateral force	0.817

#### 2. Fishhook Handwheel Angles

The 0.3 g handwheel angle obtained from the SIS tests and the handwheel angles used in the Fishhook tests are shown in Table 7.

Table 7. Handwheel Angles

0.3 g handwheel angle (from SIS tests at 50 mph)	32.7°
5.5 scalar handwheel angle for Fishhook Test	180°
6.5 scalar handwheel angle for Fishhook Test	213º

### 3. Weather Conditions

The weather conditions, recorded at the end of testing, are shown in Table 8.

Table 8. Weather Conditions

Ambient temperature	55.4° F ( 13° C)
Wind Speed	0 mph (0 m/s)
Wind Direction	0

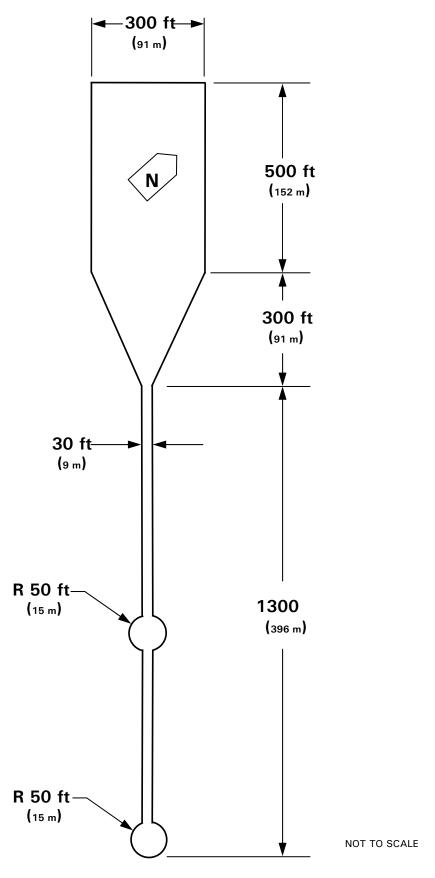


Figure 2. DRI-Minter Vehicle Dynamics Area

# Section IV RESULTS

The test run log is given in Appendix B. The Slowly Increasing Steer Test Worksheet is given in Appendix C. Appendix D contains time history plots for the 50 mph runs and any runs which resulted in two-wheel lift. For the 2019 Ram 1500 Crew Cab 4WD, there was no two-wheel lift at any test condition.

APPENDIX A

Photographs

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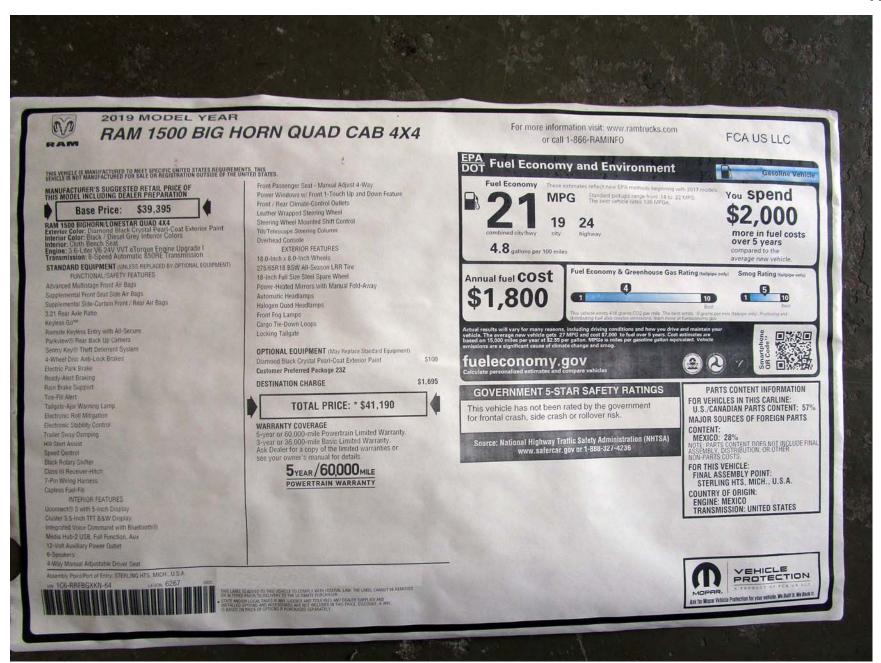


Figure A1. Window Sticker



Figure A2. Front View, Test Vehicle as Delivered



Figure A3. Rear View, Test Vehicle as Delivered

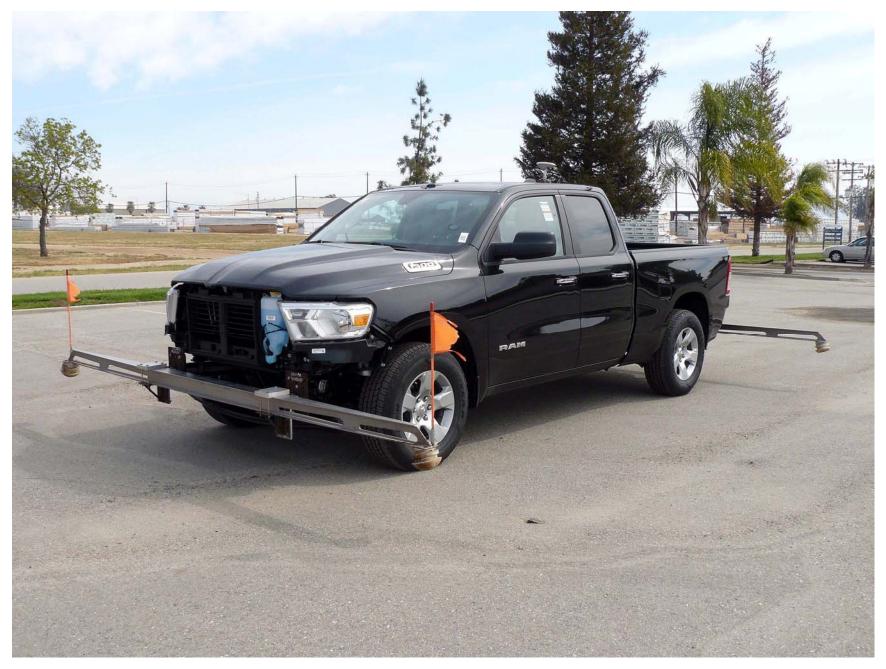


Figure A4. Front View, Test Vehicle in Test Condition



Figure A5. Rear View, Test Vehicle in Test Condition



Figure A6. Certification Label

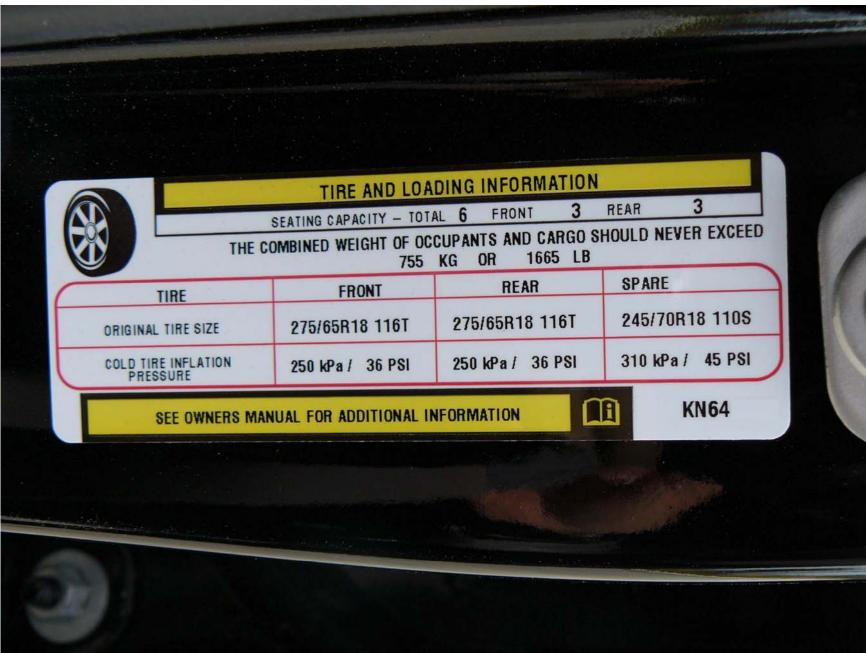


Figure A7. Tire Placard



Figure A8. Instrumentation in Test Vehicle



Figure A9. Steering Computer and Computer



Figure A10. Ballast Condition

APPENDIX B

Test Run Log

Test Date: 4/11/2019

2019 Ram 1500 Crew Cab Vehicle: 4WD

Driver:

Jonathan Robel

Run Number	Test Type	Speed (mph)	Handwheel Angle (deg)	Dir. of First Steer	2 Wheel Lift	Notes
1	Tire Warm-Up	35	70	Right	NA	
2		"	"	"	II	
3		"	"	"	"	
4		"	"	"	"	
5	2x SWA last cycle	"	11	"	II	
6	Static	0	0	"	"	
7	Steady State	50	0	"	"	
8	Slowly Increasing Steer	50	60	Left	NA	speed
9		"	"	Left	"	
10		"	"	Left	"	
11		"	"	Left	"	
12		"	"	Right	II .	
13		"	"	Right	"	
14		"	"	Right	"	
15	6.5 Scalar Fishhook	35	213	Left	No	
16	II .	40	"	"	"	
17	II .	45	н	11	11	

Test Date: 4/11/2019

2019 Ram 1500 Crew Cab Vehicle: 4WD

Driver: Jonathan Robel

Run Number	Test Type	Speed (mph)	Handwheel Angle (deg)	Dir. of First Steer	2 Wheel Lift	Notes
18	11	47.5	"	II	II	
19	11	50	"	"	"	
20	5.5 Scalar Fishhook	45	180	Left	No	
21	11	47.5	"	II .	II	
22	11	50	"	II .	II	
23	6.5 Scalar Fishhook	35	213	Right	No	
24	II	40	"	"	"	
25	II	45	"	II	II	
26	11	47.5	"	II .	II	
27	11	50	"	"	II	
28	5.5 Scalar Fishhook	45	180	Right	No	
29	11	47.5	"	II .	II	
30	II	50	11	"	"	

# APPENDIX C

Slowly Increasing Steer Test Worksheet

NCAP, 2019 Ram 1500 Crew Cab 4WD , Multi-Passenger Load, Test Date: 4/11/2019 SIS\_out\_v2

Run	Dir of Steer	Start Speed (mph)	End Speed (mph)	Speed Red. (%)	Index of ay @ 0.3g	HW Angle (deg) at 0.3g	ay (g) @ 0.3g index	6.5x HW Angle (deg)	Ramp Time (sec) at 6.5x	5.5x HW Angle (deg)	Ramp Time (sec) at 5.5x	R2	Zero Begin Index	Zero End Index
9	1	49.9	0.1	99.9	1288	-32.4	-0.299	-210.9	-0.2929	-178.5	-0.2479	0.9958	600	800
10	1	49.5	-0.1	100.2	1292	-32.7	-0.295	-212.8	-0.2955	-180	-0.2501	0.9962	600	800
11	1	50.1	-0.1	100.1	1290	-32.6	-0.311	-211.9	-0.2942	-179.3	-0.2490	0.9946	601	800
12	0	49.7	1.2	97.6	1295	32.9	0.311	214.1	0.2974	181.2	0.2516	0.9946	600	800
13	0	50.2	0.8	98.4	1292	32.7	0.307	212.7	0.2954	179.9	0.2499	0.9968	601	800
14	0	50.0	1.8	96.3	1289	32.6	0.308	211.7	0.2940	179.1	0.2487	0.9967	601	800

Mean: 32.7 0.305 212 0.295 180 0.25

## Steering Controller Input Values

Scalar 6.5 values:

Initial HW angle: 212 deg
Initial time: 0.295 s
Reversal HW angle: -212 deg
Reversal time: 0.59 s

Scalar 5.5 values:

Initial HW angle: 180 deg
Initial time: 0.25 s
Reversal HW angle: -180 deg
Reversal time: 0.499 s

## APPENDIX D

Time History Plots

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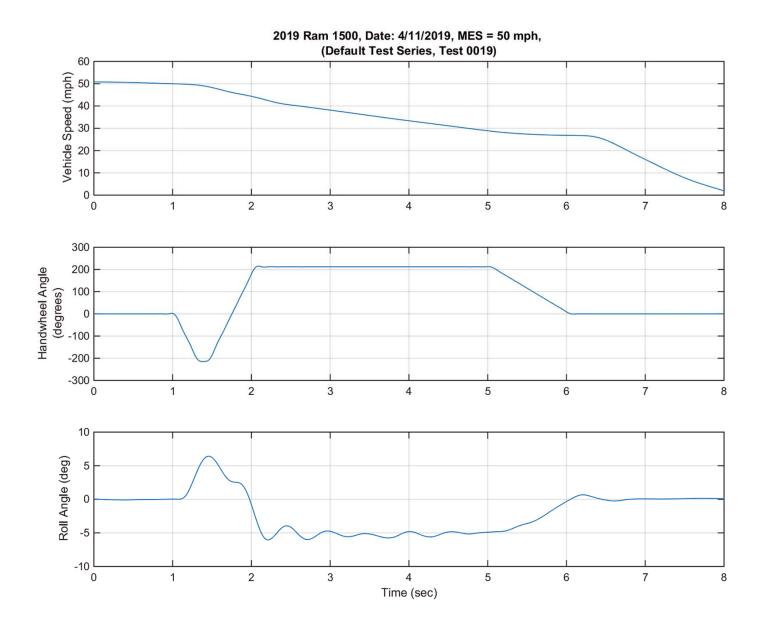


Figure D1. Vehicle Speed, Handwheel Angle, and Roll Angle Time History Plots for Default Test Series, L-R, 50 mph

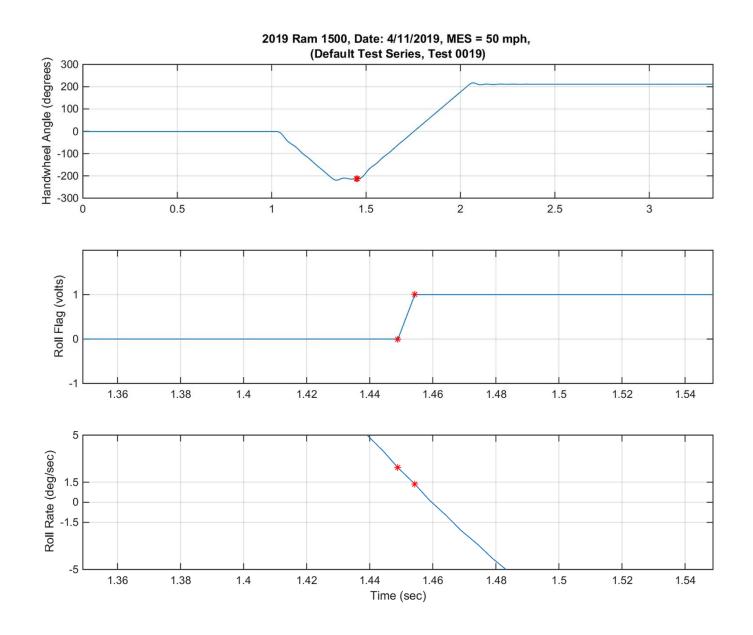


Figure D2. Steering Machine Operation Time History Plots for Default Test Series, L-R, 50 mph

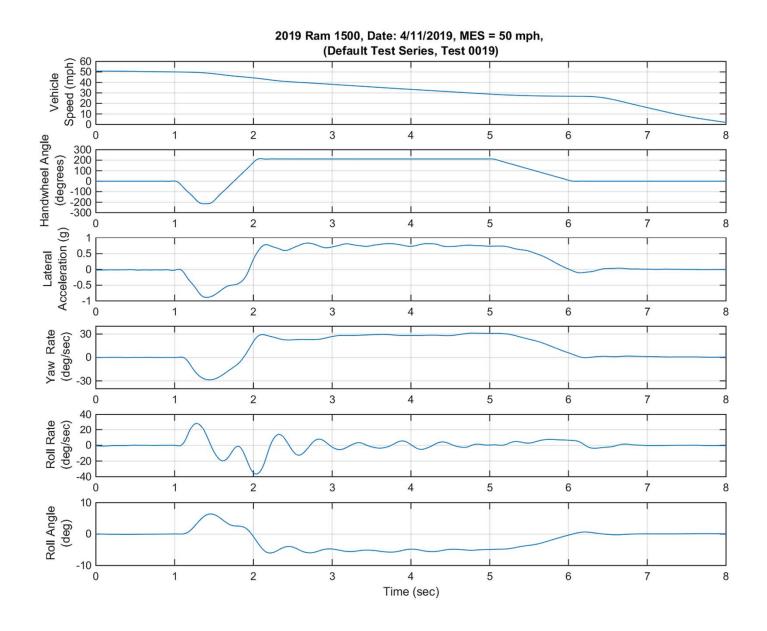


Figure D3. Yaw Rate, Roll Rate, and Lateral Acceleration Time History Plots For Default Test Series, L-R, 50 mph

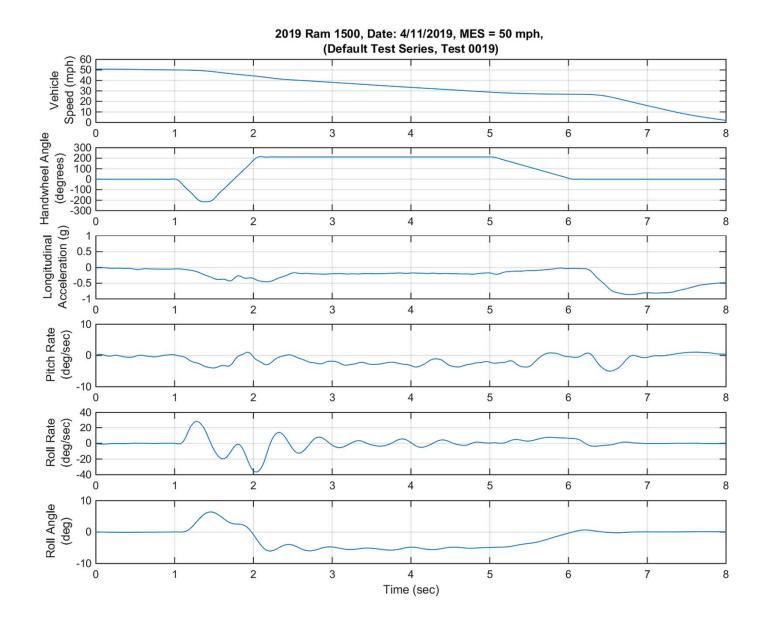


Figure D4. Pitch Rate and Longitudinal Acceleration Time History Plots for Default Test Series, L-R, 50 mph

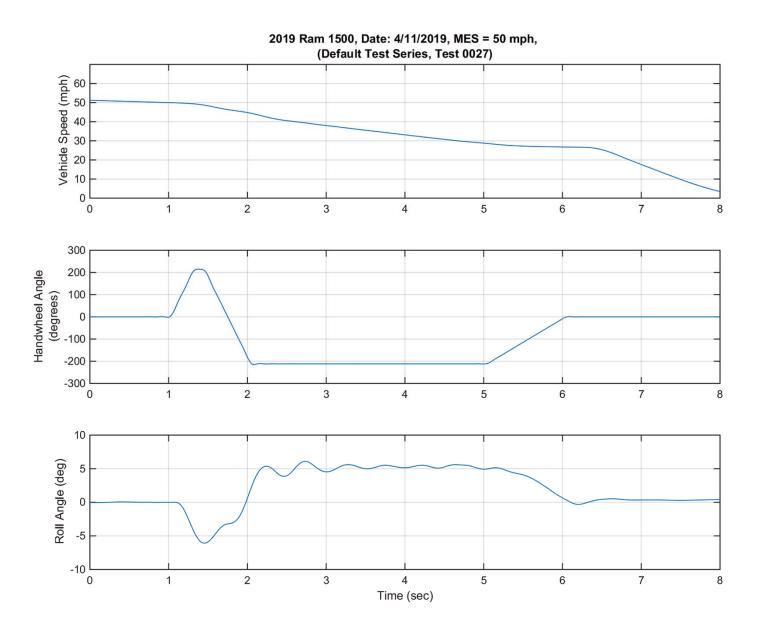


Figure D5. Vehicle Speed, Handwheel Angle, and Roll Angle Time History Plots for Default Test Series, R-L, 50 mph

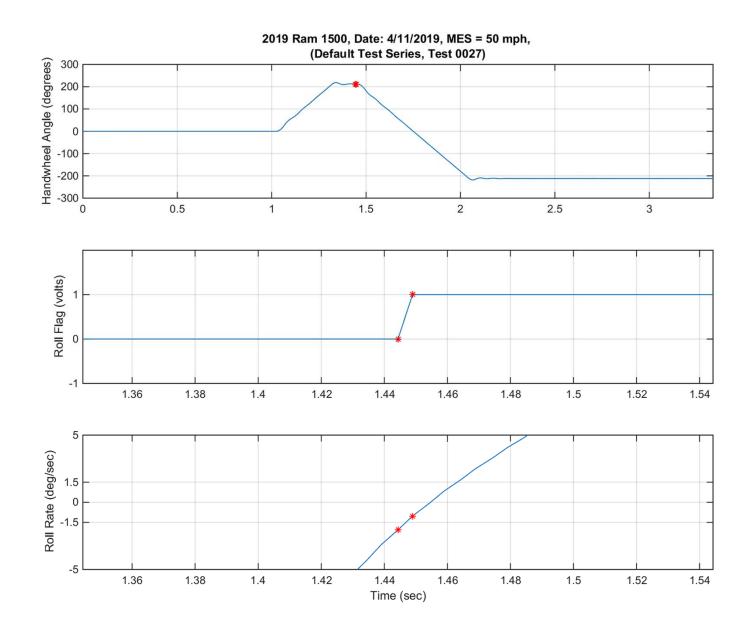


Figure D6. Steering Machine Operation Time History Plots for Default Test Series, R-L, 50 mph

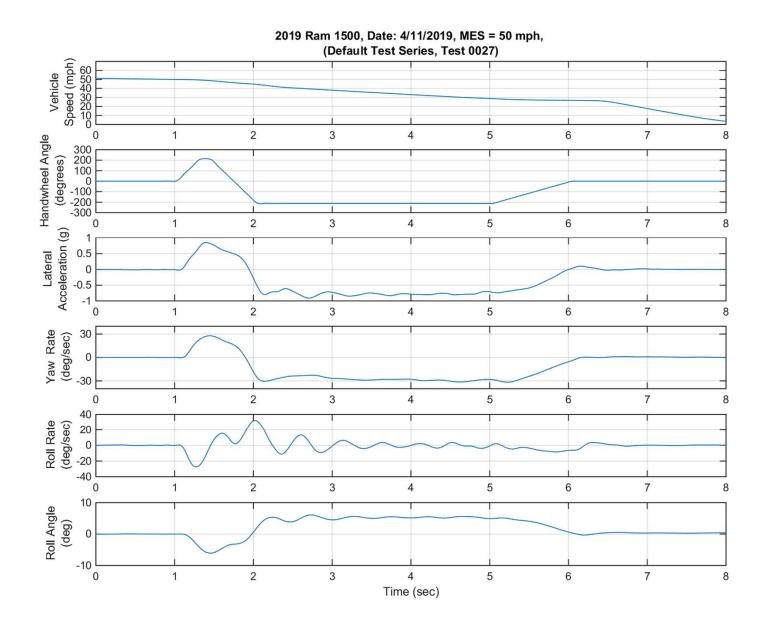


Figure D7. Yaw Rate, Roll Rate, and Lateral Acceleration Time History Plots for Default Test Series, R-L, 50 mph

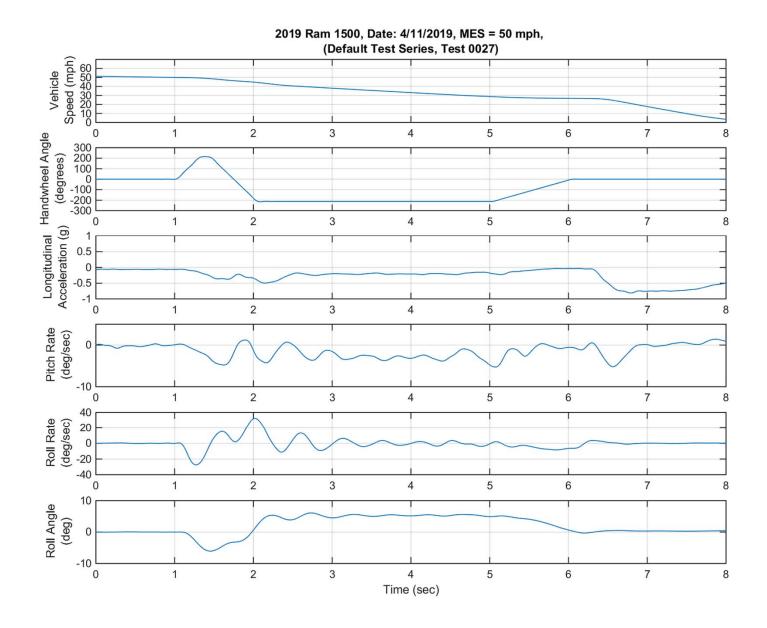


Figure D8. Pitch Rate and Longitudinal Acceleration Time History Plots or Default Test Series, R-L, 50 mph

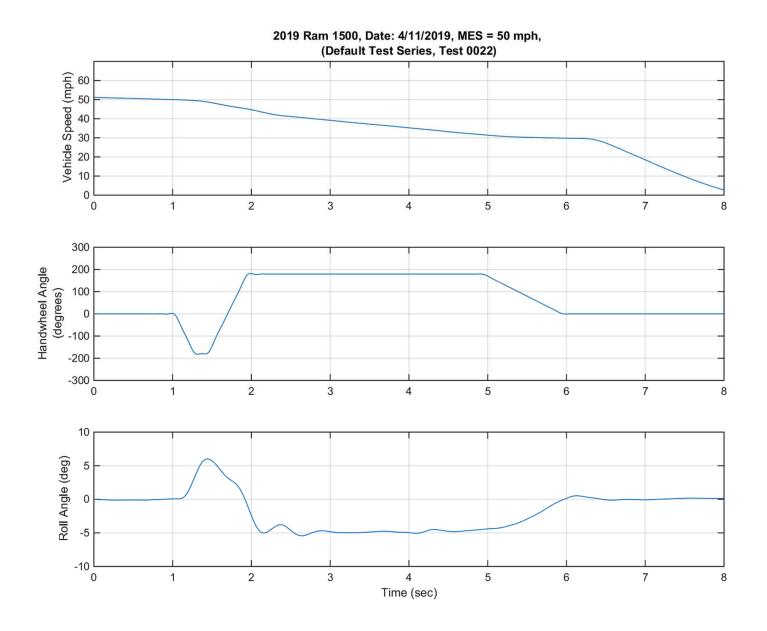


Figure D9. Vehicle Speed, Handwheel Angle, and Roll Angle Time History Plots for Supplemental 2 Test Series, L-R, 50 mph

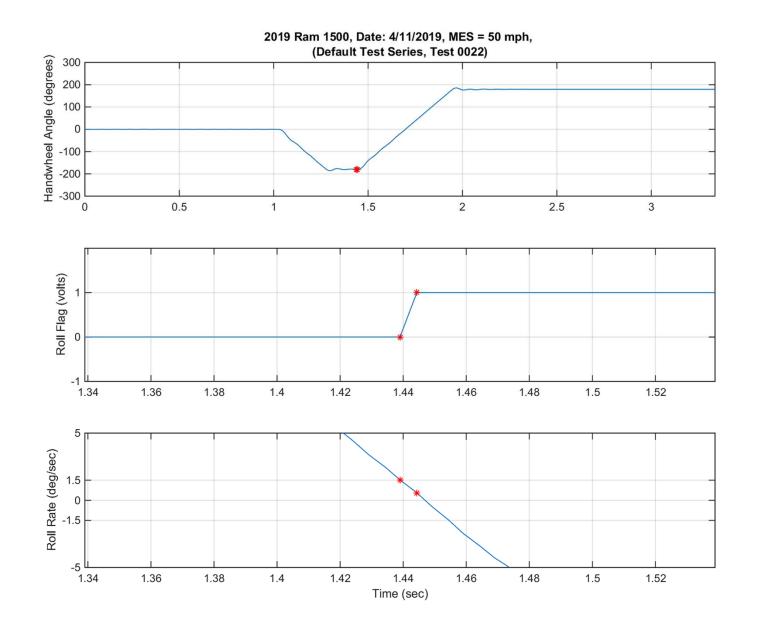


Figure D10. Steering Machine Operation Time History Plots for Supplemental 2 Test Series, L-R, 50 mph

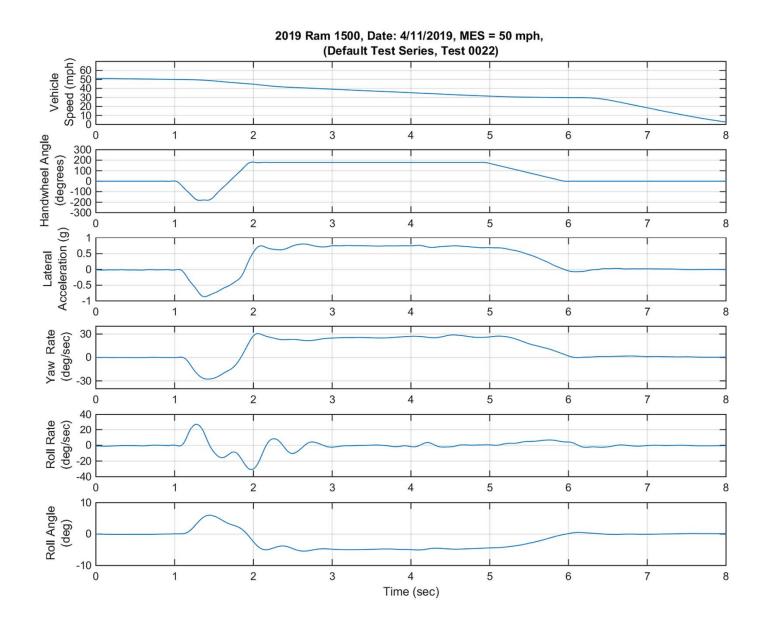


Figure D11. Yaw Rate, Roll Rate, and Lateral Acceleration Time History Plots for Supplemental 2 Test Series, L-R, 50 mph

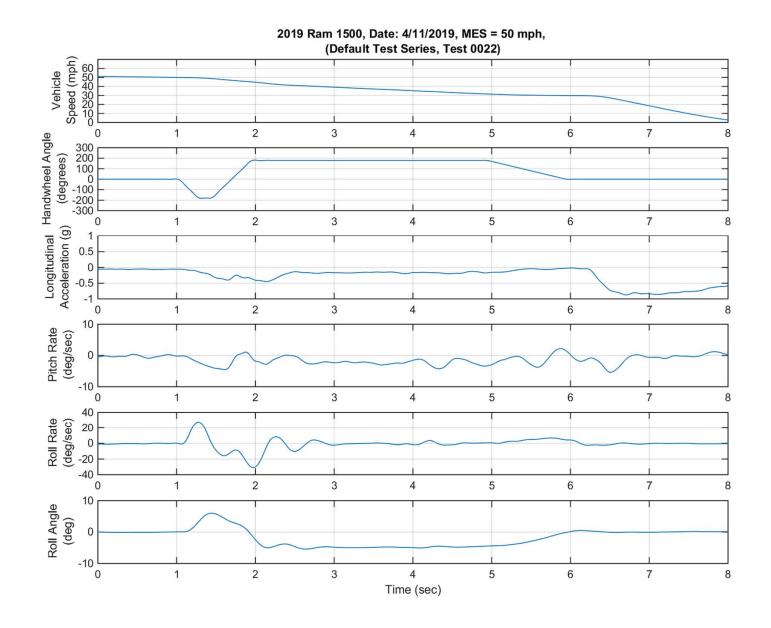


Figure D12. Pitch Rate and Longitudinal Acceleration Time History Plots for Supplemental 2 Test Series, L-R, 50 mph

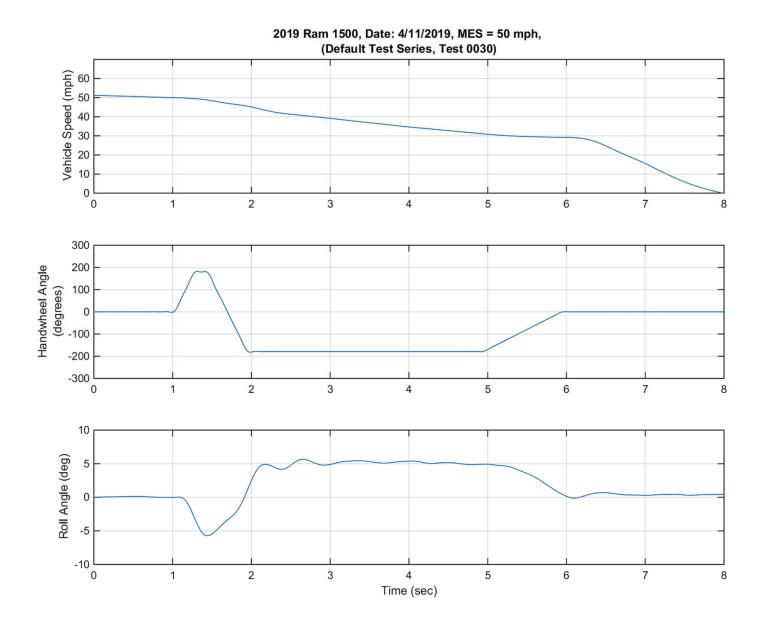


Figure D13. Vehicle Speed, Handwheel Angle, and Roll Angle Time History Plots for Supplemental 2 Test Series, R-L, 50 mph

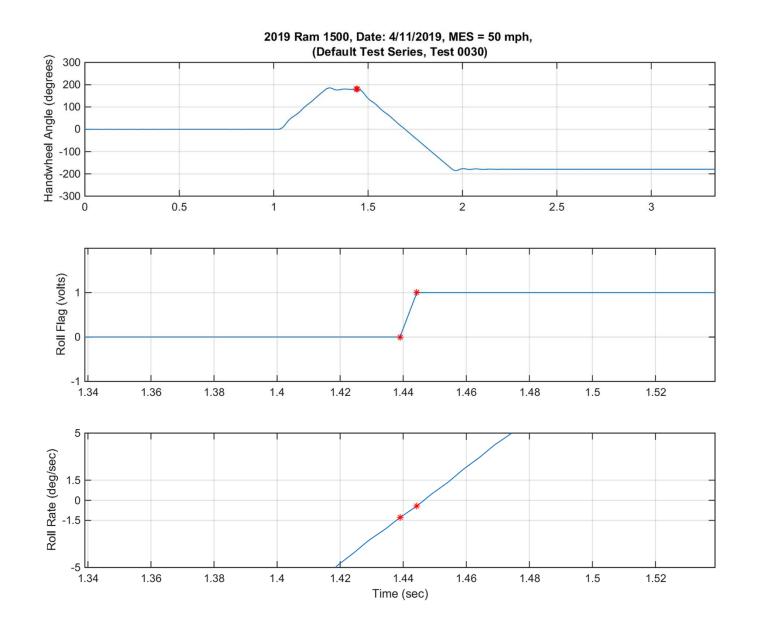


Figure D14. Steering Machine Operation Time History Plots for Supplemental 2 Test Series, R-L, 50 mph

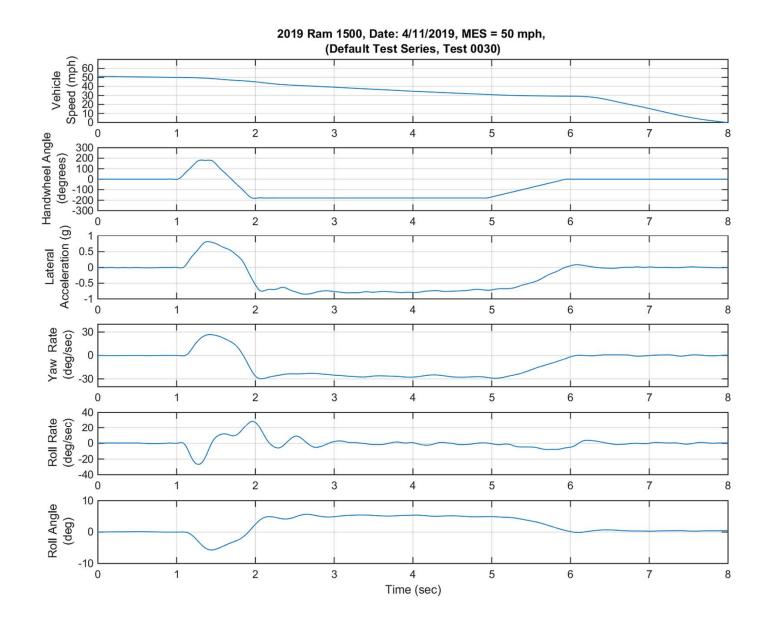


Figure D15. Yaw Rate, Roll Rate, and Lateral Acceleration Time History Plots for Supplemental 2 Test Series, R-L, 50 mph

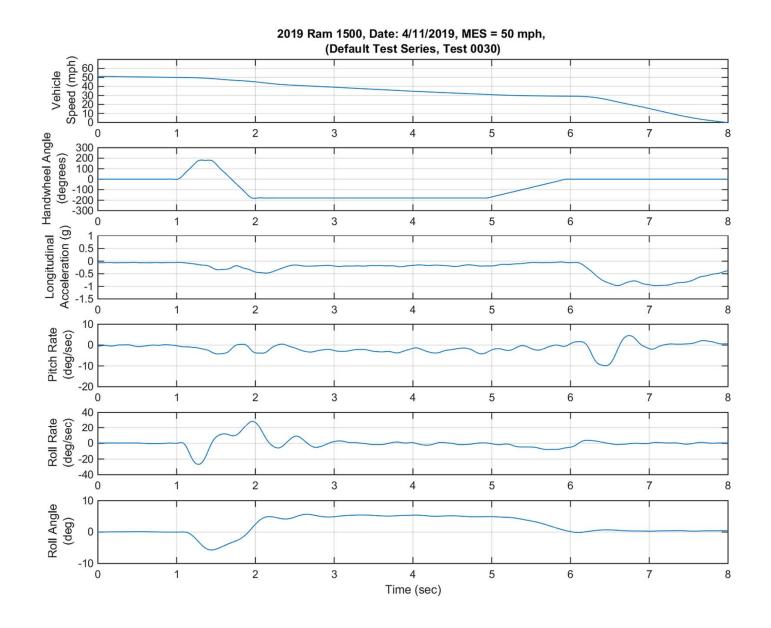


Figure D16. Pitch Rate and Longitudinal Acceleration Time History Plots for Supplemental 2 Test Series, R-L, 50 mph